POLYTECHNIC OF ŠIBENIK SPECIALIST GRAUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

Trg Andrije Hebranga 11 22000 Šibenik



Šibenik, September 2021.

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SYLLABUS

Academic year 2021/2022

Dean of Polytechnic of Šibenik PhD Ljubo Runjić, college prof.

Head of department Management Nikolina Gaćina, MEng, Sen.Lec.

Šibenik, September 2021.

1. REQUIREMENTS AND RESULTS OF THE STUDY PROGRAM

Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management, organized at the Polytechnic of Šibenik, is intended for the education of managers of high-level managerial functions in companies and other business systems and organizations. Due to the significant share of economic educational content, thus educated students can successfully perform all tasks that require knowledge and skills in business economics and management.

Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management is primarily intended for students of Professional Studies of Management, but it is also open to students of other undergraduate studies of our and other higher education institutions who wish to develop their competence in the field of management. Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management can be enrolled by students who have completed professional study or undergraduate study at another higher education institution. During the concept of studies, it is considered that students acquire equal and general competencies, i.e. knowledge, skills, and attitudes, i.e. interpersonal, instrumental and system competencies.

The general competences that the student acquires by completing the studies is the ability to solve problems, analyze, synthesize and evaluate, self-learning and literature research, teamwork, planning and organizing, improve numeracy and digital skills, oral and written business communication, the ability to negotiate in the mother tongue and at least two foreign languages, the ability of creative and critical thinking, generating new ideas, the ability to manage time and fulfill tasks and plans within the deadline.

Throughout the study, students gain the specific knowledge, skills and competences related to managing departments, processes and jobs to middle and upper-level management, strategic planning and cost management, processes, finances business entity or organization, marketing and market research, and the use of quantifiable results and methods for decision making, conflict management and risk management in the business, market positioning, while taking into account the financial and human resources. All listed will the students know to work responsibly, considering the legal and ethical business practices and respect for labor and human rights in a changing legal, economic and technological environment.

Upon completion of the study program the holder of this qualification is entitled to use the legally protected professional title "Specialist of Economy for Management" (spec. oec.) and perform professional tasks within their professions.

2. EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

- 1. Organize and lead the teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of the team's stakeholders
- 2. Individually and responsibly search relevant literature for solutions and conclusions,
- 3. Analyze the business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals
- 4. Analyze and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business
- 5. Use probabilistic models for various discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena, to estimate population parameters, set up a statistical hypothesis test and implement these basic statistical analyses with the support of computer tools
- 6. Critically evaluate existing marketing communications and suggest improvements to the business case and develop the basic skills of forming integrated marketing communications
- 7. Apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support
- 8. Develop a management plan and propose a strategy for the management of protected areas
- 9. Select research method, and conduct market research to interpret the results of the study
- 10. Develop a plan of public procurement and to prepare basic documents for the implementation of an open public procurement procedure
- 11. Build a value system in the enterprise based on business ethics and socially responsible business
- 12. Interpret the process and modeling principle, choose discrete simulation from input data, and create and apply a simulation model using Sigma, Arena and Capsim software packages, and tools such as Excell and ExpertFit
- 13. Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes by using analysis and monitoring of the achieved indicators and results
- 14. Analyze and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia, and propose solutions to stimulate economic prosperity
- 15. Identify the possibility of financing projects from European Union funds and programs and actively participate in tendering and project design
- 16. Identify different problems, risks and risk situations in modern leadership and management, and propose adequate solutions to the problems identified and the mechanisms of risk management based on the analysis of the state enterprises
- 17. Assess the acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques
- 18. Valorize and apply basic legal institutions in the business environment
- 19. Interpret the importance of financial markets for the entire economy, the role and importance of financial intermediaries, and argue the outcomes and consequences of acting asymmetric information on participants in financial markets and business entities
- 20. To anticipate the causes of conflicts in the company and to resolve the conflict by mediation / mediation

3. PROGRESSION THROUGH THE STUDY PROGRAM

The student is required to enroll in the academic year in the enrollment deadlines. A person who does not enter the academic year loses status and rights of a student. The deadlines were published on Polytechnic web sites and newsletters and, if necessary, on Polytechnic publications (brochures, promotional materials, etc.).

When enrolling in the study year, the student enrolls compulsory and elective subjects in worth of minimum 27 to a maximum of 35 ECTS per semester i.e., a minimum of 60 ECTS to 66 ECTS per year, in accordance with the Study Regulations.

- I. Students enroll in a higher academic year if they have obtained at least 50 ECTS from the previous year, as follows: from the previous year, students enroll in all non-admitted subjects and a maximum of 60 ECTS from higher study years.
- II. Students have the right to enroll in a repetition of the study year with partial enrollment of subjects from higher year of study under the following conditions:
 - Partial entry of subjects from the second (2) year of study if they have at least 30 ECTS in the first (1.) study year
- III. If a student has completed at least one of the ECTS credits with 29 or fewer ECTS credits, he or she must enter a repeat of the year in the Academic Calendar as set forth in the academic year for the next academic year.

If the student has passed as many subjects as possible by the end of the academic year whose ECTS value is 29 or less ECTS he/she is obliged to enter a repetition of the year in the deadlines set forth for enrollment in the Academic Calendar for the next academic year.

For economics and rationality, classes for full-time and part-time students are carried out jointly whenever possible given spatial and other conditions.

Students are obliged to complete all the commitments undertaken in the course (seminar papers, exercise protocols, project work, case studies) which the teacher certifies by signing the index at the end of the semester (usually the last teaching week of the semester). The teacher has right to refuse signing the index to a full-time student who is absent from more than 30% of teaching hours.

Part-time student's obligations are created according to the possibilities of their attendance in courses, which must be in accordance with the approved performance plan of the teaching of a particular subject.

The total obligation of the full-time students can be 48 hours a week at most, and not less than 40 hours, of which the most 24 hours a week of active hours. Exceptionally, students' obligations may be greater in the case of increased practical teaching, but not more than two weeks in a row during the semester.

Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management is evaluated with 120 ECTS credits, which are realized through enrollment of the courses.

Before completing the final thesis, the student **must pass all courses**. The total number of credits placed with the final thesis should be **at least 120 ECTS points.**

4. LIST OF LECTURERS WHO TEACH AT SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

NAME AND SURNAME OF THE LECTURER	COURSE	CONTACT E-MAIL	CONSULTATION		
	EMPLOYEES of Polytechnic	of Šibenik			
Anita Grubišić, Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	Cost Management Financial Institution and Markets Controlling	anita@vus.hr	Cabinet 8		
Mr Gina Lugović, Sen.Lec.	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility Management of Conflicts	<u>gina@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 10		
Želimir Mikulić, M.eng., Sen.Lec	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making Business Simulations	zelimir.mikulic@vus.hr	Cabinet 12, 2. flour		
PhD Dijana Mečev , college prof.	Innovation and Technological Strategies Croatian Economy	<u>dijana@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 3		
Ana Perišić , Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	Statistics Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making	<u>sisak@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 24		
MSc Tanja Radić Lakoš , s.le Sen.Lec.	Methods of Scientific Research	<u>tanja@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 11		
Dino Slavica , Master in econ., assistant	Professional Practice	dslavica@vus.hr	Cabinet 11		
Jelena Šišara , Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	Marketing management Market Research	jelena@vus.hr	Cabinet 5		
PhD Frane Urem , college prof.	Economics Information System	frane.urem@vus.hr	Cabinet Dean for Finance (3rd floor)		
PhD Ana Vukičević , college prof.	Strategic Management Professional Practice	ana_u@vus.hr	Cabinet 15		
Jelana Žaja , Master in econ., Lec.	Financial management Operations Management Cost-benefit Analysis	jzaja@vus.hr	Cabinet 3		
	EXTERNAL COLLABOR	ATORS			
PhD Domagoja Buljan Barbača, college prof.	Management of EU Projects	dobuljan@oss	.unist.hr		
Željko Deković, Master in econ., Sen.Lec	Financial Management Operations Management	zeljko.dekovic@gmail.com	Cabinet 3, According to the schedule of lectures and exams		
PhD Zdravko Kedžo, Sen.Lec.	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills Leadership	<u>kedzo@uni</u>	du.hr		
MSc Anita Krolo Crvelin, Sen.Lec	Risk Management	akroloc@oss.	unist.hr		
Anita Rogošić MAcc Fin, Lec.	Management of EU Projects	anita@stim.unist.hr			

5. PLACE OF TEACHING OF SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

Teaching at the Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management is performed at the Polytechnic of Šibenik, in Šibenik, address "Trg Andrije Hebranga 11". In the mentioned location, apart from the service offices, there are 15 lecture halls with a total area of 1320 m².

The premises in which the teaching process takes place provide optimal conditions with regard to the number of enrolled students. The aforementioned space contains spatial capacities that, in keeping with the standards of higher education, enable students to have good quality monitoring and participation in educational activities.

Classes at the Polytechnic take place from Monday to Friday (in exceptional cases on Saturdays in the morning) according to the fix schedule of the lessons published on the notice boards and on the official website of the Polytechnic. In accordance with the requirements of the *Regulation on the content of license and conditions for issuing license to perform activities of higher education, carrying out study programs and re-accreditation of higher education institutions* (Narodne novine No. 24/10) Article 5 (2), Polytechnic has a ratio of students and the space available for the teaching $(1.25 \text{ m}^2 / \text{student})$.

6. LIST OF SUBJECTS, TEACHER AND ASSOCIATES, TIMETABLE OF THE SUBJECT, STUDENT WORKLOAD OF SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		I. SEMESTER								
М	Perišić A.	Statistics	Perišić A.	Perišić A.	3			2	2	6
Μ	Vukičević, A.	Strategic Management	Vukičević, A.	Vukičević, A.	3	1	1			6
М	Deković Ž.	Financial Management	Deković Ž.	Žaja J.	2		1	2		6
N	Lugović G.	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility	Lugović G.	Lugović G.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Urem F.	Economics Information System	Urem F.	Urem F.	2			1		4
Ν	Mečev D.	Innovation and Technological Strategies	Mečev D.	Mečev D.	2	1	1			4
N	Kedžo, Z.	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	Kedžo, Z.	Kedžo, Z.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Grubišić A.	Cost management	Grubišić A.	Grubišić A.	2	1	1			4

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		II. SEMESTER								
М	Mikulić Ž.	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making	Mikulić Ž.	Perišić A.	3			2	2	6
М	Krolo Crvelin, A.	Risk Management	Krolo Crvelin, A.	Krolo Crvelin, A.	3	1	1			6
М	Deković Ž.	Operations Management	Deković Ž.	Žaja J.	3			2	2	6
Ν	Lugović G.	Management of Conflict	Lugović G.	Lugović G.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Mečev. D.	Croatian Economy	Mečev. D.	Mečev. D.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Šišara J.	Market Research	Šišara J.	Šišara J.	2	1	1			4
N	Kedžo, Z.	Leadership	Kedžo, Z.	Kedžo, Z.	2	1	1			4

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		III. SEMESTER								
М	Mikulić Ž.	Business Simulations	Mikulić Ž.	Mikulić Ž.	3			2	2	6
М	Šišara J.	Marketing Management	Šišara J.	Šišara J.	2	2				6
Ν	Radić Lakoš T.	Methods of Scientific Research	Radić Lakoš T.	Radić Lakoš T.	3	1	1			6
Ν	Buljan Barbača, D.	Management of EU Projects	Buljan Barbača, D.	Rogošić A.	2			2	1	6
Ν	Žaja, J.	Cost Benefit Analysis	Žaja, J.	Žaja, I.	2			2	1	6
Ν	Grubišić, A.	Financial Institutions and Markets	Grubišić, A.	Grubišić, A.	3	1	1			6
Ν	Grubišić, A.	Controlling	Grubišić, A	Grubišić, A	3	1	1			6

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / - SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		IV. SEMESTER								
М	Vukičević A.	Professional Practice	Vukičević A.	Slavica D.						15
Μ		Final Thesis								15

7. ACADEMIC CALENDAR FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2021/2022.

ACTIVITY	TERM
Winter semester	4 October 2021 - 27 February 2022
Lectures, exercises and seminars	4 October 2021 - 29 January 2022
Winter holidays	24 December 2021 - 5 January 2022
Winter regular examination period	31 January 2022 – 26 February 2022
Testing the Winter Semester	14 - 18 February 2022
Summer semester	28 February 2022 - 30 September 2022
Lectures, exercises and seminars	28 February 2022 - 11 June 2022
Summer regular examination period	13 June 2022 - 9 July 2022
Summer break	25 July 2022 - 19 August 2022
Autumn regular examination period	22 August 2022 - 17 September 2022
Testing the Summer semester	11-15 July 2022
	19 -30 September 2022

NATIONAL HOLIDAYS

DATE	PUBLIC HOLIDAYS
November 1 st 2021	All Saint's Day
November 18th 2021	Remembrance Day for the victims of the Homeland War
	Day of Remembrance for the victims of Vukovar and Skabrnja
December 25 th 2021	Christmas
<i>December</i> 26 th , 2021	St. Stephen's Day
January 1 st 2022	New Year's Day
January 6 th 2022	Epiphany
April 17 th 2022	Easter
April 18 th 2022	Easter Monday
May 1 st 2022	International Workers' Day
May 30 th 2022	National Day
June 16 th 2022	Corpus Christi
June 22 nd 2022	Anti-Fascist Struggle Day
August 5 th 2022	Homeland Thanksgiving Day
August 15 th 2022	Assumption of Mary

8. CALENDAR OF EXAM TERMS AND DEADLINES FOR ACADEMIC YEAR 2019/2020.

SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	Winter exam	ination period	Summer exam	nination period	Autumn examination period		
	I. SEMESTER	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period	6th period	
Perišić A.	Statistics	08.02.	22.02.	21.06.	05.07.	30.08.	13.09.	
Vukičević, A.	Strategic Management	03.02.	17.02.	14.06.	28.06.	01.09.	15.09.	
Deković Ž.	Financial management	08.02.	22.02.	20.06.	04.07.	29.08.	12.09.	
Lugović G.	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility	01.02.	15.02.	14.06.	28.06.	23.08.	06.09.	
Urem F.	Economics Information System	02.02.	16.02.	15.06.	29.06.	24.08.	07.09.	
Mečev D.	Innovation and Technological Strategies	01.02.	15.02.	16.06.	30.06.	25.08.	08.09.	
Kedžo, Z.	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	03.02.	17.02.	16.06.	30.06.	01.09.	15.09.	
Grubišić A.	Cost Management	31.01.	14.02.	13.06.	27.06.	29.08.	12.09.	
				1	1	1	1	
	II. SEMESTER	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period	6th period	
Mikulić Ž.	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making	09.02.	23.02.	23.06.	06.07.	31.08.	14.09.	
Krolo Crvelin, A.	Risk Management	11.02.	25.02.	24.06.	08.07.	02.09.	16.09.	
Deković Ž.	Operations Management	08.02.	22.02.	20.06.	04.07.	29.08.	12.09.	
Lugović G.	Management of Conflict	01.02.	15.02.	14.06.	28.06.	23.08.	06.09.	
Mečev. D.	Croatian Economy	01.02.	15.02.	16.06.	30.06.	25.08.	08.09.	
Šišara J.	Market Research	03.02.	17.02.	13.06.	27.06.	01.09.	15.09.	
Kedžo, Z.	Leadership	03.02.	17.02.	16.06.	30.06.	01.09.	15.09.	

	III. SEMESTER	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period	6th period
Mikulić Ž.	Business Simulations	02.02.	16.02.	15.06.	29.06.	24.08.	07.09.
Šišara J.	Marketing management	03.02.	17.02.	13.06.	27.06.	01.09.	15.09.
Radić Lakoš T	Methods of Scientific Research	08.02.	22.02.	21.06.	05.07.	23.08.	06.09.
Buljan Barbača, D.	Management of EU Projects	02.02.	16.02.	15.06.	29.06.	24.08.	07.09.
Žaja, J.	Cost Benefit Analysis	08.02.	22.02.	20.06.	04.07.	30.08.	13.09.
Grubišić, A.	Financial Institutions and Markets	31.01.	14.02.	13.06.	27.06.	29.08.	12.09.
Grubišić, A.	Controlling	31.01.	14.02.	14.06.	28.06.	29.08.	12.09.

9. CURRICULA AND COURSE CONTENT WITH EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES AND BASIC LITERATURE

I. SEMESTER

1. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course lecturer	Ana Perišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	130477 202131					
1.2. Course title	Statistics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	3.					
1.6. Year of study	1st	1.13. Modernization	Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%X□More than 20 %□					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives	Provide theoretical and practical kno	wledge which enables students to develop and apply acquired skills	for economic-statistical analysis.					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme levelLO 4: To analyze and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business. LO 5: To use probabilistic models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena, assess population parameters, set statistical hypotheses, conduct tests and basic statistical analyses with support of computer tools LO 7: To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support 								

2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T	ning outcomes according to the Bloom's 'o independently prepare and carry out basic statisti 'o explain basic concepts and to solve basic problem 'o select and apply probability models for different 'o estimate population parameters (point and interva 'o set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistic 'o perform correlation and regression analysis, to co		2- unde 3- appl 4-analy 5-evalu 6-synth	embering, erstanding, ication, esis, pation,		
	Cons	tructive allignement					
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time
		Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	-	Attending lectures. Familiarize with course content, e-learning documents, literature and students' obligations.			1 h
		Data collection. Exploratory analysis. Population, sample, variable, parameters.	1	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will independently prepare a project where they will have to prepare and carry out basic statistical analysis (exploratory and inferential) for business problems by using MS Excel.		4h 7 h
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Descriptive statistics. Measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, asymmetry measures, kurtosis, standardized values, Chebyshev's rule.	1	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will independently prepare a pr where they will have to prepare and carry statistical analysis (exploratory and infer business problems by using MS Excel.	y out basic	5h 7h
	3.	Sample space. Probability. Probability space. Conditional probability. The law of total probability	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will explain basic concepts and basic problems in the field of probability through colloquia or written/oral exams.	theory	5h 7h
	4.	Sample space. Probability space. Probability. Conditional probability. The law of total probability	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will explain basic concepts and basic problems in the field of probability through colloquia or written/oral exams.	theory	5h 7h
	5.	Random variable. Discrete and continuous distributions. Expectation, variance. Discrete random variables and their applications. Binomial,	3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will select and apply probability for different discrete and continuous stoc phenomena through colloquia or written/ exams.	chastic	5h 7h

	Poisson, hypergeometric and uniform distribution.				
6.	Continuous distribution. Gaussian distribution.	3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will select and apply probability models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
7.	Two-dimensional random variable. Marginal distribution. Independence. Conditional distribution. Covariance. Correlation coefficient. Exam preparation.	2,3,6	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.	Students will explain basic concepts and solve basic problems in the field of probability theory, they will select and apply probability models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena through colloquia or written/oral exams. As a part of their practical project, students will perform correlation and regression analysis, comment the results and draw a conclusion about the relationship between variables.	5h 7h
8.	Sampling. Sampling distribution for the sample mean, proportion and variance.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
9.	Sampling. Sampling distribution for the sample mean, proportion and variance. Estimating the mean, proportion and standard deviation. Confidence intervals.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
10.	Hypothesis testing. Sample size, significance level. Hypothesis testing for the mean proportion, variance.	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
11.	Hypothesis testing. Hypothesis testing for the mean proportion, variance.	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
12.	Comparing population parameters. Hypothesis testing. Comparing population means, proportions.	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population and set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
13.	Comparing population parameters. Hypothesis testing. Comparing population means, proportions.	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population and set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive	5h 7h

							conclusions about the population the or written/oral exams.	nrough colloquia	
	14.	Non-parame	tric tests	5	students throu discussion. Gr	tures. Actively involving agh problem solving and roup problem solving n. Exam preparation.	Students will set the statistical hype the statistical test and derive conclu- population through colloquia or wr	usions about the	5h 7h
	15.	Regression a Final conclu Exam prepar	sions.	6	students throu discussion. G	tures. Actively involving Igh problem solving and roup problem solving n. Exam preparation.	As a part of their practical project of written/oral exam, students will per and regression analysis, comment t draw a conclusion about the relation variables.	rform correlation he results and	5h 7h
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS	WOR	X							
3.1. Students` obligations	 In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendard least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved: from 0 - 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic yea. from 25 - 49,9% - are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regentral extraordinary exam period; more than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam. Students can take the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and oral part of the exam). Students will prepare a project they will independently carry out statistical analysis for business problems by using MS Excel. 					c year; a regular or ents (active			
	Attend	ance	0,3	Written exa	m	3,5 (without colloqu	ia) Project	1	
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each	Experi	mental work		Research			Practical work		
activity so that the total number of	Essay			Report			Continuous examination	0,5	
ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	3,5 (without written exam)	Seminar pap	per		Other		
	Class a	•	0,2	Oral exam		0,5	Other		
3.3. Student workload	Studen 1. 2.	Attending c	all bases for 1 ECTS cred lasses and exercises 75 hor olloquia or exams through	urs					

4. GRADING SYSTEM					
4.1. Grading seminar papers					
	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory			Above average
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.	Reproduces the basic concepts a difficulty imparts new l understands the material, explain and concepts supported with exar	knowledge, as the terms	Observes the content of the terms and c	is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. he principles, accurately and thoroughly explains the he material, and logically connects and explains the concepts supported with examples. Finds solutions that iginally given. Notes correlations with related
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	to the oral exam, students need to achieve did not pass at least one colloquia (or reta students need to achieve at least 50% on v	at least 50% on each colloquium ken colloquia) need to take part vritten exam. Students will prep- final grade is formed after the or	n. Also, stud t in the writh pare a projec	dents have a ten exam. In t where the	a (twice during the semester). In order to have access a possibility to retake one colloquium. Students who n this case, in order to have access to the oral exam, y will independently carry out statistical analysis for g scores achieved through the written exam/colloquia,
4.2 Final and according to	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerical grade	ECTS gr	ade	
4.3. Final grade according to	90-100%	5 (excellent)	А		
absolute division	80-89,9%	4 (very good)	В		
	65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	<u>C</u>		
	60-64,9%	2 (satisfactory)	D E		
	50 - 59,9%	2 (satisfactory)	E		

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION									
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media						
(available in the library and via other media)	Šošić I., Primijenjena statistika, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2004. (chapters 1-12) Patrick R. McMullen, Poslovna statistika za stručne studije [prijevod Devčić,K., Perišić,A.], Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2017	12	No Yes						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Azcel A. Sounderpandian J., Complete Business Statistics, McGraw Hill, 2009. Newbold P., Statistics for Buisness and Economics, Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall, 1997 Čižmešija M., Kurnoga Živadinović N., Zbirka riješenih zadataka iz osnova statistike,Mirorad d.o.o., Zagreb,2006 Dumičić K., Bahovec V., Poslovna Statistika, Element, Zagreb, 2011. Excel manuals Teaching materials								
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.								
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can								

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Strategic Management	1.8. ISVU course code	129881 202132					
1.2. Lecturer	Ana Vukičević, PhD, college prof.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.					
1.6. Study year	1	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	2.1. Course objectives Introduce students with crafting and executing strategy							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2								

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	probl LO 1 new t LO 1	 CO 5 To use planning, organizing, management and control methods on practical examples, analyze the problem and propose appropriate solutions to roblem situations CO 13 To analyze new roles of organizations, systems, processes, products and services and quality standards in companies and propose valorisation of ew trends in companies and organizations CO 11 To understand specific human resource management processes and propose a proper value system in judgment process and assessment of work chievements and performances 							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to 1. a 2. c 3. c	earning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: up to two verbs per LO) analyze new roles of organizations critically analyze management techniques for strategic crafting and identify modern organization strategies comment problematic of different organizations' strategies							
		analyze and to grade organization mission	and vision s	statement.		6			
	Cons	tructive alignment							
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
	1	Introduction to course objectives and thematic	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours			
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		Concepts and techniques for strategic planning	1,6,7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define strategy , vision and mission.	4 hours			
detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Management process of building new strategies	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define the process of building a new startegie.	4 hours			
	3.	External environment analysis	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define the specifics of external environment analysis and know the different tools used by managers.	4 hours			

4.	External environment analysis	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define the specifics of external environment analysis and know the different tools used by managers.	4 hours
5.	Internal operation	1, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe specifics of management of internal operation.	10 hours
6.	Competition on foreign market	1, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and explain the specifics of competition in foreign market and which strategic choices to use.	8 hours
7.	Strategy adoption to specific situation	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe different strategies solution in different situations.	10 hours
8.	Strategy, ethics and business social responsibility	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define ethics and social responsibility	4 hours
9.	Building strong resources	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe internal and external resources.	6 hours

			individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.		
10.	Entrepreneurship strategies	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe entrepreneurship strategies.	8 hours
11.	Organization culture	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe how organization culture is changes by adopting different strategy.	8 hours
12.	Management of internal operations	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe management of internal operation.	10 hours
13.	Organization changes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe what is organization change and what tools to use.	6 hours
14.	Diversification	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically describe the diversification of strategies.	6 s hours

					previously acquired kn presenting adopted kn ideas, discuss issues.				
	15.	Concluding Consi Repeating and Pre			Listen to the lecture and preparation for the example.				20 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WOR	3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK								
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - is the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, , solving case studies, making and presenting to seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).						inary exam period; king and presenting the		
	Attend			Written	ı exam	2 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an w examination)	e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		Researc	ch	0,5		Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Report				Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	⁵ Semina	ur paper	0,5		Other (inscribe)	
	Class a	activities		Oral ex	am	1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an o examination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)	
3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours of work per semester and is estimated as: Commitment Hours (estimate) 1. Attending classes 20 2. Creating and Presenting seminar paper 40 3. Preparation for the Colloquium / exam through self-study 50								

	Valuation Element	Poor		Satis	fying		Above average	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is l			en the introduction, the		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another	
	Terminology, writing style Words and phrases are lo with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fi repeated grammatical mis		. Writing style is s are too long, requent and the vocabulary is appropriate		terminology their meanine copriate and has little terminology their meanine excellent, the concise, the		ords and phrases are aligned with official minology and show an understanding of ir meaning. The writing style is cellent, the sentences are clear and noise, the vocabulary is rich and there no grammatical errors.	
	Quoting and referencing	references do not match t	sources are not specified at all. The err		t incomplete a are appropria a satisfactory	te for con research thei	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,	
	Po	oor		Satisfying			Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, r Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot appl of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	new knowledge, u	terms, without difficu inderstands subject mat the notions that subs	ter, explains	evaluation. It thoroughly ex logically link that it encaps	s at the level of analysis, synthesis and t observes legitimacy, accurately and xplains the content of the subject, and cs and explains the terms and concepts sulates. Find solutions that are not ven. There is a correlation with ubjects.	
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	76-86% of attendance		0% of attendance	ce Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	2 points		4 points		7 points	3 points	
	Seminar paper	2		3	4		5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points	
according to evaluation elements		2		3	4		5	
	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
		25 points		30 points	35 points		40 points	
	Oral exam	2		3	5		5	
		25 points		30 points	35 points		40 points	

5.1. Compulsory literature			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	TION ABOUT TH	E COURSE				
		50 - 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E		
		60-64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D		
according to absolute allocation		65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	С		
		80-89,9%	4 (very good)	В		
4.4. Creating a final grade		90-100%	5 (excellent)	А		
		competences (teaching + final exam)		Lers grade		
		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and	Numerous grade	ECTS grade		

through other media)	. Thompson, A., Strickland, A.J. I Gamble. J.:Strateski menadzment – u potrazi za konkurentskom	3	_				
,	prednošću, Mate, 2005, Zagreb.	۲ ۲	_				
5.2. Additional literature (at							
the moment of changes and/or			-				
amended of study							
programme)							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.	ality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and					
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	our per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations				

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Kinancial Managament		228976 228977					
1.2. Lecturer	Željko Deković, Master in econ., Sen.Lec	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Jelena Žaja, mag.oec., Lec	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions						
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with basic concepts of modern financial management through lectures, classroom discussions, business cases and project task s completing the course each student knows how to approach basic financial management issues and where to look for additional information to sol appear in practice in everyday business. To introduce students to the concept of corporate finance, its role in the company's business and to expand their basic knowledge in the field of: • time preferences of money; • measurement of financial risk in function of capital cost; • money markets and capital markets, flows of funds in business processes and the interdependence of property and liabilities management and wa • analysis of financial operations of business entities; • elements of financial and investment planning; • basis of financial efficiency of investment projects; • financing securities transactions with a special focus on bonds and shares and assessing the justification for investing in financial instruments in market; • financing business with own capital; • fundamental laws of debt utilization, capital structure and dividend policy.	ve complex issues that
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 LO 1: Organize and lead the teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of the team's stakeholders LO 2: Individually and responsibly search relevant literature for solutions and conclusions, LO 17: Assess the acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques LO 19: Interpret the importance of financial markets for the entire economy, the role and importance of financial intermediaries, and argue the outcomes and consect asymmetric information on participants in financial markets and business entities 	uences of acting
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 7. Recapture, 8. Understanding, 9. Application, 10. Analysis, 11. Evaluation, 12. Synthesis
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	 to explain and categorize basic concepts and tasks of financial management, to measure the return and financial risk of the securities portfolio and analyse the relation between risk and return, to interpret the financial relations of the enterprise with the financial institutions and the financial market, to evaluate the impact of financial leverage and on the profitability of business entities, to prepare an analysis of financial statements on the example of a business entity by performing horizontal and vertical analysis and analysis by financial indicators, to apply methods of net present value, return period, internal rate of return, profitability index, and assess the eligibility of investment in a project, 	2,4 3,4 4 6 3,5
	 to propose the application of appropriate models and evaluate the value of equity and debt securities, use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English, and present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in the team. 	6,5 3,6

	Cons	tructive alignment					
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed	
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan.	-	Listen to the lecture. In the exercise classes, by independent work on computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours	
	2.	1	Introductory lecture - basic concepts and determinants of financial management.	1, 3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam define the basic concepts of financial management. They know how to list and explain basic financial activities, sources of company assets and tasks of financial function in the company. They can explain the role of the Financial Manager, goals of corporation, and agency problem.	8 hours
		Financial environment.	1,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Describe the basic characteristics of the financial market. At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know how to define and describe the basic securities that circulate in the money market.	8 hours	
2.5. Course content according to	3.	Time value of money.	1,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	They know how to explain the concept of time value of money and identify the basic variables in calculations of time value of money	8 hours	
detailed curriculum schedule	4.	The Valuation of Long-Term Securities	1, 2,7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	They can make distinction among valuation concepts. They know how to valuate long term securities (bond valuation, preferred stock valuation, common stock valuation).	12 hours	
	5.	Risk and financial management. Balance as a source of financial information.	1, 2,3, 8	Listen to the lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate the yield and financial risk of the securities portfolio independently or in a team, and draw conclusions about the risk-return relationship.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the concepts of investment portfolio, financial risk and ways of managing risk. They know how to calculate the expected return, the standard deviation and the coefficient of variation for an individual security or a portfolio of securities and to evaluate the risk of investing on the basis of the relationship between risk and return. They know how to interpret the relationship between security yields and market returns. They know how to explain the concept of a balance sheet, its properties and indicate users of financial information.	14 hours	
	6.	Financial reports.	1, 3, 8	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state the types of basic financial statements and explain their basic components. Know what can all be a source of cash in a business.	10 hours	
	7.	Objectives, purpose and methods of analysis of financial reports.	1, 3, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the term financial analysis and specify and explain the methods of analysis of financial	8 hours	

			perform horizontal and vertical analysis of financial statements on the example of a business entity's financial statements. They research the content of this thematic area and make a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	statements. They know how to explain horizontal and vertical analysis procedures and apply them to financial statement analysis. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	
8.	Indicators of financial analysis, examples and interpretations.	1, 5, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate financial indicators and interpret the obtained results independently on a computer based on the financial statement of a business entity. They research the content of this thematic area and make a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the types / groups of financial indicators and apply them in the analysis of financial statements (in the exam and in the preparation of the project assignment). They know how to sketch and interpret Du Pont's indicator system and explain synthetic indicators. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	14 hours
9.	Rules and principles of financing, liquidity and solvency.	1, 5, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they calculate financial indicators and interpret the obtained results based on the financial statements of a business entity.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the basic principles and rules of financing. They know how to explain the difference between the concepts of liquidity and solvency, explain the term financial leverage and judge when it is opportune to use it. They are able to identify internal and external causes of insolvency and propose measures to improve the solvency of companies. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	8 hours
10.	Short-term asset management.	1, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate the value of working capital needed in the company.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the notion of working capital, permanent working capital, circular movement of working capital, factors on which the amount of working capital depends, management of working capital, inventory management and receivables management. They know how to analyze the structure of working capital and recommend the optimal size and structure of working capital in a particular company.	8 hours
11.	Financial planning and methods of assessing the profitability of capital investments.	1, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they apply the methods of capital investment	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the term financial planning, cash control instruments. They know how to define the term investment and classify investments, identify the common characteristics of all investment	8 hours

15.	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam.			with own capital.	40 hours
14.	Equity financing.	1, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can determine the structure of the financial capital of a joint stock company, they can indicate own and external sources of equity of a joint stock company and explain the way of financing a business with own funds. They know how to explain the notion of non- nominal and nominal capital of a joint stock company, and evaluate the benefits of financing	8 hours
13.	Mid-term and long-term financing - concepts and practical application.	1, 3, 5, 8	They listen to lectures and read literature, handle case studies.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the characteristics of medium and long-term credit. They can explain what leasing financing is (the concept and types of leasing, the advantages and disadvantages of leasing financing); identify differences between operating and financial leasing and recommend when to use what type of leasing.	8 hours
12.	Financial insurance and short term financing.	1, 3, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state the types and forms of financing of the company according to the availability of sources, identify differences between credit and equity financing. They know how to explain the four methods and techniques of short-term bank lending, the relative advantages and disadvantages of bank loans, and the factors that determine the amount of trade credit from the point of view of the debtor and creditor.	8 hours
			assessment on an example of a financial statement of a business entity and interpret the results obtained. They research the content of this thematic area and develop a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	projects and explain why the sensitivity analysis of an investment project is done. They know how to explain commonly used methods of evaluating investment projects, apply them on an example, and make a decision on the profitability of investing in a particular project. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK									
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the project and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the project) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).								
	Attendance	1	Written exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project	0,5			
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work				
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination				
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	4 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)				
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)				
3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours o Commitment 4. Attending classes			f work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 60					
	5. Creating and Proje 6. Preparation for the	ect Colloquium / exam through self	-study	15 105					

4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying			Above average		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is			he introduction, the		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	y. Writing style is as are too long, frequent and	terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.			
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	the topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.			h Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,		
	Pe	oor		Satisfying		Ab	ove average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot appl of the course.	not apply the basic terms	the basic terms new knowledge, understands subject matter, ex			r, explains the content of the subject			
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-100% of attendance		ndance	Solved case study.	
	lessons	2 points	4 points		7 points			3 points	
	D	2		3	4			5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Project	5 points		7 points	8 points			10 points	
according to evaluation		2		3		4		5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%	
		25 points		30 points	35 points			40 points	
		2		3	5			5	
	Oral exam	25 points		30 points	35 points		ts 40 points		

4.4. Creating a final grade	Percentage of a knowledge, ski competences (teacl exam) 90 – 1009	Ils and hing + final Numerous grade	ECTS grade					
according to absolute allocation	$\frac{90-100}{80-89.9}$		B					
6	65 - 79.9		E C					
	60-64.9		D D					
	50-59.9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E					
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	1. Brealley, R., Myers, S., Marcus,		On line					
through other media)	2. Van Horne, J. C., Wachowicz, J.		On line					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)								
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.							
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course lecturer	MA Gina Lugović, Sen. Lec.	1.8. Course code in ISVU	228978 228979					
1.2. Course title	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	/	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30L+15 S					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	Level 1, materials available online, 0% performance courses online					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	optional	1.12. Sequence number of amendments and/or amendments to the course description	/					
1.6. Year of study	2. year	1.13. Modernization	x yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Estimating the percentage of amendments to the college programme	Less than 0% x More than 20 % □					
2. OPIS PREDMETA								
	- Students acquire knowledge of fundamental theoretical approaches in the field of business ethics and train for the application of moral and ethical principles in business, the application of the concept of social responsibility and the solving of moral and ethical dilemmas.							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	- Attendance at lectures, submitted seminar paper.							

2.3. Learning outcomes on the	IU2:	Independently and responsibly search the relevant	literature for so	olutions and conclusions					
study programme level	IU11	: Build a value system in an enterprise based on bu	siness ethics ar	nd corporate social responsibility					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes at the course level (4-10 learning outcomes)	(up 1. Ex 2. Ar 3. Ar 4. Ma 5. Pla	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy: IU (up to two verbs per IU) 3- 4- 5 6- 6- 1. Explain the links between business ethics and the business environment 6- 2. Anticipate and modify problematic situations 3 3. Analyse and explain the relationship between business ethics and social responsibility 4 4. Manage systematic knowledge in the field of ethics and social responsibility for further study and analysis in the business environment 5 5. Plan the application of ethical and socially responsible behaviour in the organization by applying formal ethical and other acts in relation to employees, associates and users. 5							
	Con no.	structive alignment Thematic unit	IU course	Content / method of teaching	Evaluation		Time required		
	1.	Introduction to the course and a detailed syllabus.	1	Students are listening to a lecture. In seminar classes, by working independently on a computer, they get acquainted with the content of the course and documents on the e-learning page of the course.	-		4 hours		
2.5. Course content elaborated in detail according to the weekly schedule		Defining and explaining business ethics. Business ethics of a company (collective) and professional ethics (individual, member of a certain profession). Ethics, morals, and code. Rules of conduct towards clients, colleagues, compliance with regulations in the profession and towards the public.	1, 2, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature.	In the written exam, students define the busine and professional ethics of an individual and a particular profession). They define and describ meaning of ethics, morals and codes. They can explain the rules of conduct towards and colleagues, and the importance of comply with regulations in the profession and towards public.	be the clients	10 hours		
	2.	Basic determinants of ethics and ethical behaviour / morals. Theories, divisions, values, judgment, motivation, behaviour, crisis. Bonton, protocol.	1, 2, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students know how to def determinants of ethics and ethical behaviour / They define theories and divisions of morality describe values, judgment, motivation, behavi ethical crises. They know how to explain the rules of conduc according to etiquette and protocol.	morals. , and our, and	10 hours		

3.	Ethical theories of business. Interpersonal, functional, corporate, professional, managerial, entrepreneurial ethics and employee ethics. The relationship between ethics and organizational culture. Ethics and mass media.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students know how to define and describe ethical theories of business, and the relationship between interpersonal, functional, corporate, professional, managerial, entrepreneurial ethics and employee ethics. In the written exam, they can describe the relationship between ethics and organizational culture, as well as ethics and mass media. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
4.	Ethics and social responsibility: the concept of models, types and levels of morality, strategies and management of social responsibility. Protection of human rights.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students are able to define and describe the relationship between ethics and social responsibility, the model and types and levels of morality, and strategies and management of social responsibility. In the written exam, students can explain the need to protect human rights. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
5.	Morality / ethics of society (policies within the social order in relation to the ethics of managers).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students know how to explain policies within the social order in relation to the ethics of managers. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
6.	Company morale (theory, corporate social responsibility, company- employee relationship).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the morale of the company in relation to theory, corporate social responsibility and the relationship between the company and employees. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
7.	Morality (code of ethics) of companies and the state, shareholders, competition, customers, company strategy and implementation of ethics in business practice.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, they can explain the code of ethics of the company in relation to the state, shareholders, competition, customers, as well as the company's strategy and the implementation of ethics in business practice. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours

			Charlente lister to lasterna and mail	In the constant contract of the second contract of the	
8.	Ethical dilemmas in business: the emergence, analysis and resolution of ethical dilemmas in business. Ethical and legal?	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students know how to explain ethical dilemmas in business: the emergence, analysis, and resolution of ethical dilemmas in business, explain the difference between ethical and legal ways of doing business. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
9.	Violations of ethical norms in business: criminal activities, corruption, neglect of environmental problems and sustainability and poverty in the world.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the forms of violation of ethical norms in business: criminal activities, corruption, and give a critical review of the neglect of environmental problems and sustainability as well as poverty in the world. Seminar paper prepared and presented (Independent use of computer programs).	12 hours
10.	Ways of implementing ethical behaviour in business, checking ethics, applying ethical theories and principles to the business burst and the relationship to business principles for employees.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the ways of conducting ethical behaviour in business, to list ethics tests, the possibility of applying ethical theories and principles to business practice and the relationship to business principles for employees. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
11.	Implementing ethical principles and social responsibility, creating an ethical organizational climate and culture, the need for ethics principles, codes and etiquette, regulations.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam they can explain the implementation of ethical principles and social responsibility, the creation of an ethical organizational climate and culture, the needs of ethics principles, codes, etiquette, and regulations in general. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
12.	Institutionalization of business ethics: ethics committees, teaching ethics in management and leadership development programs, factors of increasing business ethics. Climate and business culture, corporate social responsibility.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the forms of institutionalization of business ethics: ethics committees, teaching ethics in management and leadership development programs and factors that increase business ethics. They know the importance of climate and business culture. They know how to explain corporate social responsibility. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours

	13.	Psychological aspects of ethics / morality: basic scientific explanations of moral development and moral learning, positive values.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the psychological aspects of ethics / morals: basic scientific explanations of moral development and moral learning and effects (positive values). Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 hours		
	14.	Sociocultural and legal aspects of ethics / morals: value systems of different cultures / ethical norms, the impact of the globalization process on the observance of ethical norms, business equality.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the socio- cultural and legal aspects of ethics / morals: value systems of different cultures / ethical norms, the impact of the globalization process on the observance of ethical norms and business equality. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	14 hours		
	15.	Basic principles of humanistic management, management of honesty and trust, socially responsible behaviour in local and global business.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Students listen to lectures and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problem situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas by discussing the problems.	In the written exam, students can explain the basic principles of humanistic management, management of honesty and trust, socially responsible behaviour in local and global business. Seminar paper prepared and presented (Independent use of computer programs).	10 hours		
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK								

3.1. Students` obligations	Full-time students are required to introduction, paper, conclu	Attendance at class, completed seminar papers. Full-time students are required to attend a minimum of 70% of lectures. Part-time students are required to attend a minimum of 50% of lectures. All students are required to choose topics, create, present, and defend a seminar paper (submit in text and present with ppt; seminar paper consists of a minimum of 10 pages: cover, content, introduction, paper, conclusion, literature from 2000 to 2021. Seminars include the theoretical content of the course in preparation for the written exam Seminar papers are sent for review by e-mail (gina@vus.hr) Students are recommended to come to the consultation during the consultation or for another date. Information on teaching and teaching materials are on the website of the Polytechnic (http://www.vus.hr).								
3.2. Monitoring student	Attendance	Project								
work (enter the share of	Experimental work		Research		Practical work					
ECTS credits for each	Essay		Report		Continuous examination					
activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Colloquium Seminar paper 0,5 Other (inscribe)									
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	TS points Other (inscribe) O the credit Class activities									

	The student's workload on	all bases amounts to 1 E	ECTS point for 30	hours of work per semester and i	s estimat	ed as:	
	Commitment			Hours (estimate)			
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes			45			
	2. Creating and Presen	ting seminar paper		20	20		
	3. Preparation for the	Colloquium / exam through sel	f-study	55			
4. GRADING							
	Valuation Element Poor			Satisfying		Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is l	-	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another.	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	y. Writing style is as are too long, frequent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	the topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete, and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.	
	Poo	Dr		Satisfying		Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no Does not know and does no and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.	t apply the basic terms	new knowledge, u	roduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers knowledge, understands subject matter, explains erms and the notions that substantiate by nples.		Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis, and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	

	Active participation in the lessons	70-75% of attendance	76-86% of atte	ndance	87-100% of attendance	Created n	nental map. Solved case study.	
		2 points	4 points		7 points	3 points		
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	2	2 3		4		5	
according to evaluation elements	Seminar paper	5 points	7 points		8 points		10 points	
		2	3		4		5	
	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%	65-79,9%	ó	80-89,9%		90-100%	
		25 points	30 points	5	35 points		40 points	
	Percentage of acquired k	nowledge, skills and competencies (teac	hing + final exam)		Numerical grade	EC	TS grade	
	Tereentage of acquired h	90 - 100%	ining + minar chaini)		5 (excellent)		A	
4.4. Forming a final grade		80-89,9%			4 (very good)		В	
based on absolute distribution	65 – 79,9% 3 (god)						С	
bused on absolute distribution		60-64,9%			2 (sufficient)		D	
		50 - 59,9%			2 (sufficient)		Е	
5. ADDITIONAL SUBJE	ECT INFORMATION							
		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
5.1. Required literature (available in the library and through other media)	 Jalšenjak, B., Krkač, K. (izdanje (Pregled razvoja Ut koncepta društveno odgovo korporacijske društvene odą Društveno odgovorno pona 	 Bebek, B., Kolumbić, A. (2000). Poslovna etika (Poglavlja: Etika, str. 3-5; Poslovna etika, str 7-18; Bonton 249-302). Zagreb: Sinergija. Jalšenjak, B., Krkač, K. (ur.) (2016). Poslovna etika, korporacijska društvena odgovornost i održivost, Drugo, prepravljeno i prošireno izdanje (Pregled razvoja Utjecaj europskih kultura na poslovnu etiku i korporacijsku društvenu odgovornost, str. 591-603). Pregled razvoja koncepta društveno odgovornog ponašanja, str. 169-192; Temeljna pitanja poslovne etike i etičkih kodeksa, str. 193-212; Temeljna pitanja korporacijske društvene odgovornosti, str. 213- 240; Društveno odgovorno ponašanje i promicanje radnih prava u radnoj okolini, str. 298-321; Društveno odgovorno ponašanje u Republici Hrvatskoj, str. 339 koncepta -362; Obrazac za donošenje moralnih odluka, str. 363-367; Načela odgovornosti u upravljanju ljudskim potencijalima, str. 488-506; Korporacijska društvena neodgovornost, str. 507-516; Zagreb: Mate. 						
5.2. Supplementary literature (at the time of applying for changes and / or supplement to the study program)	1. Aleksić, A. (2007): Poslovna etika - element uspješnog poslovanja, Zbornik Ekonomskog fakulteta u Zagrebu, 5, 419-428. Available online 2. Buble, M. (2006): Management, glava IV. Etika i društvena odgovornost menadžmenta, str. 91-106. Split: Ekonomski fakultet u Splitu 2							
autrust imperied as alkills and	the new the acquisition of the transmission of							
and contacting the teacher	It is the obligation of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the course of classes and activities in the classroom. All notifications about the teaching or possible postponement of classes will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning pages of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while short questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address on the domain @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days from the receipt of the e-mail).							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION A	BOUT THE SUBJECT		-				
1.1. Title	Business Information Systems	1.8. ISVU course code	214962 214963				
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD, college prof.	1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	^{3rd} – materials available On-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.				
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			1				
2.1. Course objectives In	ntroduce the student to the concepts of business inf	Formation systems					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2						
C C							

	field	IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technology) IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level									
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)										
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level		 Understand the concept of system information system. Identify system boundaries, exter the risks that arise. 			-	1,2 2,3,4,5,6					
		-	2,3,4,5,6								
	 Identify security threats in the system and propose techniques for their removal. Use the software tools available within the MS Office suite to collect and analyze data. Implement and deploy the appropriate ready-made business applications. 										
	 7. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system. Constructive alignment 										
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
	1	Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours					
2.5. Course content according to		Basic terms	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Understand the term business information system. Identify major groups of information systems.	8 hours					
detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Types of information systems and components	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the archive system. Identify archiving media. Identify the pros and cons of an individual archive medium. Explain the procedures for authenticating and authorizing access to business documentation. Protect digital content by encryption. Apply digital signature technology.	10 hours					
	3.	Archiving and data protection	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the levels of business automation. Identify prerequisites for business automation. Identify the role of business policy and organizational procedures in business automation. Explain the	10 hours					

					importance of working conditions and ergonomics in business automation.	
4	4.	Business Automation	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify information resources in the business. Identify the types and value of information. Interpret ways of classifying, evaluating, processing, storing, exchanging and distributing data and information	10 hours
5	5.	Information resource management	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the term telecommunications and telecommunication system. Identify elements of the telecommunications system.	10 hours
6	6.	Business Information Systems Communication Infrastructure	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Development trends of telecommunication systems. To interpret the division of telecommunications according to the type of information, the division of telecommunication processes, the division according to forms of communication.	10 hours
7	7.	Key business applications	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Advanced use of MS Office suite of office applications.	10 hours
8	8.	Electronic business and trends	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the essential terms of e-commerce. Identify emerging trends in e-commerce. Use cloud services.	15 hours
9	9.	Information system development	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain stakeholder roles in information system development. Analyze the architecture of an existing information system. Identify the stages of information system development. Explain the methodology of waterfall development Explain the methodology of rapid application development Explain the methodology of information engineering Explain the methodology of the unified development process Expose the most famous agile methodologies and explain their features	15 hours
1	10.	Business information system and business management	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify layers of business information system. Model the business process as a transaction.	15 hours
1	11.	Business information system support for key business functions	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify key business functions. Use the business intelligence analysis and planning subsystem. Use the permanent business asset management information subsystem.	15 hours
1	12.	Business information system and business process management	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Use the human resources management information subsystem. Use the Accounting and Financial Management Information Subsystem.	15 hours

	13.	Business informat business process n	•	3,4,5,6		Listening to lectures, computer, reading lite		inbound logisti	ement information system and ics. Use the production informati- e the sales and outbound logistics bsystem			
	14.	Strategic manager information syster		3,4,5,6		Listening to lectures, computer, reading lite		operational eff Formulate goa system. Analyz business inforr measurements	nation systems as drivers of iciency and business innovation. Is for building an information ze the risks of implementing nation systems. Apply the concep and evaluation (audit) of the qua formation systems			
	15.	5. Business information systems and electronic commerce 3,4,5,6 Listening to lectures, we computer, reading literat			Define a company environment in a commence		15 hours					
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK										
3.1. Students` obligations	to atten Studen Studen	 In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and exercises and two exams); b) during class (active participation in classes and exercises) and passing exams (written and oral examinations). 										
	Attend	Attendance 2			Written exam		2 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an examination)	e student is	Project			
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		1	Research				Practical work	1		
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			1	Report				Continuous examination			
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the stude relieved of a written a oral examination)	ent is					Other (inscribe)			
		activities			Oral exa	-	1 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an examination)	e student is oral	Other (inscribe)			
	The s		n all bases amounts t	o 1 ECT	'S poin				imated as:			
3.3. Student workload		Commitment					Hours (estima	le)				
		 Attending classes Practical work 					60 30					
			Colloquium / exam throu	gh self-stu	ıdy				90			

4. GRADING										
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Elem	Valuation Element Poor			Satisfying				Above average	
		Po	or			Satisfying				ove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the approx				n. It observes ly explains th links and exp capsulates. Fiv given. There	evel of analysis, synthesis and s legitimacy, accurately and the content of the subject, and plains the terms and concepts and solutions that are not the is a correlation with				
	Active participation	in the	70-75% of att	tendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-100% of attendance		ndance	Created mental map. Solved case study.
	lessons		4 points			7 points		10 points		3 points
	Sominon nonon		2			3		4		5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points			7 points		8 points		10 points
according to evaluation			2		3		4			5
elements	Colloquium / writte	en	50-64,9	%	65-79,9%		80-89,9%			90-100%
			25 poin	its		30 points		35 points		40 points
	Oral exam		2			3		5		5
	Orai exam		25 poin	its		30 points		35 points		40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade	k		ences (teaching + final exam)		nerous grade (excellent)	ECTS grade				
according to absolute allocation		8	<u>90 - 100%</u> 80 - 89,9%	4 ((very good)	В				
			65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9%		3 (good) (sufficient)	C D				
			50 – 59,9%		(sufficient)	E				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE						
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
through other media)	Ž.Panian, K.Čurko et al.: Poslovni informacijski sustavi, Element, 2010.	5					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Bidgoli H.: Management Information Systems6, 4LTR Press, Cengage Learning, 2016. J.O'Brien, G.Marakas: Management Information Systems, 7th ed., McGraw Hill, 2016.	3	Available online at e-learning system				
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hou be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will days from the receipt of e-mail).	r per week), while brief question	s and explanations can				

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AF	BOUT THE SUBJECT						
1.1. Name of the course	Innovation and Technological Strategies	1.8. ISVU course code	201214 202139				
1.2. Lecturer	Dijana Mečev, PhD, college professor	1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+0+15+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Graduate Study programme Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st level – materials available on- line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1				
1.6. Study year	1st	1.13. Modernization	🗆 yes 🗖 no				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1 Course objectives ne	1. Course objectives Training students for understanding: basic concepts of technological and innovation changes, and problems in the economic and work environment so that they can act independently towards new technological changes and successful business; learn to recognize the benefits as a consequence of technological development, and the application of innovations in the economic and social system; apply what is learned in business practice.						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Undergraduate professional or university studies completed.							

	LO1: To organize and lead team work, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members.									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO2: To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions.									
	LO4: To analyze and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business.									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to 1 2 3 4	 Set an example and interpret the impact of ir Comment on and critically judge the impact of 	course content ween man and th movation and m of modern techn	a economic system in the application of i nodern technologies on social and econom ologies on social and economic developm	ts in modern technologies and innovations nnovation and technological achievements nic development.	LO Level: 19. Recapture, 20. Understanding, 21. Application, 22. Analysis, 23. Evaluation, Synthesis 1,4 4,5 3 4,5 4				
	5	Use materials and tools for searching scientific	c and profession	al literature in the mother tongue and Eng	glish.	4				
	Cons	tructive alignment Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Content / Teaching Method Evaluation					
	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. By independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	3 hours				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Importance of innovation, technology and knowledge. Qualification of innovation.	1, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain basic technological concepts; describe the importance of modern technologies. They can list the types of innovations, distinguish them and give adequate examples	6 hours				
	3.	Research and development of the basis of innovation sources.	1, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can describe the role of research and development as a prerequisite for the application of new technologies and innovations in the economy.	6 hours				
	4.	Market realization of innovations.	1, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can explain what the market realization of	10 hours				

	1	T			
			presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and	innovations is. They can successfully make a mind map and solve a case study.	
5.	Innovation management.	4, 5	ideas, discuss issues. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and describe basic concepts of innovation management.	6 hours
6.	External sources for innovation; Innovation improvement.	1, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and describe the types of external sources of innovation and innovation improvement.	6 hours
7.	Creative thinking and innovation; The process of creative thinking.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and describe creative thinking innovation and the establishment of creative thinking processes.	6 hours
8.	Entrepreneurial atmosphere and creative teamwork in creating innovations.	mosphere and t in creating 1, 4 Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of atmo	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and describe the entrepreneurial atmosphere and creative teamwork in creating innovations.	6 hours	
9.	Inventive organization; Entrepreneurial enterprise; Measuring innovation performance.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and describe what an inventive organization and entrepreneurial enterprise are, and how innovative success is measured.	10 hours
10.	Innovation as a managerial process.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students define and describe the basic concepts of innovation as a managerial process.	8 hours

			pairs solve case studies thus	Case study solved.	
			presenting the appropriateness of	Case study solved.	
			previously acquired knowledge and		
			previously acquired knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss issues.		
			Listen to the lecture and read the		
			literature. Use multimedia and		
			network. Discuss issues. At the		
			seminar student individually or in	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students	
11.	Innevation strategy and accorded	3,4	pairs solve case studies thus	can define and describe the innovation strategy, as	8 hours
11.	Innovation strategy and associated	5,4	presenting the appropriateness of	well as associated risks. Case study solved.	8 110015
	risks.		previously acquired knowledge and		
			previously acquired knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss issues.		
			Listen to the lecture and read the		
			literature. Use multimedia and		
			network. Discuss issues. At the		
	Research and development		seminar student individually or in	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students	
12.	department management; Source of	2, 4, 5	pairs solve case studies thus	can define and describe the basic concepts of R&D	10 hours
12.	· ·	2, 4, 5	presenting the appropriateness of	department management and the methods by which	10 nours
	ideas.		previously acquired knowledge and	the source of ideas is reached.	
			previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss issues.		
			Listen to the lecture and read the		
			literature. Use multimedia and		
			network. Discuss issues. At the		
			seminar student individually or in		
13.	New product development;	4, 5	pairs solve case studies thus	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students	6 hours
15.	1 1 · · ·	1, 5	presenting the appropriateness of	can define and describe the basic concepts of a new	onours
	development of a new service.		previously acquired knowledge and	product / service development method.	
			presenting adopted knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss issues.		
			Listen to the lecture and read the		
			literature. Use multimedia and		
			network. Discuss issues. At the		
			seminar student individually or in		
14.	Choosing the concept of new product	4, 5	pairs solve case studies thus	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students	6 hours
	/service innovation	× -	presenting the appropriateness of	can describe and critically judge the choice of the	
			previously acquired knowledge and	concept of innovation of a new product or service.	
			presenting adopted knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss issues.		
	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and		Concluding Considerations /		
15.	Preparing for Exam.		Repeating and Preparing for Exam.		23 hours
	r reparing for Exam.		Repeating and Frepating for Exam.		

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK									
3.1. Students` obligations	to attend at least 50% of lecture Students who have during the c From 0 – 24,9% EC From 25 – 49,9% E More than 50% EC Students can pass the final examples	udents can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the minar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam								
	Attendance		Written exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project					
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work					
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination					
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper	0,5						
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)						
3.3. Student workload	7. Attending classes 8. Creating and Pres	n all bases amounts to 1 EC enting seminar paper e Colloquium / exam through self-		of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 60 10 50						

4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satis	fying			Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is	0	distinction between th	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and repeated grammatical mi	y. Writing style is as are too long, frequent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.			
	Quoting and referencing	references do not match	Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show a superficial approach to the research topic.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		
	P	oor		Satisfying			Ab	ove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot appl of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty tra new knowledge, understands subject matter, ex the terms and the notions that substantia examples.		ter, explains	r, explains the content of the s		s legitimacy, accurately and he content of the subject, and plains the terms and concepts and solutions that are not	
	Active participation in	70-75% of attendance	76-86% of attendance		87-100% of atter		ndance	Solved case study.	
	the lessons	2 points	4 points		7 points			3 points	
		2		3	4			5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points		10 points	
according to evaluation		2		3		4		5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%	80-89,9%			90-100%	
		25 points		30 points	35 points		40 points		
	Oral exam	2		3	5			5	
		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points	

4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 – 100% 80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9% E COURSE	Numerous grade 5 (excellent) 4 (very good) 3 (good) 2 (sufficient) 2 (sufficient)	ECTS grade A B C D E					
			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	4. R.D.Atkins	Jan							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.								
5.4. Information on the course and contact with the teacher	pages of the course and can be addressed durin	is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning ages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations un be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five orking days from the receipt of e-mail).							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ON	1. GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE COURSE										
1.1. Course title Public Speaking and Presentation Skills		1.8. Course code within the ISVU	201215 202140								
1.2. Course Leader	Zdravko Kedžo, PhD, Sen.Lec.	1.9. Course code within the MOZVAG									
1.3. Associates	none	1.10. Student engagement hours (number of lessons - lectures + practical work + seminars + e-learning)	(15+15+15+0)								
1.4. Type of program	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e-learning (Level 1, 2, 3), Online percentage of the course (max. 20%)	Level 1 - materials available online, 0%								
1.5. Course status (compulsory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Current number of changes and/or additions to the course specification									
1.6. Year of studies	First year	1.13. Modernization	yes • no								
1.7. Credits (ECTS)	4	1.14. Estimated percentage of changes and/or amendments to the course programme	Less than 20% More than 20 %								

COURSE DESCRIPTION							
	The objective: based on theoretical knowledge and case studies, by the end of the course students should be able to: cquire knowledge on key aspects of contemporary internal and public communication; in the course special attention will be paid to psychological and pragmatic aspects ublic speaking, as well as the most common mistakes in public speaking and presenting, i.e. how to successfully apply certain competencies and skills in practical busine ituations.						
2.1. Course aims and objectives	 Define key terms, specific qualities, theoretical and practical sources of public speaking Understand both the theory and practice of communicating in the media, including exercises for interactive and practical training and acquiring knowledge on different presentation techniques and tools; students will practice them in order to become more effective and more persuasive presenters; Overcome anxiety and stage fright, gain confidence in public speaking and presenting; students will be introduced to the most important aspects of verbal and non-verbal communication, as well as their correlation Apply the knowledge gained in the course in a practical business setting. 						
2.2. Admission requirements and entry- level competences needed for the course	Bachelor's degree						
	LO1: Use and connect technical terms regarding public speaking in written and oral communication with the professional public in both Croatian and English.						
	LO2: Independently and responsibly research, interpret and integrate relevant literature necessary for making conclusions.						
2.3. Learning outcomes in line with the	LO3: Apply knowledge from social and communication sciences to various presentation skills.						
programme the course contributes to	LO4: Analyse and interpret relevant facts regarding public speaking in order to make conclusions.						
	LO5: Identify, anticipate and suggest solutions for an improved and more effective application of different public speaking models.						
	LO6: Follow trends in public speaking and presentation skills in all forms of public activities.						

	Lear (max. t	levels 1- 1 2- 1 3- 0 4- 0 5- 0	Learning outcome levels: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- applying, 4- analysing, 5- evaluating, 6- creating				
2.4. Intended learning outcomes (4-10 learning outcomes)	1	. Describing and explaining definitions, prin contents and presentation skills	nciples, compe	tencies and models of contemporary c	ommunication activities, communication		1, 2
	2	Analysing and applying interpersonal com	munication an	d public speaking			2, 3
	3	. Identifying, analysing, discovering and ev well as the rules for clear, concise and per			encing of an effective presentation, as		4, 5
	4	Analising the audience and its expectation	s, as well as a	equiring skills for overcoming anxiety	and stage fright	3	
	1. Recognising the most common mistakes in public speaking and avoiding them;						6
	6		5,6				
	Cons	structive alignment					
	No.	Торіс	Course learning outcomes	Content/teaching method	Assessment scheme		Necessary time
		Introduction to the course and the detailed implementation plan.	-	Students listen to the lecture.	-		2 classes
2.5. Detailed course syllabus according to the schedule	1.	Basic principles and models in communication sciences; types of messages;	1,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam stu define key terms. They describe the posit and the role of communication science, ic and describe types of messages and mode public communication.	ion lentify	4 classes
	2.	Preparation rules for public speaking and presenting.	1,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam stu can list, identify and give an example of (un)successful public speaking due to (in)adequate preparations.	ıdent	4 classes

	3.	Analyzing the audience and its expectations.	1, 2	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe the importance of audience analysis, as well as how to modify their presentations skills in order to accommodate the message recipients' abilities.	4 classes
	4.	Overcoming anxiety and stage fright	3, 4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in pairs, solve case studies, thus demonstrating they have acquired knowledge, which they present together with their own ideas and discuss problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define what is stage fright and how it originates, what are the most effective ways to overcome it, as well as why and to which extent the public speaking anxiety is justified. They also solve case studies.	10 classes
	5.	Gaining confidence in public speaking	3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe key terms and the skills for gaining confidence in public speaking. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	10 classes
	6.	Correct ways of speaking and body language in public speaking	2,3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define, describe and present the most important features of verbal and non-verbal communication in public speaking and presentation skills. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	8 classes
	7.	Verbal tools in a presentation. Voice as a tool in public speaking and presenting.	3, 4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student individually research the content of this topic in a data base. Based on the research and the required reading they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define and describe the features and types of verbal public speaking, as well as list and describe all features and potential weaknesses of using the voice as a powerful tool in all types of verbal public speaking. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	10 classes

8.	Structure and sequencing of effective presentations - rules for giving clear and persuasive arguments.	3, 4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student research, the content of this topic. Based on the research they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define the structure of public speaking, as well as the rules for sequencing. They can describe rules necessary for clarity and persuasiveness in conveying messages. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	4 classes
9.	Most common mistakes in public speaking.	4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can identify, define and describe the most common mistakes in public speaking, as well as their most common reasons and solutions to avoid them. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	6 classes
10.	Appropriate looks in public speaking. Presentation aids.	4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student solve case studies.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe key terms in set standards and official rules regarding the dress code, make up and general appearance suitable for different types of public speaking. Furthermore, they need to distinguish how appropriate different aids are as tools for presenting.	8 classes
11.	How to deal with a "tough audience".	4, 5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student solve case studies.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe key terms regarding the types and characteristics of different audiences, as well as anticipate their possible behavior as message recipients in the context of public speaking. They also solve case studies.	8 classes

	12.	Public speaking in the media.	5,6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use multimedia and the Internet. In a seminar students individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define and describe key terms regarding media space, as well as ways, models and rules of public speaking within the "media time". They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmes independently).	10 classes
	13.	Public speaking - a talent or an acquired skill.	4, 5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar students, both individually and in groups, write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define and describe key terms, as well as distinguish between the elements of acquired trade skills and commonly wrong assumptions on talent being the only and most important element of presentation skills. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmes independently).	6 classes
	14.	Public speaking in a social, arts, business, and political context.	5,6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can describe and critically form a judgement on the importance and the success of public speaking and presentation skills in particular, within the listed contexts, as well as many other social and business settings.	6 classes
	15.	Conclusions / Revision and exam preparation.		Students listen to the lecture and prepare for the final exam individually.		20 classes

3. ASSESSMENT SCHEME								
3.1. Student requirements	 In line with the <i>Regulations on studying</i> and the <i>Regulations on assessing and grading student work</i>: all full-time students must attend at least 70% of the classes. All part-time students must attend at least 50% of the lectures. All students must write and present a seminar paper, as well as pass the midterm. Students who have during the classes received: From 0 - 24.9% ECTS points - will receive a grade F (fail) and cannot get the ECTS points, and need to retake the course in the next academic year; From 25 - 49.9% - will receive a grade FX (fail) and need to take and pass a written exam. The written exam can be taken during the regular or additional examination dates. More than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during classes after being continuously monitored (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, writing and presenting a seminar paper) and passing two midterms); b) during classes (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, writing and passing the exam (both written and oral parts). 							
	Attendance		Written exam	2 (excluding the midterm)	Project			
3.2. Monitoring students' work (fill	Experimental work		Research		Practical work			
in ECTS points for each activity, so the sum equals the total ECTS course	Essay		Term paper		Continuous assessment			
score)	Midterms	3 (excluding the written and oral exam)	Seminar paper	0.5	(other)			
	In-class activities	0.5	Oral exam	1 (excluding the midterm)	(other)			
3.3. Student workload	Based on this the student workload equals 30 hours of work per semester for 1 ECTS point, and the estimate includes: Obligation Hours (an estimate) Class attendance 45 Seminar paper and presentation 10 Preparing for midterms/the exam through independent revision 65							

4. GRADING										
4.1. Grading a seminar paper	main part of the text and excellent logical connec Terminology, writing st with modest vocabulary sentence structure is cle- and demonstrate that the no grammar mistakes. Quoting and referencing Sources are listed, but in	Drganisation The paper is not organised in a logical sequence and lacks structure. The paper is well-structured, with a clear introduction, the nain part of the text and the conclusion. The paper is well-structured, with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion. The paper is well-structured, with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion, with an excellent logical connections between all parts. Terminology, writing style Words and terms are not in line with the official terminology. The writing style is not appropriate, sentences are too long, with modest vocabulary and many grammar mistakes. Words and terms are in line with the official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, sentences are too long, and demonstrate that the student understands their meaning. The writing style is excellent, sentences are clear and concise, vocabulary is rich and there are no grammar mistakes. Quoting and referencing Sources are not listed. References are not in line with the topic and demonstrate a superficial research approach. Sources are listed correctly, completely and consistently. References are appropriate, their list is long and comprehensive, and demonstrates a thorough								
4.2. Grading a midterm / written and oral exams	examples of course cont concepts using example correctly and thoroughly	UnsatisfactorySatisfactoryAbove averageThe student answers questions from memory, without a deeper understanding. They don't know nor use key terms and concepts. They can't apply nor give examples of course contents.The student can reproduce key terms and new knowledge easily, understands the course matter, explains terms and concepts using examples.The student can analyse, synthetize and evaluate the knowledge. They notice regularities, explain the course matter correctly and thoroughly, and can logically connect and explain terms and concepts using examples. They find solutions that have not been offered before. They notice a correlation with related matter.								
	Active attendance	70-75% attendance	76-86% attendance	87-100% attendance	Drawn mind map Solved case studies					
		2 points	4 points	7 points	3 points					
	S	2	3	4	5					
4.3. Forming the final grade according to assessment elements	Seminar paper	5 points	7 points	8 points	10 points					
according to assessment elements		2	3	4	5					
	Midterm / Written exam	50-64.9%	65-79.9%	80-89.9%	90-100%					
		25 points	30 points	35 points	40 points					
	Oral array	2	3	5	5					
	Oral exam	25 points	30 points	35 points	40 points					

4.4. Forming the final grade based or absolute distribution	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competencies (classes + final exam) Numerical 90 – 100% 5 (excelle 80 - 89.9% 4 (very gr 65 - 79.9% 3 (good) 60 - 64.9% 2 (satisfar 50 - 59.9% 2 (satisfar	nt) A bod) B C ctory) D	
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATIO	V		
	Title	Number of library copies	Availability in other media
5.1. Required reading (available in a library or through other media)	 Španjol Marković, M.: Moć uvjeravanja, Profil, Zagreb, 2008 Leinert Novosel,S.: Komunikacijski kompas, Plejada, Zagreb, 2013 Kedžo, Z.: Materijali s predavanja 		Available online
5.2. Additional reading (at the time of submitting changes to the course)	 Pease, A.: Govor tijela, Založba-Mladinska knjiga, Zagreb/Ljubljana, 1991 Conger, J. A.: Necessary Art of Persuasion, Harvard Business Review, 1998 		Available online
5.3. Ways of monitoring quality assuring the acquirement of outcome knowledge, skills and competencies	Quality control of students' performance and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through intera and participation in the course, as well as acquiring information on student progress by means of midterm exams, the teacher is instructions to be given to students, with the aim of increasing their efficiency. Students will be informed on their rights and ob reading. Quality assurance indicators: student survey, monitoring annual data issued by the Croatian Employment Service on student e surveys.	s going to acquire necessary in ligations, as well as learning	nformation for further methods and required
5.4. Getting informed on the course and contacting the teacher	Each student is obliged to regularly get informed on the course, the classes and in-class activities. All information regarding published on e-learning course pages, as well as on College website. Students can contact teachers during office hours (at least an they can ask the teacher in class. Questions can also be asked in an e-mail (from an official e-mail address using the domain possible (no later than five working days after the e-mail was received).	hour a week), for shorter ques	stions and explanation

2. GENERAL	INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Anita Grubišić Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	1.8. Course code in ISVU	201216 202141					
1.2. Course title	Cost Management	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Guest lecturers	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30 P + 15 P					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	2.10.1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	2.11.1.12. Number of course revisions	2					
1.6. Year of study	1	1.13. Modernization	Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20% □					
2. COURSE DES	CRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	Cost management in enterprises, cost schedule and carrie	ers, and recording costs and expenditures by classic and contempora	ry methods of calculation.					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions							
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	To analyse business environment, distinguish th To analyse and interpret key business trends a innovation in business To apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative	literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and fo ne company's competitive advantages and propose different business and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and we methods of business decision-making in solving economic and m flows, capacities, costs, and processes using analysis and monitorin	s strategies to achieve the company's goals propose innovative solutions and tactics of nanagerial problems through program support					

2.4. Expected	Learni	ing outcomes according to the Bloom`s taxono		•		Level of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application, 4-analysis, 5-evaluation, 6-synthesis			
learning outcomes on the course level	1. Evaluate how managers use accounting information to create value in organizations. 2. Explain how the costs are presented in the financial statements. 3. Understand the assumptions and limitations of CVP analysis. 4. Understand the reasons for the estimation of fixed and variable costs and explain how the basic cost system works. 5. Understand Ethical Issues in Business Costs. 6. Analyse the accounting choice between FIFO, LIFO and weighted average cost. 7. Compare the cost of products based on activities with traditional methods. 8. Understand the role of the budget in the organization's overall plans.								
	Numb er	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching method	Evaluation		Duration		
	1.	Introductory lecture. Place, role, content, function of managerial accounting.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	internal calculation.	oral exam, they define the basis of	8		
	2.	Education for Accounting Profession. Informatization of internal calculation.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and distinguish between	d oral exam, they know how to types of expenses.	8		
2.5. Course content according to	3.	Costs. Cost classification.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		ral exam, they know how to analyse ts and the way of recording and s.	8		
detailed curriculum schedule	4.	Accounting cost tracking.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and or cost calculation.	al exam, they know how to apply	8		
senedule	5.	Costs in internal accounting.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		oral exam, they know how to size the features of classic and tions.	8		
	6.	Particularities of classical and modern cost accounting.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		oral exam, they know how to size the impact of inventory s results.	8		
	7.	Influence of inventory conversion method to business result	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		al exam they know how to evaluate usiness plan of the company.	8		

8.	Contents and design of a company's business plan.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In both the written and oral exam, they can evaluate and synthesize accountability accounting and flexible budgeting.	8
9.	Accountability and Flexible Budgeting.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	They can evaluate and synthesize transfer prices and their implications in written and oral examinations.	8
10.	Accounting standards and reporting harmonization. Transfer prices and their accounting and tax implications.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize cash flow management as a basis for short-term business decision-making.	8
11.	nformation base for short-term business decision-making. Cash flow management.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize strategic accounting instruments.	8
12.	Strategic Accounting. Instruments of strategic accounting.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize information for long-term business decision-making.	8
13.	Information base of long-term business decision-making.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize public sector management accounting.	8
14.	Public sector management accounting.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the application of cost management to the overall business of the company.	8
15.	Repetition. Exam instructions. Signatures.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - cost management methods, for example in practice.	8

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations	Attendance (in accordance with the Rulebook on Studying) and the preparation of homework assignments are required for signature.									
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	1	Written exam		Project					
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research		Practical work					
for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	1				
number of ECTS points	Colloquium		Seminar paper	1	Other					
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activity	0,5	Oral exam	1	Other					

3.3. Student workload	Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 3. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours											
4. GRADING SY	STEM											
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-											
	U	Insatisfactory			Satisfactory			Above average				
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by me understanding. I basic terms and how to apply or course with exam	Does not know o concepts. Does explain the cont	or apply not know	Reproduces the difficulty im understands the and concepts su	parts new material, ex	knowledge, plains the terms	Observes the content of the terms and content of the terms are terms and the terms are	is at the level of analysis, synthesis and eva e principles, accurately and thoroughly exp he material, and logically connects and expl oncepts supported with examples. Finds sol- iginally given. Notes correlations with relate	lains the ains the utions that			
	Active course at	tandanca	70-75%	of attendance 76-86% of atten		6-86% of attenda	ance 87-100% of attendance		Max. Points			
	Active course at	tenuance	4 points		7 points			10points	20 points			
4.3. Final grade	Seminar paper											
according to evaluation				2	3			4	5			
elements	Colloquia/ Writ	ten exam	50	-64,9%		65-79,9%	80-89,9%		90-100%			
			41	points	53 points			65 points	72 points			
	Oral exam			2		3		4	5			
	Utai exain		9	points		12 points		15 points	18 points			
4.3. Final grade		Percentage of knowledge, competences (te example	skills and eaching + final	Numerical	grade	ECTS g	rade					
according to absolute		90 - 100% 5 (excellent) A 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) B										
division		80 - 8 65 - 7		4 (very g 3 (goo		C B						
		60 - 6	4,9%	2 (satisfac		D						
	50 - 5		9,9%	% 2 (satisfact		E						

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and via other media)	1. grupa autora: Upravljačko računovodstvo, RIF, Zagreb, 2011.		YES
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Lanen, W.N. & Anderson, S.W. & Maher, M.W., Fundamentals of cost accounting, Third Edition, 2014, by The McGraw-Hill – PPP Belak, V., Menadžersko računovodstvo, RRIF, Zagreb, 1995. Grubišić, A.; Analiza poslovanja, skripta, Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2010. 	2	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interact student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, in be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations a literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service surveys from employers and Alumni association.	nformation for further guid s well as the methods of w	ance to students wil ork and the required
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the students of the course of the students of the stu	contact teachers during the ole to ask questions by e-m	e consultation period

II. SEMESTAR

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision-Making	1.8. ISVU course code	129870, 202133					
1.2. Lecturer	Želimir Mikulić Master in eng., Sen.Lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Ana Perišić Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	2 nd – materials available on-line (video lectures), simulation tools 20%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.					
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		·						
2.1. Course objectives To introduce students to various types of problems that occur in business decision making. Get to know and learn how to use quantitative methods for selecting and optimizing business decisions. Students will learn to build and solve mathematical models of various problems, select criteria for making business decisions and analyse sensitivity of selected solutions.								

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Com	Completed Statistics Collegium							
	LO2.7	To individually and responsibly search relevant lite	erature for reachin	g solutions and conclusions.					
	LO3.7	To individually and responsibly search, interpret an	nd integrate the rel	levant literature needed to make decisions					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the		To use probabilistic models for different discrete a ses with support of computer tools.	nd continuous stoo	chastic phenomena, assess population para	ameters, set statistical hypotheses, conduct tests and	basic statistical			
study programme level	L07.7	To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative r	methods of busine	ss decision-making in solving economic a	nd managerial problems through program support				
	L013.	To suggest decisions on production, operations, fl	lows, capacities, c	osts and processes using analysis and mor	itoring of achieved indicators and results				
	L017.	To assess acceptability of an investment project b	ased on economic	-financial analysis made with the help of	modern tools and techniques				
		Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)							
2.4 Europeted learning outcomes		4,5							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	 to identify and classify problems: linear programming, nonlinear programming, integer and mixed programming, transport, network, deterministic and stochastic dynamic programming problems, 								
	3. To build a mathematical model of linear optimization problems.								
	 Using the program support to solve the problems of linear optimization and evaluate the reliability of the results based on the sensitivity analysis. Develop transport and assignment problem models, review their validity, and choose when it is more convenient to deal with other methods. 								
	 Develop transport and assignment problem models, review their validity, and choose when it is more convenient to deal with other methods. Identify network optimization models: Apply basic algorithms and methods to resolve network optimisation problems. 								
	7. I	<u>4,5</u> 4,5							
		 Design a model for process control and to select the optimal savings by cutting in cases of breaking deadlines. Recommend optimal business decision choices using deterministic and stochastic dynamic programming methods. 							
	 Design decision trees for evaluating decisions and calculate the value of information. Critically evaluate decision modelling settings and get results to avoid bias and standard error. 								
		tructive alignment	get results to avor			5,6			
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
	1	Introduction to Quantitative Methods.	1,2	Listen to the lecture.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	2 hours			

2.	Linear problems, mathematical model and geometric visualization.	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	10 hours
3.	Simplex Method, theoretical basis and solving method	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	12hours
4.	Post-optimal analysis, sensitivity and shadow price	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	14 hours
5.	Special cases of linear problems, transport problems	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
6.	Directed simplex method for transport problems. Problem of assignation.	2,3,5	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
7.	Network Models: Minimum Tree Problem, Shortest Way, Maximum Flow	2,3,4,5	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
8.	Network Models for Project Management.	2,3,4,5,6	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
9.	Integer programming.	2,3,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
10.	Dynamic Programming	2,3,4,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
11.	Stochastic Dynamic Programming.	2,3,4,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
12.	Decision-Making Theory: Decisions Tree.	2,3,4,9	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	8 hours
13.	Decision-Making Theory: The value of information	2,3,4,9	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
14.	Behavioral economics. Prejudices and misconceptions of using quantitative methods.	1,2,3,4,10	Listen to the lecture, solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	6 hours
15.	Problem analysis, model selection and solving methods.	1,2,3,4,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 s hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK									
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year. • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period. • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, makin and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, creating and presenting the exam (written and oral exam).									
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Attendance	2	Written exam	2	Proj	ject				
	Experimental work		Research		Prac	ctical work				
	Essay		Report		Con	ntinuous examination				
	Colloquium	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written examination)	Seminar paper		Oth	er (inscribe)				
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1,5	Oth	er (inscribe)				
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes (n all bases amounts to 1 EC including lectures and exercises) lectures and exam through self-st		s of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 75 105						
4. GRADING										
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Element Poor			Satisfyir	Satisfying		Above average			

4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Poor				Satisfying			Above average	
	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.			rms new ents the	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given.	
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation elements	Active participation in the lessons		70-74,9% of attendance		75-79,9% of attendance		80-8	9,9% of attendance	90-100% of attendance
			2 points		5 points		10 points		20 points
	Colloquium / written exam		2		3			4	5
			50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5		5
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numero	us grade	ECTS grade			
		90 - 100%		5 (exc	ellent)	A			
		80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9%		4 (ver	good)	В			
				3 (g	ood)	С			
			60 - 64,9%		icient)	D			
			50-59,9%	2 (suf	icient)	Е			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE											
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media								
(available in the library and through other media)	1. Hillier F, Lieberman G: Introduction to operations Research, McGraw Hill 8th ed. 2005, 8th Ed.	1	Available On-line								
through other media)	 Ragsdale C: Spreadsheet Modelling & Decision Analysis: A Practical Introduction to Management Science, Thompson South Western, 5th Ed. 	1	Available On-line								
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Waters D.: Quantitative Methods for Business, FT Prentice Hall, 5rd Ed. Winston W., Albright C.Č Practical Management Science, South Western 3rd Ed. Bradley, Hax, and Magnanti: Applied Mathematical Programming, Addisson-Wesley, 1977 	1 1 1	Available On-line Available On-line Available On-line								
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By ke classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	nts will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency								
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any pages of the course, Piazza platform and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers in person during the const questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to contact teachers via e-mail and schedule on-line meeting via Zoo	ultation term (at least one hour	ished on the e-learning per week), while brief								

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT										
1.1. Title	Risk Management	1.8. ISVU course code	129873 202134							
1.2. Lecturer	Anita Krolo Crvelin MSc, Senior Lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code								
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)							
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 20%							
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.							
1.6. Study year	3 th	1.13. Modernization	□ yes no							
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% □ More than 20 % □							
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			I							
 2.1. Course objectives Introduce students to the types of business risks, Get students to understand the issues of recognizing, managing and possibilities of risk anticipation, Train students to adopt risk mitigation mechanisms. 										
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	ne									

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	•	 Recognize different problems, risks and risky situations in contemporary management Propose proper solutions for identified problems and risk management mechanisms based on the situational analysis Independently and responsibly search relevant literature for problem solving Analyse business environment, recognize competitive advantages of organization and propose adequate business strategy for goal achieving Analyse, interpret key business trends and innovations in micro and macro environment, and propose innovative solutions and tactics. 										
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to It is ex 1 2 3 4	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) It is expected that students, upon the completion of the course and preparing the seminar paper, will be able to: 1. recognize types of business risks 2. evaluate risk significance and propose risk management mechanisms, 3. create new ideas and solutions for risk management, 4. to predict risky situations, 5. analyse internal and external business environment and propose different business strategies										
	Cons	tructive alignment										
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed						
	1	Introductory lesson.	-	Listen to the lecture. Get basic information about the course and their tasks on it.	-	2 hours						
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Business crisis, causes and symptoms	1, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they define basic concepts, describe business crisis and understand basic causes and symptoms of business crisis.	2 hours						
	2.	Concept and types of risk (speculative and pure risks), business risks classification	1, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, individually or in teamwork on case studies and show the level of previously acquired knowledge, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they recognize different types of risks. They can classify them.	3 hours						
	3.	Decision maker's attitudes towards risks	1, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they understand basic frameworks of decision-making processes. They understand the effects of different attitudes towards risks in decision making process.	3 hours						

4.	Decision making based on profit to risk ratio	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they apply acquired knowledge in the decision-making process, especially one that is based on the profit to risk ratio.	8 hours
5.	Methods of pure risks protection (transmission, reduction, takeover, disposition)	1, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they recognize and apply methods of pure risks protection.	4 hours
6.	Risk analysis concept and characteristics.	1, 3, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they can explain the concept of risk analysis. They can critically analyse characteristics of risk analysis.	6 hours
7.	Risk identification (project risks, company risks, market risks)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they can identify project risks, business risks and market risks.	6 hours
8.	Risk measurement methods	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they can define basic risk measurement methods.	4 hours
9.	Evaluation of options	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they are able to valuate different risk management options.	2 hours
10.	Decision making in the conditions of uncertainty.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they define concept of uncertainty. They apply previously gained knowledge in the decision making in the conditions of uncertainty.	2 hours
11.	Risk analysis by simulation.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they analyse risks by simulation.	1 hour
12.	Management defining phase. Control takeover phase. Evaluation phase.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	4 hours
13.	Urgency phase. Stabilisation phase.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	4 hours
14.	Return to growth phase.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	3 hours
15.	End of crisis.		They listen to a lecture and prepare individually for the exam.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	4 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK									
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Seminar paper is obligatory and precondition to approach the exam. Final exam can be passed during the semester, by passing two colloquia. If student approach the final exam without the colloquia, oral exam is obligatory. Students are advised to actively participate in class activities such are group case studies, group discussions etc. Each student is obligated to inform himself on class activities. All informations will be provided on e-learning web page of the course.									
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	2	Written exam		1 (without colloquiums)	Proje	ct			
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research			Practi	ical work			
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay		Report			Conti	nuous examination			
corresponds to the credit score	Colloquium	2 (without the written and oral exams)	Seminar paper		1	Other	(inscribe)			
of the course)	Class activities	1	Oral exam		1 (without colloquiums)	Other	(inscribe)			
	The student's workload on Commitment	all bases amounts to 1 E0	CTS point for 30	hours of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate)						
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presenting seminar paper 3. Preparation for the Colloquium / exam through self-study				60 60 60					
4. GRADING										
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying		Above a	verage		
	Organization	ganization The paper is not organized order and its structure is la			The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another			
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fr repeated grammatical mis	Writing style is are too long, equent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		ear, ttle	Words and phrases are terminology and show their meaning. The wr excellent, the sentence concise, the vocabular are no grammatical err	an understanding of iting style is s are clear and y is rich and there		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to t	e topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		with or earch	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,			

		I	Poor			Satisfying		Al	bove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know a	y memory, no deeper understanding. and does not apply the basic terms Cannot apply or explain the contents			Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transf new knowledge, understands subject matter, expla the terms and the notions that substantiate examples.			ins thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and	
	Active participation	in the	less than 70% of a	ttendance	70-759	% of attendance	76-85	5% of attendance	86-100% of attendance
	lessons		0 points			5 points		7 points	10 points
	с ·		2			3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		15 points		22 points			27 points	30 points
according to evaluation		2			3			4	5
elements	Colloquium / written exam				65-77%			78-89%	90-100%
			25 points		30 points			35 points	40 points
		2				3		5	5
	Oral exam		10 points		1	15 points		18 points	20 points
		kno	centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numer	ous grade	ECTS grade			
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90-100%	· · ·	cellent)	А			
			80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9%		ry good)	B			
			65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9%	0	good) fficient)	D			
					fficient)	E			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE											
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media								
through other media)	 Klarić, M.: Analiza rizika, Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Sveučilište Josipa Jurja Strossmayer, Osijek, 2006. Sučević, D. Krizni menadžmenta, Lider, Zagreb, 2010. 										
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Lectures outlines Klarić, M.: Uvod u menadžment rizika, , Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Sveučilište Josipa Jurja Strossmayer, Osijek, 2011. 										
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By a classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency								
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations								

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT										
1.1. Title	Operations Management	1.8. ISVU course code	146576 202135							
1.2. Lecturer	Željko Deković Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code								
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Jelena Žaja Master in econ., Lec	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)							
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%							
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	3.							
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no							
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %							

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with the concept of operations management, its role in the company's activities as well as ways of improving the company's business with a special of ways of looking at operational business processes. Introduce students with the basics of operations management through lectures, classroom discussions and business cases, and instruct students to create operations and create the primary products and services of the company so that after completing the course, each student knows how to approach the basic problems of operating business hould look for additional information to solve complex operational management issues that arise in practice in everyday business. Adopt and expand knowledge in the field of: • operations functions and business strategies. • product design, process and technology selection; • quality management, control and quality improvement; • yield management and overbooking management in service industry; • models of inventory management; • business forecasts; process and technology selection, capacity planning and termination; • lean production; • project management methods.	d improve systems that
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions. LO3. To suggest decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results. LO7. To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program suppor LO13. To analyze business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals. 	
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 1. to explain basic concepts of operations management and their practical application, 2. to propose basic and correct production and operations decisions in the area of production and services management through the implementation of the appropriate operational planning followed by analysis and control of the achieved indicators and results, 3. to choose models, methods, techniques, and tools appropriate to certain issues at the operating management level, 4. to valorise the concepts of quality management in modern business by applying appropriate statistical methods, 5. to draw up a plan for managing capacity overbooking on a practical example of a hotel business, 6. to recommend a strategies for managing waiting line, 7. to evaluate the implementation of operations management activities by applying a project approach (designing and planning activities based on the type of production and choice of technology, location selection, project organization), 8. use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English and present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in the team.	LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis 5 6 5 6 6 5 5 6 6 5 3,6

	Cons	Constructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. Get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours					
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Basic concepts and determinants of operational management.	1, 8	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam, they can explain the position of operational management in the organizational structure, the most important decisions in operations management, the transformation process, the difference between operations and processes, and they can distinguish the similarities and differences between products and services.	8 hours					
	2.	Operational strategy and production management.	1, 2, 3, 8	They listen to lectures, read literature and study case studies. In the exercise classes, instructional methods are used in the application of total, partial and multifactorial measures of productivity.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know how to differentiate the operating - production strategy from the business strategy. They know how to describe the product life cycle, analyze the competitive advantages of businesses, explain why trade-offs are made, and suggest compromise in strategy. They can explain the types of operating strategies and relate them to different degrees of production efficiency. They know how to calculate and interpret productivity by using appropriate overall, partial, and multifactorial measures.	10 hours					
	4. D	Selection of production process.	1, 2, 3, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they analyze the point of cost coverage, determine the utilization of production capacity.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam they can explain the types of production process, how the production process is selected, analyze the factors in the decision making process of the production process selection, propose economic criteria for the production process selection, and highlight the advantages and disadvantages of certain types of production processes.	10 hours					
		Design of production and service processes.	1, 2, 3, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They study case studies to demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam, they can explain the concept of a new product introduction strategy, identify differences between factory and service production, and explain the service matrix, service strategy and the term triangle. Furthermore, they know how to classify services, determine service efficiency and propose measures to improve services.	10 hours					
	5.	Technology selection and process flow analysis.	1, 2, 4, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In group work, they study case studies, which show the acquisition of	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they can analyze the process flow by making a flow chart, measure the process performance and propose measures to shorten the process duration.	10 hours					

		1	marrievalu econima Imerrileda 4]
			previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss problems.		
6.	Work management. Job design and work measurement.	1, 2, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. Case studies on the topic of job design and work measurement are addressed in the exercise classes.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the reasons for measuring work and setting work standards. Furthermore, they know how to select and apply different work measurement techniques, explain the concept of ergonomics, anticipate the main issues an operations manager will face in job design, and identify the advantages and disadvantages of work specialization in a company.	10 hours
7.	Forecasting	1, 2, 3, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, for quantitative demand forecasting method the instructional method is applied.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam, they can choose the appropriate quantitative methods in order to predict the demand on concrete example. They know how to control the accuracy of forecast demand and propose measures to adjust for forecasting errors.	14 hours
8.	Aggregate planning and major production schedules. Capacity and location planning in OM.	1, 2, 3, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In group work on the exercises, they develop uniform, offensive and hybrid aggregate plans. For the purpose of making capacity decisions, they measure capacity and build a decision tree.	They can state and explain the concept, goals and types of aggregate plans at the colloquium or the written and oral exam. They can explain how planning factors affect the development of an aggregate plan, how their amounts can be determined, and what are the possible options and costs in aggregate planning. They know how to develop an aggregate plan on the basis of which they can define decisions about the number of employees needed, overtime, subcontracting and the general level of total inventories. They know how to make a decisions.	12 hours
9.	Service Management / Yield Management.	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. A case study is processed.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know explain the concept of yield management and propose appropriate strategy for matching of supply and demand. They know how to design a rebooking plan, or determine the optimal rebooking policy.	12 hours
10.	Service Management / Waiting lines	1, 2, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. Waiting lines are studied by calculating the operating characteristics of the system. In the group work, the method of discussing the topic at hand is applied.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state and explain the costs in waiting lines, categorize basic operational characteristics in studying waiting lines, choose the appropriate waiting lines model, explain when the waiting lines are stable, evaluate the quality of service provided with regard to system utilization, calculate and interpret the performance of the queuing tail system and make suggestions for service improvements.	12 hours
11.	Quality management.	1, 2, 3, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. On exercises, the method of instruction in the processing of	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the PDCA circle as an approach to quality improvement, the term and principles of	10 hours

			different methods of statistical quality control is applied.	TQM, Six Sigma. Furthermore, they know how to explain the concept of statistical process control, where it is used, types of data in statistical process control, to explain the concepts of variations, attributes, and variables in statistical process control. Based on existing data, they are able to select the appropriate type of control chart, calculate the required characteristics, construct a control chart and make a conclusion as to whether the process is under control.	
12.	Production schedule and production scheduling.	1, 2, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know to explain the types of production / space layouts, propose criteria for making decisions on the spatial allocation of work resources, explain the advantages and disadvantages of the process production schedule, the term "termination", and what is the basic difference between scheduling and aggregate planning.	6 hours
13.	Inventory management.	1, 2, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, the method of instruction is applied in determining the optimal order quantity and number of orders, the optimal amount of costs, and the holding of supplies. Students independently perform inventory analysis according to the ABC Inventory Management System.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the basic parameters in inventory management, explain the costs of holding inventory, types of demand from the aspect of inventory management, explain the models of inventory management in dependent demand and in independent demand. They know how to determine the optimum ordering amount, the optimum cost of ordering and holding inventory, and analyze the inventory and categorize it according to the ABC Inventory Management System.	10 hours
14.	Enterprise Resource Management. Just in time / Lean production.	1, 3, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know to explain the concepts of JIT and lean manufacturing, how they differ from traditional business practices, and how JIT can be used in planning and management. They can explain the terms kanban and kaizen.	6 hours
15.	Project management.	1, 2, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature. Using the PERT method, they independently calculate the project duration.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they can explain the basic stages in project management, they can predict the limitations of the project and explain the concept of the bargaining triangle. They know how to list different project management methods and calculate project duration using the PERT method.	6 hours
	Concluding considerations / Repeating and preparing for exam.		They read the literature and prepare individually for the exam.		32 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK						
3.1. Students` obligations	 In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies) and passing the exam (written and oral exam). 						
	Attendance	1	Written exam	2,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work		
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	4,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)		
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)		
		on all bases amounts to 1 E	CTS point for 30 hours o	f work per semester and is estimated as:			
3.3. Student workload	Commitment			Hours (estimate)			
5.5. Student workload	1. Attending classes			75			
	2. Preparation for the	e Colloquium / exam through self	-study	105			

4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor	Poor		sfying			Above average
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Organization	Organization The paper is not organized in order and its structure is lack		ing. aistinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
	Terminology, writing style	gy, writing Words and phrases are low with official terminology. V not appropriate, sentences a modest vocabulary, and fre repeated grammatical mista		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	d at all. The the topic and show		s are appropria	ncomplete and with re appropriate for consistent. The references are		accurate, complete and 'he references are appropriate, rich" and comprehensive and
	Р	oor		Satisfying			Ab	ove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does r and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	new knowledge, u	terms, without difficuunderstands subject mat the notions that sub	ter, explains	evaluation thorough logically that it en originall	on. It observes thy explains the links and explored explo	evel of analysis, synthesis and s legitimacy, accurately and the content of the subject, and plains the terms and concepts and solutions that are not the is a correlation with
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-100% of atte		ndance	Solved case study.
	lessons	3 points		5 points		7 points		3 points
4.3. Creating a final grade		2		3		4		5
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
elements		27 points		33 points		39 points		45 points
	Oral exam	2		3		5		5
		27 points		33 points		39 points		45 points

1.4. Creating a final grade		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerous grade	ECTS grade												
4.4. Creating a final grade		90-100%	5 (excellent)	А												
according to absolute allocation	$\frac{80 - 89,9\%}{65 - 79,9\%}$ $60 - 64,9\%$	80 - 89,9%	4 (very good)	В												
													65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	С	
		60-64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D												
		50 - 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E												

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
(available in the library and	3. Prester J. (2015). *Operacijski menadžment*. Mikrorad, Ekonomski fakultet Zagreb.	10			
through other media)	 Deković, Ž., Šišara, J. (2017). *Primjena operacijskog menadžmenta – zbirka zadataka s teoretskim objašnjenjima*. Veleučilište u Šibeniku, Šibenik. 		Available On-line		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study 4. Taylor B.W., Russell R. S. (2006). *Operations Management: Quality and Competitiveness in a Global Environement*. Wiley. 5. Schroeder, R. G. (1999). *Upravljanje proizvodnjom, Odlučivanje u funkciji proizvodnje*. Mate, Zagreb. 6. Barković, D. (2011). *Uvod u operacijski management* Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Osijek. 7. Sloki N. Pranden Janes A. Jahrston P. (2013). *Operations Management* Baarcon Baser 				
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By a classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency		
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations		

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Management of Conflict	201217 202145						
1.2. Lecturer	MA Gina Lugović, S. Lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	?	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30P+15S					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , materials available online, 0% of course online					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1					
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	x yes 🗌 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X More than 20 % □					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		
2.1. Course objectives	Getting to know the underlying concepts of cause, development and conflict resolution in interpersonal relationships. Adoption of basic terms of cause, development and conflict resolution: - Setting up rules for improved communication, negotiating skills and conducting negotiating skills participants, - emotional control and retention of integrity, - Understanding the time frame, - Understanding the sensitivity to cultural barriers and the effective use of humor, - defining the problems and solutions of problems based on participants' interests, - mediation (third party involvement, mediation) and the choice and role of the mediator, - Evaluating and increasing stakeholder interest in solving the problem through mediation - assisting conflict participants in planning future interactions. Understanding of Conflict in Interpersonal Relations and Social Skills for Conflict Resolution, Learning and applying mediation / mediation in conflict resolution.	
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Passed course "Psychology for Managers".	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 LO1. To organize and lead teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions. LO6. To critically evaluate existing marketing communications and suggest improvements on the concrete business case and develop basic skills of forming integrommunications LO16. To identify various problems, risks and risky situations in modern management and propose adequate solutions for identified problems and risk management company's state analysis LO20. To predict the causes of conflicts in company and resolve conflicts by mediating 	-
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 1. Analyse the opinions and attitudes of team members 2. Differentiate between the process of conflict formation, development and resolution, 3. Manage the expression of emotions in the mediation / mediation in the conflict of third parties, 4. Evaluate and respect cultural diversity, 5. Plan mediation / mediation techniques for resolving third party conflicts and base solutions on parties' interests in the mediation process 6. Prepare mediation participants to resolve future potential conflicts on their own, focus on behavior that minimizes or completely reduces future misunderstandings / conflicts.	LO Level:1.Recapture,2.Understanding,3.Application,4.Analysis,5.Evaluation,6.Synthesis45655566

	Cons	structive alignment					
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed	
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	They listen to a lecture. In the course of independent work on a computer, they are introduced to the course content and documents on the e-learning page of the course.	-	6 hours	
		I Introduction lecture, concept and content of conflict management. Significance of mental health	2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	The written exam defines the basic concepts of conflict and conflict management. They describe the role of mental health and the impact of conflict on mental health. They know how to explain the impact of conflict on mental health.	6 hours	
	2.	2.	The beginning and development of conflicts, causes. Commencing communication - overcoming the conflict	1, 2, 3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written examination, they can list the causes of conflict, distinguish and give an example of commencement of communication, and judge and manage communication in the direction of overcoming conflicts.	8 hours
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	3.	Mediation, third party involvement, choice of mediators, mediator role. Tracking Mediation Participants.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe the role of taxation and the involvement of a third party and explain the choice and role of the mediator. In the written exam, they know how to suggest the follow-up of mediation participants from a specific work situation.	8 hours	
	 4. stakeholder interest in solving mediation problems, setting up for improved communication. Intermediate, guide participants during joint meetings, help conf participants in planning future 	4.	mediation problems, setting up rules	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define mediation and evaluate and suggest ways to increase the interest of participants in problem solving through mediation, to create rules for improved communication, to explain by example, to analyse and to conclude on the relationship and possible prejudices in communication.	8 hours
		interactions. Process of mediation	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe the basic concepts of mediation, guiding participants during joint meetings, differentiating ways of not / assisting participants in planning future interactions, and anticipating the process of mediation in different work situations. Designed and presented seminar (using computer programs on its own).	8 hours	
	6.	Active listening, perception.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired	In the written exam, they can define and describe active listening, set an example and explain the impact of perception on active listening, and the importance of keeping silence in communication.	7 hours	

			knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	
7.	Leadership of negotiating skills, understanding of others, conversation skills.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe the way in which the participants are guided by negotiation skills, to evaluate their own understanding of others, and to modify the art of conversation according to the needs of the work process. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	7 hours
8.	Requirement for clarity, patience, maintaining integrity.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe the elements of communication that relate to a demand for clarity, patience, retention of integrity during conflict and negotiation. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	6 hours
9.	Avoiding Presumptions and Evil, Assessing Others. Differentiation of facts and estimates.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems. In group work at the seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	In the written exam, they can define and describe the avoidance of assumption and malice, and the evaluations of others, and analyze and compare the distinction between facts and estimates. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	5 hours
10.	Control emotions, recognize errors and dispensation.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they know how to define and describe emotion control, admitting mistakes, and apologizing during the process of communication and mediation.	8 hours
11.	Understanding the time frame, a division of the larger issues in less. Organizing time.	1, 2, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they know how to design a time frame, divide larger questions into smaller ones, and organize time. Seminar prepared and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
12.	Separating problems from self- awareness, avoiding threats, and manipulating tactics.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam they know how to define and describe the separation of problems from self- awareness, avoidance of threat and manipulative tactics during communication and negotiation. Analyse and manage control, criticism and manipulation. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
13.	Effective use of humour. Can we learn humour?	1, 2, 3, 4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that	In the written exam, they can define and describe the effective use of humour, enumerate ways of expressing humour.	6 hours

					knowledge and pre	n of previously acquired sent the acquired as, discuss problems.	Seminar created and presen programs independently).		
	14.	solving, defining	on of poor solutions.	1, 2, 4, 5, 6	At the exercises, in groups of four, the show the acquisition knowledge and pre	ture and read literature. dividually, in pairs or design exercises that n of previously acquired sent the acquired as, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they ca judge the focus on the prob solution, define interest-bas and reject weak solutions. Seminar created and presen programs independently).	lem rather than the ed solutions, and selec	-
	15.	Sensitivity to cu (common feature cultural and ideo Difference as a r	es of all people, blogical differences).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	At the exercises, in groups of four, the show the acquisition knowledge and pre	ture and read literature. dividually, in pairs or design exercises that n of previously acquired sent the acquired as, discuss problems.	Explain sensitivity to cultur exam and advocate diversit created and presented (using independently).	y as a rule. Seminar	en 5 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	NT WO	ORK							
3.1. Students' obligations	work (conclu the Po Studen making	one with Croatian and sion, literature from 20 lytechnic (http://www. tts can pass the final ex g and presenting the se	the other with English litera 000 to 2018. Seminar papers vus.hr). cam in two ways: a) during t	acy used; submit i are sent to an e-r he course through to colloquia); b) du	n the text and present nail (gina@vus.hr). S a continuous student a uring the course (activ	with ppt; seminar work co tudents are advised to con ttendance (active participa	s are obliged to choose topics, onsists of at least 10 pages: co- sult at the time of consultation tion in the lessons, creating mons, creating mental map, solv	ver, content, introducti s or for another term. on mental map, solving cas	on, work , on the web site of e studies,
2.2. Manitaring student made	Attendance 1		Written	exam	2 2		Project	/	
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experi	Experimental work /		Research	h /			Practical work	/
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay		/	Report		/		Continuous examination	/
corresponds to the credit score	Collog	uium	/	Seminar	paper	1		Other (inscribe)	/
of the course)	Class a	activities	/	Oral exa	im	/		Other (inscribe)	/
3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 ho Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presenting seminar paper			nt for 30 hours of	work per semester a <i>Hours (estimate)</i>	nd is estimated as:			

4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor	Sat	Satisfying		Above average		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is l		distinction between	e paper is well structured with a clear stinction between the introduction, the stin part of the text and the conclusion.			ell-structured with a clear veen the introduction, the e text and the conclusions y logically linked to one
	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	. Writing style is s are too long, requent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.		
	Quoting and referencing	encing Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show the asuperficial approach to the research topic			Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.	
	Po		Satisfying			Above av	verage	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, r Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot appl of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	he basic terms transfers new knowledge, understands subject		evaluation. It thoroughly ex logically link encapsulates.	vledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and ation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and ughly explains the content of the subject, and ally links and explains the terms and concepts that is sulates. Find solutions that are not originally given is a correlation with correlative subjects.		
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	0-75% of attendance 76-86%		5% of attendance 87-100% o			Created mental map. Solved case study.
	lessons	2 points		4 points		7 points		3 points
	Saminan nanan	2		3	4			5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points	8 point		s	10 points
according to evaluation	Calle minure / written	2		3		4		5
elements	Colloquium / written	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9	%	90-100%
	exam	25 points		30 points		35 poin	ts	40 points
	Oral exam	2		3		5		5
		25 points		30 points		35 poin		40 points
	Percentage of adopted ki	nowledge, skills and competence	es (teaching + final ex		ous grade		ECTS grade	
4.4. Creating a final grade		$\frac{90-100\%}{80-89,9\%}$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	vellent) y good)		AB	
according to absolute allocation		65 - 79,9%			jood)		C B	
according to absolute anotation		60-64,9%			ficient)		D	
		50 - 59.9%		(ficient)		E	

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
5.1. Compulsory literature	 Lugović, G. (2011). Menadžment konflikata, nastavni materijal. Šibenik: Veleučilište u Šibeniku. Dostupno na E-learning mrežnoj stranici Veleučilišta u Šibeniku. Lazarus, R. S., Folkman, S. (2004). Stres, procjena i suočavanje, Pojam suočavanja, str. 121-144; Proces suočavanja: Alternativa 	3	Available On-line
(available in the library and through other media)	 In tradicionalnim formulacijama, str. 145-184. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap. Billikopf, G. (2014). Party-Directed Mediation – Facilitating Dialogue Between Individuals (3rd Edition), University of California Agricultural and Natural resources. Dostupno na https://ia600307.us.archive.org/9/items/PartyDirMediation_201404/PartyDirMediation.pdf Billikopf, G. (2002). Contributions of Caucusing and Pre-Caucusing to Mediation, Group Facilitation: A Research and Applications Journal, 4, 3-11. http://www.cnr.berkeley.edu/ucce50/ag-labor/research /res04.htm 		Available On-line
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Kure, N., Winslade, J. (2010). A Narrative Approach to Working with an Organization in Conflict, <u>http://journal-of-conflictology.uoc.edu</u> Linden, J. (2001). Mediation Styles: The Purists vs. The Toolkit, Mediate.com, https://www.mediate.com/articles/linden4.cfm 		Available On-line
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	Quality control of students' work and acquiring the necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured: - interactive work on lectures, - conducting records on attendance and student activities in lectures, - information obtained on the basis of the results of the examinations needed to increase the efficiency of the work and - by referring students to rights, obligations, methods of work and the necessary literature. Quality Assurance System Indicators: Student Surveys, CES data on the student's annual employment status, Employer Surveys and Alumni As	sociation.	
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any de pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will b working days from the receipt of e-mail).	lay in teaching will be published o er week), while brief questions and	explanations

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Name of the course	Croatian Economy	1.8. ISVU course code	201218 202142					
1.2. Lecturer	Dijana Mečev, PhD, college prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+0+15+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st level – materials available on- line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1					
1.6. Study year	1st	1.13. Modernization	□ yes no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			·					
2.1. Course objectives	2.1. Course objectives Training students for understanding basic concepts, principles and phenomena in the country's economic system; critical analysis and understanding of the dynamic development processes and performance of the Croatian economy and the application of the acquired basic knowledge and skills in further professional development.							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Undergraduate professional or university studies completed.								

	LO1: 7	To organize and lead team work, and critically ju	dge the opinions a	nd attitudes of team members.						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO2: T	To individually and responsibly search relevant li	iterature for reachi	ng solutions and conclusions,						
study programme level	LO4: To analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innov									
	LO14: To analyse and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia, and propose solutions to stimulate economic prosperity									
	Lear	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxon o two verbs per LO)	omy:			LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, Synthesis				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	1	. To describe the factors affecting the size an educational structure of the population and t				1,4				
	 To analyse the roles and constraints of tourism in the economic development of the state and argue the possibilities for further development of Croatian tourism. 									
	3. To compare different models of national economic development and analyze the impact of regional policy of the state.									
	 To assess the consequences of economic policy and activities of individual economic entities in the context of the national economy. To link current economic trends with economic theory and international economic practice. 									
	Constructive alignment									
	no.	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. By independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	3 hours				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Population and economic development (I).	1,5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain basic demographic indicators; are able to analyze different quantitative and qualitative aspects of the population of the Republic of Croatia. They can think critically about the reasons for the demographic deficit and its effects on economic development. They can think critically about contemporary demographic challenges and trends.					
	3.	Population and economic development (II).	1, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain basic demographic indicators; are capable of analyzing different quantitative and qualitative aspects of the	6 hours				

8.	The education system of the Republic of Croatia.	1, 4	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can	6 hours
7.	Health system of the Republic of Croatia.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can describe and define basic economic concepts in healthcare, can explain method of financing health care in the Republic of Croatia. They can explain the structure and importance of the Croatian health system in the business and private life of individuals and society, and take a stand on the issue.	6 hours
6.	Poverty.	1, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and distinguish terms related to poverty and social exclusion. They can explain the similarities and differences between poverty and inequality in the distribution of wealth and income. They know how to critically judge economic, political and other social measures to combat and reduce inequality and social exclusion at the national level.	6 hours
5.	Pension system of the Republic of Croatia.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can state the main features of small and major pension reform. They know how to explain the structure and importance of the Croatian pension system in the business and private life of individuals and society, and take a stand on the issue.	6 hours
4.	Labor market of the Republic of Croatia.	1, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain different forms of unemployment, distinguish registered unemployment rate from the one based on survey., distinguish economically-active population from non active one. They can critically evaluate active employment policy measures. They can ponder over interconnection between labor market and economic development.	10 hours
			presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	population of the Republic of Croatia. They can think critically about the reasons for the demographic deficit and its effects on economic development. They can think critically about	

Γ				seminar student individually or in	define and describe the concepts of education	
				pairs solve case studies thus	economics. They can explain the relationship	
				presenting the appropriateness of	between education policy, education reform and	
				previously acquired knowledge and	economic growth. They are capable of analyzing	
				presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	the impact of the cost of investing in education on the social benefit of education.	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	the social benefit of education.	
	9.	Fiscal policy of the Republic of Croatia and the budget.	4, 5	literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students know how to interpret Croatia's fiscal policy, structure of general government budget and analyze and critically evaluate revenue and expenditure items in the state budget.	10 hours
	10.	Monetary policy of the Republic of Croatia.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students define and analyze monetary policy instruments, money functions, currency emissions and drawdown; analyze and interpret ways in which monetary policy instruments affect the financial markets and economic activity of the Republic of Croatia.	8 hours
	11.	Regional development.	3, 4	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students define and explain key elements of the regional economic structure of the Republic of Croatia; critically evaluate regional policies and regional inequalities in Croatia.	8 hours
	12.	Croatian tourism industry.	2, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can explain the characteristics of tourist supply and demand of the Republic of Croatia. Describe the preconditions for tourism development; analyze the roles and limitations of tourism in the economic development of the Republic of Croatia, argue the possibilities of its further development.	10 hours
	13.	Croatian retail sector.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can describe the importance of trade in the economic development of the Republic of Croatia.	6 hours

					presenting adopted kno ideas, discuss issues.	wledge and			
	14.	Manufacturing and Croatia.	d wood industry in	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and literature. Use multime network. Discuss issues seminar student individ pairs solve case studies presenting the appropri- previously acquired kno ideas, discuss issues.	dia and s. At the hually or in thus ateness of powledge and	distinguish be manufacturing	m or written and oral exam students etween individual branches of the / wood industry and evaluate their ith respect to market trends in the oatia.	6 hours
	15.	Concluding Considerat Preparing for Exam.	tions / Repeating and		Concluding Considerate Repeating and Preparin				23 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK							
3.1. Students' obligations	to atter Studen Studen	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquium seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam							
	Attend	ance		W1	Written exam Written exam written exam		e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		Re	earch			Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Re	port			Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	Colloquium 3 3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)			ninar paper	0,5			
	Class a	activities	0,5	Or	l exam	1 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an examination)	e student is		

3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presen			6 1	work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 60 10 50					
4. GRADING	4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying		Above average			
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.			The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another			
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	 Writing style is s are too long, Frequent and 	Vriting style is re too long, quent andterminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is the vocabulary is appropriate and ha		is clear,	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.			
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show a superficial approach to the research topic.			e references are appropria	ate for	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.			
	Poo	or		Satisfyi	ng	Above average				
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	rading Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.		new knowledge, u	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transference with the terms and the notions that substantiate examples.						

	Active participation in		70-75% of atte	endance	76-86	% of attendance	87-100% of attendance	Solved case study.
	the lessons	the lessons			4 points		7 points	3 points
	. ·				3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points
according to evaluation			2		3		4	5
elements	Colloquium / written exam		50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%
			25 points			30 points	35 points	40 points
				2		3	5	5
	Oral exam		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points
4.4. Creating a final and		kno	centage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numerou	us grade	ECTS grade		
4.4. Creating a final grade			90-100%	5 (exce	ellent)	A		
according to absolute allocation			80-89,9%	4 (very		В		
			65 - 79,9%	3 (go	/	С		
			60 - 64,9%	2 (suff	,	D		
			50 - 59,9%	2 (suff	icient)	E		

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	1. Mečev, D. (2015). "Nacionalna ekonomija Hrvatske". Veleučilište u Šibeniku, Šibenik.		Available On-line				
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	1. Čavrak et al (2011). "Gospodarstvo Hrvatske". Politička kultura, Zagreb.	5					
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. Information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations				

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AI	BOUT THE SUBJECT						
1.1. Title	Market Research	1.8. ISVU course code	214964 214966				
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Šišara, univ.spec.oec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+0+15+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	level) nercentage of online course performance (may		1 st – materials available On-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.				
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	e e		Less than 20% More than 20 %				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives • Understanding the importance and necessity of market research when making business decisions. • Acquiring basic knowledge of market research methods and techniques. • Understanding the market research process. • Design of data collection instruments. • Applying the learned skills to a specific research project.							

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Admis	sion requirements for 1st year of study								
	LO1:T	o organize and lead team work, and critically judge	the opinions a	nd attitudes of team members						
	LO2:To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions,									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO3:To analyze business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals									
study programme level	LO4:T	o analyze and interpret key business trends and inner	ovations in the	micro and macro business environment and	d propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation	on in business				
	LO9:T	o select a research method, conduct market research	n and interpret	he results of the research carried out						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to LO1: 7 LO2: 7 LO3: 7 LO4: 7 that.	earning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: p to two verbs per LO) D1: To explain and to comment basic concepts related to market research. D2: To define the research goal, problem and hypotheses, to select the types and sources of data and to design a research problem based on it. D3: To propose appropriate market research methods and, on this basis, to construct a suitable data collection instrument addressed to a specific research problem. 44: To conduct market research addressed to a specific research problem, to interpret the results of the research conducted, and to propose a solution based on t. D5: To present the results of the research								
		tructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	5 hours				
detailed curriculum schedule	2.	INTRODUCTION TO MARKET RESEARCH: THE TERM AND DEFINITION OF MARKET RESEARCH; THE ROLE AND IMPORTANCE OF MARKET RESEARCH IN BUSINESS RESEARCH	1, 2	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	7 hours				
	3.	SCIENTIFIC METHOD AND ETHICS IN MARKET RESEARCH; ORGANIZERS AND BENEFICIARIES OF MARKET RESEARCH	1, 2	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze	7 hours				

				the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	
4.	MARKET RESEARCH PROCESS AND PROJECT	1, 2,3	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	8 hours
5.	TYPES OF MARKET RESEARCH	1, 2, 3	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	8 hours
6.	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY DATA, SAMPLES AND SAMPLING	1, 2, 3, 4	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
7.	DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION, Colloquium I.	1, 2, 3, 4	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
8.	APPLICATION OF MARKET RESEARCH, RESEARCH FOR MARKET SEGMENTATION NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
9.	APPLICATION OF MARKET RESEARCH, RESEARCH FOR PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
10.	RESEARCH FOR ADVERTISING AND SELLING NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours

	11.	RESEARCH FOR PRICING AND SATISFACTION NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
	12.	MARK VALUE RESEARCH	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
	13.	APPLICATION OF RESEARCH IN MAIN TOURISM AREAS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	8 hours
	14.	PRESENTATIONS OF THE RESEARCH PROJECT	6	Present research projects, discussion.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	4 hours
	15.	FINAL CONSIDERATIONS AND SIGNATURES, II. Colloquium		They listen to lectures, make conclusions, discuss	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	3 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDE	NT WC	DRK				
3.1. Students` obligations	to atte	 and at least 50% of lectures. All students must creatents who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (uns From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (More than 50% ECTS credits - students have Instead of the students have in the students and the students and the students and the students and the students are students are students are students are students and the students are stud	e, present and p uccessful) and c (inadequate) and the right to acce he course throug	ositively colloquy seminar paper. cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol I has to come out and pass the test (exam). ess the final exam of the subject. gh continuous student attendance (active p	lents attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students l the subject in the next academic year; A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinar articipation in the lessons, solving case studies, making case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper	y exam period; and presenting the

	Attendance	0,5	Written exam		0,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project	2		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research			Practical work			
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay	Report			Continuous examination				
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium 1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)		Seminar paper		0,5	Other (inscribe)			
	Class activities		Oral exam		0,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)			
The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours of work per semester and is estimated as:									
	Commitment			Hours (estimate)					
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes				60				
	0	nting seminar paper/project			30				
		Colloquium / exam through self-	-study		30				
4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above	average		
	Organization	The paper is not organized order and its structure is la		distincti	er is well structured with a clear on between the introduction, the rt of the text and the conclusion	distinction between t main part of the text	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fr repeated grammatical mist	Writing style is are too long, equent and	termino appropr the voca	and phrases are aligned with offilogy. The writing style is iate, the sentence structure is cleabulary is appropriate and has littical errors.	terminology and sho their meaning. The we excellent, the sentence	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to the	e topic and show	errors. 7	are listed, but incomplete and w The references are appropriate for ect and show a satisfactory rese	vith Sources are accurate, or consistent. The refere arch their list is "rich" and	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		

	Poor				Satisfying			Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.				Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation elements	Active participation in the		ne 70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance		87-100% of attendance		Seminal paper.
	lessons		2 points			4 points		7 points	3 points
	Research paper		2		3			4	5
			5 points		7 points		8 points		10 points
	Colloquium / written exam		2			3		4	5
			50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5		5
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		kno	Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		ous grade	ECTS grade			·
			90-100%	· · ·	cellent)	А			
			80-89,9%		y good)	В			
			65 - 79,9% 60 - 64,9%		(ood)	C D			
		50 - 59,9%		2 (sufficient) 2 (sufficient)		E			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE										
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
(available in the library and through other media)	1. Marušić, M., Vranešević, T. (2001). *Istraživanje tržišta*. ADECO, Zagreb	1								
unough other media)	2. Marušić, M., Prebežac, D. (2004). *Istraživanje turističkih tržišta*. ADECO, Zagreb	1								
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	3. Meler, M. (2005). *Istraživanje tržišta*. Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Osijek	0								
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By I classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency							
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one l can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) the working days from the receipt of e-mail).	hour per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations							

1 GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE COURSE								
1.1. Course title	Leadership	1.8. Course code within the ISVU	201219 202144					
1.2. Course leader	Zdravko Kedžo PhD, Sen.Lec.r	1.9. Course code within the MOZVAG	(30+0+15+0)					
1.3. Associates	None	1.10. Student engagement hours (number of lessons - lectures + practical work + seminars + e-learning)						
1.4. Type of programme	Specialist Graduate Professional Study Management	1.11. Level of e-learning (Level 1, 2, 3), Online percentage of the course (max. 20%)	Level 1 - materials available online, 0%					
1.5. Course status (compulsory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Current number of changes and/or additions to the course specification						
1.6. Year of studies	1. First year	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credits (ECTS)	4	1.14. Estimated percentage of changes and/or amendments to the course programme	Less than 20% More than 20%					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course aims and objectives The aim: based on theoretical knowledge and case studies, students should be able to: Define key terms, specific qualities, theoretical and practical sources of leadership Understand key aspects of contemporary leading and leadership which represent a fundamental premise of successful corporate governance in the 21st century Learn to recognize characteristics, traits, styles, and the latest knowledge related to practice, key competencies and leadership skills Apply the knowledge gained in the course in a practical business setting. 								

2.2. Admission requirements and entry-level competences needed for the course	Bachel	Bachelor's degree									
	L07: A	Drganize and lead teamwork and critically judge the Apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative met Develop a management plan and propose a strateg	thods of busines	s decision - making in solving economic a	nd managerial problems trough program support						
2.3. Learning outcomes in line with the programme the course		Select research method, and conduct market resear		-							
contributes to		Build a value system in the enterprise based on bu	_	-							
		Valorise and apply basic legal institutions in the b		• •							
2.4. 2.4. Intended learning outcomes (4 – 10 learning outcomes	(max. 7 1. 2. 3. 4.	First values and upply dask legal institutions in the dustices curvitation and eadership of successful teams; Learning outcome levels earning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy: 1. remention and explain definitions, principles, competencies and models of contemporary leading ,motivation and leadership as the base of successful discussion and leadership as the base of successful discusses management. 1. 1. Describe and explain definitions, principles, competencies and models of contemporary leading ,motivation and leadership as the base of successful discusses management. 1. 2. Set an example and interpret the creation and leadership of successful teams; 4. 3. Analyze, identify, detect and evaluate correct and incorrect actions (errors) that occur in the process of leading and leadership; 2. 3. Analyze, identify and single out appropriate actions in case of detected errors, as well as how to avoid typical errors; 3 5. Master, comment on and critically judge the principles of developing a leader and people as the most valuable asset; 6 6. Present and apply models of presentation, leadership, motivation and decision making. 3,6									
	Const	tructive alignment									
	No	Торіс	Course learning outcomes	Content/teaching method	Assessment scheme	Necessary time					
2.5. Detailed course syllabus		Introduction to the course and the detailed implementation plan.	-	Students listen to the lectures.	-	2 classes					
according to the schedule			1	Students listen to the lectures and read the required reading.	In a midterm or written or oral exam students define the basic terms of successful leadership. Students describe the role of leadership as science, they understand the models and principles of leadership.	4 classes					
	2.	Leading models and principles of the most successful leaders.	1,2	Students listen to the lectures and read the required reading.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to list, differentiate, and give examples of the most important principles of leadership.	4 classes					

3.	Leading styles and how to apply them in practice	2,3	Students listen to the lectures and read the required reading.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and explain leading styles and how to apply them in practice.	4 classes
4.	Key competencies in modern leadership	2,3	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in pairs, solve case studies, thus demonstrating they have acquired knowledge, which they present together with their own ideas and discuss problems.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to recognize, define and demonstrate key competencies in modern system management.	10 classes
5.	Integrity as the most important element of leadership	3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and explain the concept and application of integrity as a key element of a successful leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 classes
6.	The ability to create positive change	3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe all elements necessary to create a positive change in the given environment as a consequence of the actions of the leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	8 classes
7.	Fatal mistakes in leadership and how to avoid them in practice	4,5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use a multimedia network In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe and primarily recognize fatal leadership mistakes and ways to avoid them in simulated situations Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 classes
8.	Problem solving process	4,5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use a multimedia network In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and explain all stages of the problem-solving process as qualities and responsibilities of a good leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	4 classes

				research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems		
ç	9.	Psychological aspect of leadership - emotional and social intelligence of the leader	5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe psychological aspect of leadership and analyse and compare the characteristics of some leaders in terms of emotional and social intelligence. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	6 classes
1	10.	Principles of developing people as the most valuable wealth	4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In seminar classes, they solve a case study.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe basic concepts but also models of developing the quality and efficiency of people as the most valuable asset of any organization.	8 classes
1	11.	Self-discipline and the cost of leadership	5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In seminar classes, they solve a case study.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe fundamental notions of self-discipline as qualities of a leader.	8 classes
	12.	Vision and strategic leadership model	5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and present case studies through the characteristics of leaders who bring and show vision as a feature of their competencies. Also, present a strategic model of their vision of successful leadership. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs	10 classes
1	13.	Integrity as the most important element of leadership	4, 5, 6,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use a multimedia network In a seminar discussion students individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe fundamental notions of integrity, personality, and credibility as the most important elements of a successful leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	6 classes
1	14.	Priorities-key of leadership	4, 5, 6,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to describe and critically judge the importance of priorities in leadership decisions.	6classes

	15. Concluding remark preparation for the			isten to the lecture and lividually for the exam.			20 classes	
3.ASSESSMENT SCHEME								
3.1. Student requirements	In line with the Regulations on studying and the Regulations on assessing and grading student work: all full-time students have to attend at least 70% of the classes. All part-time students have to attend at least 50% of the lectures. All students have to write and present a seminar paper, as well as pass the midterm. Students who have during the classes received: From 0 – 24.9% ECTS points - will receive a grade F (fail) and cannot get the ECTS points, and need to retake the course in the next academic year; From 25 – 49.9% - will receive a grade FX (fail), and need to take and pass a written exam. The written exam can be taken during the regular or addi-tional examination dates; More than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during classes after being continuously monitored (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, writing and presenting a seminar paper and passing two midterms); b) during classes (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, writing and presenting a seminar paper) and passing the exam (both written and oral parts).							
	Attendance		Written exam	2(excluding th	e midterm) P	roject		
3.2. Monitoring students' work	Experimental work		Research		Р	ractical work		
(fill in ECTS points for each activity, so the sum equals the total ECTS course score)	Essay		Term paper		C	continuous assessment		
	Midterms	3 (excluding written and oral exam)	Seminar paper	0,5	(other)		
	In – class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1 (excluding t		other)		
3.3. Student workload	Based on this the student workle Obligation Class attendance Seminar paper and presentation Preparing for midterms/the examples		semester for 1 ECTS fours (an estimate) 45 10 65	point, and the estimate includ	les:			
	1	1		ſ		I	1	
	Assessment element	Unsatisfacto	ory	Satisfac	tory	Above ave	0	
	Organisation	The paper is not organised in and lacks structure.	a logical sequence	The paper is well – structu introduction, the main part conclusion.		introduction, the main part conclusion, with an excelle between all parts.	The paper is well – structured with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion, with an excellent logical connection between all parts.	
4.1. Grading a seminar paper	Terminology, writing style	Words and terms are not in li terminology. The writing styl appropriate, sentences are too vocabulary and many gramm	e is not long, with modest	Words and terms are in line with the offici terminology. The writing style is appropria sentence structure is clear, vocabulary is appropriate and there are few grammar mis		mistakes.	te that the student The writing style is ar and concise, e are no grammar	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not listed. Refere with the topic and demonstrat research approach.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and contain mistakes. References are in line with the topic and demonstrate a satisfactory research approach.		consistently. References are list is long and comprehens	Sources are listed correctly, completely and consistently. References are appropriate, their list is long and comprehensive, and demonstrates a thorough re-search approach.	

	Unsatisfa	ctory		Satisfactory		Ab	ove average
4.2. Grading a midterm / written and oral exam	The student answers questions from memory, without a deeper understanding. They don't know nor use key terms and concepts. They can't apply nor give examples of course contents.		know	student can reproduce key term wledge easily, understands the co ains terms and concepts using examp	hs and new course matter correctl logically connect and using examples. They		se, synthetize and evaluate the ce regularities, explain the y and thoroughly, and can explain terms and concepts find solutions that have not 'hey notice a correlation with
	Active attendance	70-75% attendance		76-86% attendance	87-1	00% attendance	Drawn mind map Solved case studies
		2 points		4 points		7 points	3 points
	Sominor popor	2		3		4	5
4.3. Forming the final grade according to assessment	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points	8 points		10 points
elements		2	3		4		5
	Midterm/ Written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%
		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points
	0.1	2		3	5		5
	Oral exam	25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points
1.4. Forming the final grade based on absolute distribution	Pe	rcentage of acquired knowledge, s	90 - 80 - 65 - 60 -	nd competencies (classes + final exam) 100% 89.9% 79.9% 64.9% 59.9%	Numerical grad 5 (excellent) 4 (very good 3 (good) 2 (satisfacto 2 (satisfacto	A) B C ry) D	

5.ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	FION		
5.1. Required reading	Title	Number of library copies	Availability in other media
(available in a library or through other media)	1. Maxwell, J.: Razvijte vodstvo u sebi, V.B.Z., Zagreb, 2003		Available on-line
through other media)	2 Kedžo, Z., Materijali s predavanja		Available on-line
5.2. Additional reading (at the time of submitting changes to the course)	 Chapman, E. N., O'Neil, S. L.: Vodstvo – osnovni koraci koje svaki manager mora znati, III. Izdanje, MATE, 2003. Kotter, J.P.: Vođenje promjena, Lider press d.d., Zagreb, 2009. 		Available on-line
5.3. Ways of monitoring quality assuring the acquirement of outcome knowledge, skills and competencies	Quality control of students' performance and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. I in the course, as well as acquiring information on student progress by means of midterm exams, the teacher is going to acquire necessary in with the aim of increasing their efficiency. Students will be informed on their rights and obligations, as well as learning methods and requ Quality assurance indicators: student survey, monitoring annual data issued by the Croatian Employment Service on student employment,	formation for further instructions ired reading.	to be given to students,
5.4. Getting informed on the course and contacting the teacher	Each student is obliged to regularly get informed on the course, the classes and in-class activities. All information regarding the classes learning course pages, as well as on College website. Students can contact teachers during office hours (at least an hour a week), for short class. Questions can also be asked in an e-mail (from an official e-mail address using the domain @vus.hr), to which a reply will be sent a the e-mail was received).	er questions and explanation the	y can ask the teacher in

III. SEMESTAR

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Business Simulations	1.8. ISVU course code	140830 202136					
1.2. Lecturer	Želimir Mikulić Master in eng., Sen.Lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	2 nd – materials available on-line (video lectures), simulation tools 20%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.					
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20%					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		·	·					
2.1. Course objectives To introduce students to various types of problems that occur in business decision making. Get to know and learn how to use quantitative methods for selecting and optimizing business decisions. Students will learn to build and solve mathematical models of various problems, select criteria for making business decisions and analyse sensitivity of selected solutions.								

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Com	Completed Statistics Collegium								
	LO1. To organize and lead teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO2. 7	To individually and responsibly search relevant liter	ature for reachi	ng solutions and conclusions						
		To use probabilistic models for different discrete and es with support of computer tools.	d continuous sto	ochastic phenomena, assess population par	rameters, set statistical hypotheses, conduct tests an	nd basic statistical				
study programme level		To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative m		c c						
	LO12.	To interpret the process and principle of modeling, ols such as Excel and ExpertFit	select discrete	simulation from input data, create and app	bly a simulation model using @Risk, Arena and Ca	psim software packages,				
	LO16.	To identify various problems, risks and risky situat ny's state analysis	ions in modern	management and propose adequate solution	ons for identified problems and risk management n	nechanisms based on the				
	Lear	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonon o two verbs per LO)	ny:			LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis				
	1. To classify and check simulation models as Monte Carlo, discrete, continuous or mixed.,									
	2. To design a discrete simulation model for a given process or system and analyze its limitations,									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	3. To find and organize data and judge appropriate distribution using a custom tool (ExpertFit and Excel)									
on the course level	4. To identify system states, variables events and KPI and experiment with models in simulation tools									
	5. To build a diagram of the system/process in the programming tool Arena and recommend parameters for performing simulations and present outputs.									
	6. To design Monte Carlo simulation models in Excel using @Řisk tool, for the risk assessment,									
	7. U	Jsing output graphs (Excel) and animation (Arena)	will be able to p	present output results.		4,5				
	8. A	analyze output outcomes, identify patterns, predict	risks, and sugge	est optimal choice of parameters / decision	s to manage business systems.	4,5				
	9. E	By designing and implementing simulation models,	it will be able to	o review existing solutions, evaluate propo	osed alternatives, and propose solutions.	5,6				
	10. Т	o evaluate and critique decision modelling settings	to get optimal	results avoiding bias and standard error.		5,6				
	Cons	tructive alignment								
2.5. Course content according to	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introductory lecture. Basic idea of simulation. Different simulation models.	1	Listen to the lecture.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	2 hours				

	2.	Types of simulation Construction of simulation models.	1, 2, 3	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	10 hours
	3.	Discrete and continuous simulations	1, 2, 3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	12hours
	4.	Strategy of performing simulation models on a computer	1,2,3,4,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	14 hours
	5.	Conceptual simulation models, system event graphs	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
	6.	Modelling of simple system with event graphs	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
	7.	Basic elements of probability and statistics, generation and analysis of input data samples	3, 8, 6	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
	8.	Modelling of complex systems with graph events. Specialized simulation packages.	3, 4, 5, 6,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
	9.	Arena simulation software. Using animations.	3, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
	10.	Modelling of complex systems in the Arena	3,4,5,8,9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
	11.	Ability to use the MS Excel program package to perform simulations.	4, 6, 7,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
	12.	Building models for Monte Carlo simulations in different business fields.	4, 6, 7, 8, 9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	8 hours
1		Analyzing simulation results and risk assessment	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
	14.	Analysing influence of simulation parameters on simulation results	3, 4, 5, 6, 7,8,910	Listen to the lecture, solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	6 hours
	15.	Decision 0ptimization using simulation results.	5, 6, 7,8,9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 s hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK										
3.1. Students` obligations	to attend at least 50% of lectures Students who have during the cc • From 0 – 24,9% ECT • From 25 – 49,9% EC • More than 50% ECT Students can pass the final exam making and presenting the semin									
2.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	2	Written exam			Project				
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research			Practical work	2			
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay		Report			Continuous examination				
corresponds to the credit score	Colloquium		Seminar paper			Other (inscribe)				
of the course)	Class activities	0,5 Oral exam			1,5	Other (inscribe)				
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes (a)	including lectures and exercises) lectures and exam through self-s	·		work per semester and is est Hours (estimate) 75 60 45	imated as:				
4. GRADING										
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above a	8			
	Design of model (50%)	Model not workable or no features of system it has to			le model which covers basic of the system it represents	abstraction which will decision making. Sele	Student designs model on the level of abstraction which will provide all KPI for decision making. Selects distributions for stochastic variables optimally.			
4.1. Project grading	Simulation run (10 %)	Does not understand the ir parameters for simulation simulation results			understands influence of on run parameters on results.	students optimally selections run.	Based on variability of stochastic inputs students optimally selects parameters for simulations run.			
	Result Analysis (40%)	Student is not capable to in simulation run.	nterpret results of	Student correctly interprets simulation results based on received statistics.		simulation results and	Students selects best decision based on simulation results and is capable to perform what-if analysis and parameters optimisation.			

		P	oor			Satisfying		Ab	ove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know a	memory, no deeper understanding. and does not apply the basic terms annot apply or explain the contents		ms nev ents the	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty trans new knowledge, understands subject matter, expla the terms and the notions that substantiate examples.			s thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and		
	Active participation i	in the	70-74,9% of att	endance	75-79,	9% of attendance	80-89	,9% of attendance	90-100% of attendance	
4.3. Creating a final grade	lessons		2 points			5 points		10 points	20 points	
according to evaluation			2			3		4	5	
elements	Project	Project		/ 0		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
elements		25 points	5		30 points		35 points	40 points		
	Oral exam		2			3		5	5	
	Ofarexaili		25 points	5	30 points		35 points		40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade		kno	entage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Nume	rous grade	ECTS grade				
4.4. Creating a final grade			90 - 100%	5 (e:	xcellent)	А				
according to absolute allocation			80-89,9%	· · ·	ery good)	В				
	-		65 - 79,9%		(good)	С				
	-		60 - 64,9% 50 - 59,9%	``````````````````````````````````````	ufficient) D					
			50-59,9%	2 (St	ufficient)	E				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE										
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
	 LAW, Averill M., Simulation Modeling and Analysis, 4th ad., McGrow Hill, 2007 VERSCHUUREN, Gerard, Excel Simulations, Holy Macro, 2014. KELTON, D.W., SADOWSKY R.P., SADOWSKY, D., Simulation with Arena, 2nd Ed., McGrow Hill 2003 	1 1 1	Available On-line Available On-line Available On-line							
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 IV. Waters D.: Quantitative Methods for Business, FT Prentice Hall, 5rd Ed. V. Winston W., Albright C.: Practical Management Science, South Western 3rd Ed. VI. Lehman D., Groenendaal H.,: Practical Spreadsheet Modeling Using @Risk 1st Ed., CRC Press, 2019 	1 1 1	Available On-line Available On-line Available On-line							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By I classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency							
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course, Piazza platform and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers in person during the con- questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to contact teachers via e-mail and schedule on-line meeting via Zo	sultation term (at least one hour	ished on the e-learning per week), while brief							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	BOUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Marketing Management	1.8. ISVU course code	228980 228981					
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Šišara, univ.spec.oec., Sen.Lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+0+30)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.					
1.6. Study year	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
	2.1. Course objectives The main goal of this course is to offer students the latest theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of marketing management, and provide them insight into modern marketing trends as a modern business practice and acquire marketing analysis skills on examples from modern business practice and insight into the marketing management process.							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Conditions for enrollment in the 2nd year of study								

	LO1:To o	rganize and lead team work, and critically judge the op	binions and att	itudes of team members							
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO2:To ir	dividually and responsibly search relevant literature for	or reaching sol	utions and conclusions,							
study programme level	LO3:To a	LO3:To analyse business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals									
	LO4:To a	LO4:To analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business									
2.4. Expected learning outcome on the course level	(up to tw	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)									
on the course level		explain and critically judge the basic conce				1.2					
		analyse marketing strategies, identify oppo			ues ;	2.3 2,3,4					
		IU3. To demonstrate knowledge in the field of marketing management ;									
		IU4. To analyse existing marketing plan based on innovative solutions for the specific company;IU5. To synthesize the acquired knowledge on the basis of which they will develop a marketing mix for a specific company .									
	Construct	Constructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
	1.	Introduction to the course and a detailed syllabus.	1	They are listening to a lecture. In seminar classes, they get acquainted with the content of the course and documents on the e-learning page of the course by working independently on a computer .	-	6 hours					
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Strategic and marketing planning	1, 2	They listen to lectures, solve case studies.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define the basic marketing concepts, explain the basic marketing concepts and marketing processes in tourism,	6 hours					
	3.	Marketing research and marketing information system.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, present a seminar paper followed by a discussion	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear i this thematic unit, then they should present an analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented probler and propose a solution to the same problem.	1 8 hours					
	4.	Analysis of market opportunities. Marketing environment. Consumer and business markets.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, present a seminar paper followed by a discussion	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear i this thematic unit, then they should present an analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented probler and propose a solution to the same problem.	1 10 o'clock					

5.	Selection of target markets. Demand measurement and forecasting Market segmentation, focusing and positioning	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, present a seminar paper followed by a discussion	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 o'clock
6.	I.Colloquium Marketing plan Part I.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, present a seminar paper followed by a discussion	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 o'clock
7.	Marketing plan II. part	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, develop a marketing plan for a company	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	12 hours
8.	Developing a marketing mix .	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, develop a marketing plan for a company	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	12 hours
9.	Product management.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, develop a marketing mix for a company.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	12 hours
10.	Price management.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, develop a marketing mix for a company.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	15 hours
11.	Sales and distribution management.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, develop a marketing mix for a company.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	20 hours
12.	Promotion management.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture, solve case studies, develop a marketing mix for a company.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam, they define and explain the terms that appear in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge based on the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	20 hours

	13.	Developing competit strategies	tive marketing	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lectur studies, develop a ma for a company.	rketing mix	they define and this thematic u analyze the sau critically judge	ium or written and oral exam, d explain the terms that appear in nit, then they should present an ne on a concrete example, based on the presented problet solution to the same problem.	d 20 hours
	14.	Marketing metrics		1,2,3,4	They listen to the lect the marketing plan an mix.	ure, present d marketing	At the colloque they define and this thematic u analyze the sat critically judge	ium or written and oral exam, d explain the terms that appear in nit, then they should present an ne on a concrete example, based on the presented probler solution to the same problem.	d 15 hours
	15.	Closing lecture, sign course, II. colloquiu		1,2,3,4	They listen to the lect the marketing plan an mix.	ure, present d marketing	At the colloque they define and this thematic u analyze the san critically judge	ium or written and oral exam, d explain the terms that appear in nit, then they should present an ne on a concrete example, based on the presented problem solution to the same problem.	d 4 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDI	ENT WORK	K							
3.1. Students` obligations	attend at leas Students who Fr M Students can seminar pape	t 50% of lectures. All studer o have during the course ach rom $0 - 24,9\%$ ECTS credits rom $25 - 49,9\%$ ECTS credit lore than 50\% ECTS credits pass the final exam in two v	nts must create, present an ieved: s- is rated F (unsuccessful ts - is rated FX (inadequal - students have the right t vays: a) during the course olloquia); b) during the co	d positively of and cannot a te) and has to o access the t through cont	colloquy seminar paper. get ECTS credits and must come out and pass the tes final exam of the subject. inuous student attendance	t re-enrol the subje t (exam). A writter (active participatio	ect in the next a n exam can be on in the lesson	attendance. Part-time students academic year; held in a regular or extraordina ns, solving case studies, making ad presenting the seminar paper	ry exam period; and presenting the
	Attendance		1	Wr	itten exam	2 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an w examination)	student is	Project	1
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental	l work		Res	search			Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so	Essay			Rep	port			Continuous examination	
that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium		2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student relieved of a written and examination)		ninar paper	1		Other (inscribe)	
	Class activiti	es		Ora	l exam	1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an or examination)	student is	Other (inscribe)	

	The student's workload or Commitment	all bases amounts to 1 E	ECTS point for 30	hours of work per semester and is Hours (estimate)	of work per semester and is estimated as: <i>Hours (estimate)</i>			
3.3. Student workload		nting seminar paper/project Colloquium / exam through sel	f-study	60 30 90	30			
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying		Above average		
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is	•	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	. Writing style is s are too long, requent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	he topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		
	Po	or		Satisfying		Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, n Does not know and does not and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	new knowledge, u	terms, without difficulty transfers inderstands subject matter, explains the notions that substantiate by	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.			

			70-75	5% of attendance	76-86% of attendance	e 87-100% of a	attendance S	Seminal paper.
	Active participation	in the lessons		2 points	4 points	7 poin	ts	3 points
				2	3	4		5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Research paper			5 points	7 points	8 poin	ts	10 points
according to evaluation				2	3	4		5
elements	Colloquium / writte	en exam		50-64,9%	65-79,9%	80-89,9	9%	90-100%
				25 points	30 points	35 poir	nts	40 points
				2	3	5		5
	Oral exam			25 points	30 points	35 poir	nts	40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade		Percentage o knowledge, competences (tea exam	skills and aching + final	Numerous grade	ECTS grade			
according to absolute		90 - 10	00%	5 (excellent)	A			
allocation		80 - 89	,	4 (very good) 3 (good)	B			
		60-64	1	2 (sufficient)	D			
		50 - 59	9,9%	2 (sufficient)	E			
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATI	ON ABOUT THE O	COURSE						
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title						Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and through other media)	4. Kotler, P.; Keller, K.L.; Martinović, M.(2014). *Upravljanje marketingom, 14. izdanje, MATE, Zagreb 2014							
		Armstrong, G. (20)						
			,U		ena i Kontrola*. Informator,	0		
line ensure the acquisition of	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.							
course and contact with the	pages of the course an	d on the web pages lasses. It is possible	s of the Polytec	hnic. Students can contact t	he teachers during the consu	mation about teaching or any d ltation term (at least one hour pe domain @ vus.hr) that will be a	er week), while brief question	ns and explanations can

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Environmental management in tourism	1.8. ISVU course code	129875 202149					
1.2. Lecturer	Tanja Radić Lakoš, MSc, Sen.Lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Elective	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.					
1.6. Study year	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	·	·						
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION 2.1. Course objectives Introduce students to: • Types of scientific and professional papers • Research in science • Methods and phases of research work • Methods of data collection in the research process • Research instruments • Data processing and analysis • Applying the acquired knowledge in research processes and writing a paper.								

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No inp	No input competencies.									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level		Independently and responsibly search re Selected the research method, conduct n		-							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to 1. Em 2. Pro 3. Con 4. Ind	rning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: o two verbs per LO) phasize for the importance of ethical issues and principles in the research process pose and decide on adequate methods of data collection in the research process mbine acquired knowledge in research processes and in writing papers lependently and responsibly explain the basic principles of critical review of literature and correctly present the used literature mbine acquired knowledge in writing and interpreting your own research									
	Constructive alignment										
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-						
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		Science. Defining science. Scientific goal and scientific method	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.	They know how to define science in a written exam. They know how to explain a scientific goal and scientific methods	10 hours					
	2.	Research and research philosophy. Types and ethics of research. Basic principles of critical literature review	1, 4	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a	At the written exam they know how to define and explain research and research philosophy, types and ethics of research, advocate the importance of ethical issues in research. They can explain the	1 12 hours					

			seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.	basic principles of critical review of relevant literature	
3.	Quantitative methodology. Basic features of the quantitative approach	2, 3, 5	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.	They can explain the quantitative methodology and basic features of the quantitative approach in the written exam	10 hours
4.	Qualitative methodology. Principles of qualitative research	2, 3, 5	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.	They can explain the qualitative methodology and principles of qualitative research in a written exam	10 hours
5.	Selection and definition of research problems. Collection of literature. Development of a theoretical framework. Defining research objectives	2, 3, 5	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.	At the written exam, they know how to suggest and define a research problem. They know how to gather literature for the theoretical framework of research and define the goals of research	12 hours
6.	Defining variables and measurement scales. Defining hypotheses	2, 3, 5	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a	At the written exam, they know how to define variables and explain measurement scales and formulate hypotheses	12 hours

			seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.		
7.	Drafting research. Determining the cause and type of research	2, 3, 5	They listen to lectures, read literature, use the Internet. In the seminar classes, they individually research the content of this thematic area by searching the database and prepare a seminar paper which presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas and ways to solve problems. In group work on seminar classes, the brainstorming method and the method of discussion on the presented topic are applied.	They know how to draft a research on a written exam. They know how to determine the pattern for certain types of research	10 hours
8.	Data collection methods: desk analysis, content analysis, case study, observation	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	At the written exam they can explain and suggest data collection methods: desk analysis, content analysis, case study and observation for specific research	12 hours
9.	Data collection methods: Survey	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	At the written exam, they can explain and suggest data collection methods: a survey for specific research	14 hours

10.	Data collection methods: interview and focus groups	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	At the written exam, they can explain and suggest data collection methods: interview and focus groups for specific research	12 hours
11.	Data collection methods: other research methods	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	At the written exam, they can explain and suggest data collection methods: other research methods for specific research	10 hours
12.	Assembling a research instrument	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	They know how to explain and design research instruments in a written exam	20 hours
13.	Data processing and analysis. Displaying results. Discussion and conclusion	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper	At the written exam, they can explain and decide on the type of data processing and analysis. They know how to design a display of results. They know how to explain and choose the way to discuss and formulate a conclusion	14 hours

				that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.				
	14.	Instructions and tips for making the paper. Language and style of writing	2, 3, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	At the written exam, they can explain the importance of instructions and tips for writing a paper and decide on the language and style of writing the paper.	12 hours		
	15.	Types of scientific and professional papers	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and Internet. In the course of the seminar, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database, and on the basis of it and the read literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In the group work on seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	They can explain the types of scientific and professional papers in a written exam	10 hours		
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK						
	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper.							
3.1. Students` obligations	Studen • •							

	Attendance	1 Wri	itten exam		3	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		search			Practical work		
for each activity so that the total	Essay	Rep	port			Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score	Colloquium	Sen	ninar paper		2	Other (inscribe)		
of the course)	Class activities	Ora	al exam			Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Preser 3. Preparation for the	mated as:						
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above	Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organized in a order and its structure is lacking	dist			main part of the text a	e introduction, the nd the conclusions	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low harn with official terminology. Writi not appropriate, sentences are to modest vocabulary, and frequer repeated grammatical mistakes.	ing style is terr oo long, app nt and the	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		terminology and show their meaning. The wr excellent, the sentence concise, the vocabular	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at all. references do not match the top a superficial approach to the res	bic and show the	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		r Sources are accurate, consistent. The refere their list is "rich" and	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,	

		P	Poor			Satisfying		A	bove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know as	nd does	no deeper understand not apply the basic ter oly or explain the cont	ents the	v knowledge, un	erms, without difficu derstands subject mat e notions that subs	ter, explains	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	
	Active participation i	in the	70-75% of atte	endance	76-869	% of attendance	87-10	00% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.
	lessons	2 points		5		4 points		7 points	3 points
	Seminar paper		2			3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade			5 points			7 points		8 points	10 points
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written exam		2			3		4	5
elements			50-64,9%		65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-100%
			25 points		30 points			35 points	40 points
	0.1		2			3		5	5
	Oral exam		25 point	S	3	30 points		35 points	40 points
4.4. Creating a final and	1		centage of adopted weledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)		ous grade	ECTS grade			·
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90-100%		cellent)	A B			
according to appointe anotation			80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9%	3 (ry good) good)	С			
	-		60-64,9% 50-59,9%	· · · ·	fficient) fficient)	D E			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE									
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media						
(available in the library and through other media)	8. Mejovšek, M. (2008). Metode znanstvenog istraživanja, I dio, str. 3-195. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap	5							
	9.								
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Tkalac Verčič, A., Sinčić Ćorić, D. i Pološki Vokić, N. (2019). Priručnik za metodologiju istraživanja u društvenim djelatnostima, II izdanje. Zagreb: M.E.P. 	1							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.								
5.4. Information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one l can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @vus.hr) that will days from the receipt of e-mail).	hour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations						

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Management of EU Projects	1.8. ISVU course code	146384 202151						
1.2. Lecturer	Domagoja Buljan Barbača, PhD, college prof.	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Anita Rogošić MAcc Fin, Lec.	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist,	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd	1 st – materials available On-line,						
undergraduate, graduate)	Management	level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.						
1.6. Study year	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives • Train students to be able to participate in the preparation and implementation of EU-funded projects. The key objective is to equip students with the basic knowledge and skills necessary for the successful accession and management of projects financed by EU financial instruments.									
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Conditions for enrollment on 2 nd year of study.									

	L01. 0	Organize and guide work in the team, and critically	judge the opinio	ons and attitudes of the team's stakeholder	S						
	LO2. Independently and responsibly search relevant literature for solutions and conclusions.										
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO9. Choose the research method, conduct market research and interpret the results of the research conducted.										
study programme level	LO13. Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes using analysis and monitoring of the achieved indicators and results.										
	LO15. Identify the possibility of financing projects from European Union funds and programs and to actively participate in applications for competitions and project preparation.										
	LO10. based of	Identify various problems, risks and risky situation on the analysis of the company's health.	s in modern ma	nagement and management and propose a	dequate solutions for identified problems and risk mar	agement mechanisms					
		ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonon o two verbs per LO)	ny:		I 2 3 4 5 6	. Analysis, . Evaluation,					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	1. Know how to define and link key concepts related to the management of EU projects,										
on the course level	2		unds conducive	to the financing of specific projects,		1,5					
	3			EU funds financing in the Republic of Cro	atia and explore its functionality,	<u>2,5</u> 3,3					
	4. Explain and graphically display project cycle management,										
	5. Know how to create and use a logic matrix,										
	6. Know how to find and interpret current tenders for EU projects,										
	 Draw up a project application; Know how to plan the implementation of EU projects, Participate in the creating EU projects and write reports. 										
		structive alignment	e reports.			2,6					
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introduction to the course and detailed performance plan of teaching.	-	They listen to the lecture. At the seminar, they can learn about the contents of the course and documents placed on the e-Learning page of the course.	-	2 hours					
		The foundations of the functioning of the European Union.		They listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam define the fundamental principles of the functioning of the European Union. They describe the roles, powers and reciprocity of the actions of the EU.	4 hours					
	2.	Overview of historical development- emergence and development of the EU.	1, 2, 6	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they form working teams and define their roles in the project team.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can explain the fundamental principles of the functioning of the EU, the most important institutions and their fundamental roles and powers.	10.1					

3.	Use of funds: EU strategies and policies for the period 2014.0-2020.	1, 6, 7	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they investigate and analyse open calls for funding from European sources.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam can list and distinguish funding opportunities from European sources. Determine the time-stream of availability of individual sources of fionance as well as spot differences in application.	12 hours
4.	European structural and investment funds. Union programmes.	1, 2, 3, 6, 7	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they discuss the possible application of the project proposal by linking to the text of one of the currently open or closed tenders from the site www.strukturnifondovi.hr	In a colloquy or written and oral exam can access the relevant sources of information and evaluate and review them critically.	10 hours
5.	Institutional framework for implementation of EU funds in CROATIA.	1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they discuss the basic guidelines for drafting theire project proposal. They apply analysis of the problem-making the problem tree.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe the basic mechanisms for implementing funding from EU funds. They know how to create a problem tree and identify the causal links between the problems associated with the underlying problem on which the base project idea is focused.	10 hours
6.	Project Cycle Management.	1, 3, 4, 6, 7,8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they continue to work on the project idea and to create a goal tree and carry out stakeholder analysis.	They can define and describe how the project cycle is managed by a colloquy or written and oral exam. They know how to create a goal tree and carry out stakeholder analysis.	10 hours
7.	Defining the basic characteristics of the project. The elements and the course of the project cycle.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they continue to work on the project idea and make corrections to the problem tree, the goal tree and the outcome of the stakeholder analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and apply the tools they use: The problem tree, the goal tree on the specific project idea they are making. Parse the project to the relevant elements and identify the progress of the project implementation.	20 hours
8.	Logical matrix Access (PLM). Emergence and use in EU projects. Defining PLM.	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. They build a logic matrix for their project on exercises. Define the elements that the tool seeks at the level of general and specific objectives.	They can define and describe access to the logical matrix in a Colloquy or written and oral exam. They can define the requirements of the logical matrix and the methodology of its filling.	12 hours
9.	Main steps PLM. Information contained in the logical matrix- structure LM. PLM-elaborated analysis and planning phases.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they continue to create a logical matrix for the project. Define the elements that the tool requires at the level of results and activity.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe the logic matrix for a given project. Define the time course of the project phases	16 hours

	10.	Stakeholder analysis: Target groups, Cranji users, Partners, associates. Problem analysis: Creating a problem tree. Goal analysis: Creating a tree of goals. Analysis and selection of strategy.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. In the discussions with all students, they make corrections to the previously crafted tools.	They know how to define and describe the basic steps of designing and selecting a strategy in a colloquist or written and oral exam.	8 hours
	11.	Preparation of the project budget. The most common cost categories. The most common mistakes in budgeting.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. They build a framework for the budget on exercises.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe the process of designing the project. They can also express and present the basic elements and functionality of the budget as a compulsory tool.	12 hours
	12.	Determining project activities. Managing activities, resources and costs	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they connect the elements of the project, activities and costs.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe how the relationship between project activities, resources and costs is created.	10 hours
	13.	Completing the project application. Evaluation of the project application. Steps in the evaluation.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. On the exercises they fill the reduced project application of the projects they made during the semester.	They know how to define and describe the process of evaluating project proposals in a Colloquy or written and oral exam. They know the criteria and methodology for conducting the evaluation process.	12 hours
	14.	Challenges of implementation, monitoring and reporting (visiting lecture).	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically judge the presented project from the real sector with an emphasis on understanding the challenges of implementing and monitoring the progress of the project.	10 hours
	15.	Examples of good practice (visiting lecture).		They listen to the lecture and take time be individually prepared for the exam.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically judge the presented project from the real sector with an emphasis on understanding the challenges of implementing and monitoring the progress of the project.	20 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	NT WO	RK				
3.1. Students` obligations	to atte Studer Studer makin	nd at least 50% of lectures. All students must create the who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsu From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (More than 50% ECTS credits - students have t the can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the	e, present and po- necessful) and c inadequate) and he right to acce he course throug colloquia); b) o	annot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol has to come out and pass the test (exam). ss the final exam of the subject. th continuous student attendance (active pa during the course (active participation in th	ents attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students l the subject in the next academic year. A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinar articipation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving he lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, cr	y exam period. case studies,

	Attendance	1,5	Written exam		2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project	1,5	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research			Practical work		
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report			Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		0,5	Other (inscribe)		
	Class activities		Oral exam		1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Prese	n all bases amounts to 1 EC nting seminar paper Colloquium / exam through self-		hours of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 45 45 30				
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above	e average	
	Organization	The paper is not organized order and its structure is la	d in a logical distinc		er is well structured with a clear on between the introduction, the t of the text and the conclusion	distinction between t main part of the text	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fr repeated grammatical mist	Writing style is are too long, equent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		terminology and sho their meaning. The v excellent, the sentence concise, the vocabula	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to the superficient	e topic and show	the subject and show a satisfactory research		or consistent. The reference consistent is "rich" and	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,	

		I	Poor			Satisfying		Ab	oove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know	and does	, no deeper understand not apply the basic ter ply or explain the conte	ms nev ents the	v knowledge, un	erms, without difficu derstands subject mat a notions that subs	ter, explains	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	
	Active participation	in the	70-75% of atte	ndance	76-869	% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.
	lessons		2 points			4 points		7 points	3 points
	Coming and the second		2			3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points		7 points			8 points	10 points
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written exam		2			3		4	5
elements			50-64,9%		65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-100%
	Chuin .		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
			2 25 points		3		5		5
	Oral exam				30 points		35 points		40 points
4.4. Creating a final and		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numer	imerous grade ECTS grade				·
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90 - 100%	`	cellent)	A			
		<u>80 - 89,9%</u> 65 - 79,9%			ry good) good)	B			
			60-64,9%		fficient)	D			
			50 - 59,9%	2 (su	fficient)	Е			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE										
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
	2. Upravljanje EU projektima (2014.), Zagreb, TIM4PIN d.o.o.	5	Available On-line							
	3. Tufekčić, M., Tufekčić, Ž., (2013.) EU politike i fondovi: 20142020., Zagreb, Plavi partner.	5	Available On-line							
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	VII. www.strukturnifondovi.hr		Available On-line							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.	Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and								
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	Alumni association. It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learnin pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanation can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address to the dbuljanb @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five workin days from the receipt of e-mail).									

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Cost-Benefit Analysis	1.8. ISVU course code	187560 202146					
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Žaja, mag.oec., Lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.					
1.6. Study year	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	·		·					
2.1. Course objectives The the	2.1. Course objectives The aim is that students acquire basic theoretical and practical knowledge of cost-benefit analysis as a tool for assessing the acceptability of investment projects. Prepare students for assessing the financial sustainability of an investment project as well as evaluating its overall social impact.							
2.2. Terms of course entry and requirements.								

	L01.0	Drganize and lead the team work, and critically judg	ge the opinions	and attitudes of the team's stakeholders							
	LO2. I	ndividually and responsibly search relevant literatu	re for solutions	and conclusions							
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO14. Analyze and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia										
study programme level	LO15.	Identify the possibility of financing projects from I	European Unior	n funds and programs							
	L017.	LO17. Assess the acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques.									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)										
on the course level	 to categorize and link concepts/components of cost-benefit analysis, to evaluate the constraints in carrying out cost-benefit analysis, and suggest in what situations the method of cost-benefit analysis should be used purposefully, to identify and evaluate the financial and socio-economic costs and benefits of the investment project, to calculate and interpret project's financial and economic indicators, make a decision on the acceptability of the investment project, based on the results of cost-benefit analysis, use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English, present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in the team. 										
	Constructive alignment										
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
2.5. Course content according to	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On exercises, independently with use of computer, students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e- learning course page.	-	2 hours					
detailed curriculum schedule		Introduction to cost benefit analysis. Basic terms.	alysis. 1, 6, 7 Listen to the lecture and read the literature. In a colloquy or written and oral exam st able to define and categorize basic terms field.			8 hours					
	2.	Development and application of cost benefit analysis. Types of CBA.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises students, independently and in teams, analyse examples of different types of CBA.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students car recognize when it is useful to apply CBA and can explain differences between different types of CBA. Can explain basic principles in making CBA They know how to critically judge different views on costs and benefits of individual project from perspective of different participants in the analysis						

				and their influence on implementation of the analysis.	
3.	Formal concepts of cost benefit analysis. Components of analysis.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises students, independently, in pairs or in Socrates' threesome make mental maps and solve case studies by which they demonstrate adoption of previously acquired knowledge and present their own ideas. Discuss problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define, categorize and connect basic terms in CBA. Can construct a diagram which connects seven basic components of CBA.	8 hours
4.	Cost-benefit analysis in the context of EU funds.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Students individually explore the content of this field by searching data bases. Based on this and read literature they make seminar paper with which they present acquired knowledge, their own ideas and ways to solve problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can explain what questions CBA can give answers to, in context of EU cohesion policy. Analyse role of CBA in contribution to EU goals.	8 hours
5.	Environment analysis, definition of goals and project identification.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises students, independently solve case studies by which they demonstrate adoption of previously acquired knowledge and present their own ideas. Discuss problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can make environment analysis, describe context of the project. Can formulate main, general goals of the projects for which CBA can be made in individual sectors. Establish when the project is clearly specified, identify areas of influence, end users and project stakeholders. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
6.	Project feasibility analysis - demand analysis and analysis of options.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Students individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the databases and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can know how to propose objectively measurable indicators in demand analysis and the sources of their verification. They know how to anticipate the constraints / mistakes that occur in demand forecasting. They know how to explain the link between a feasibility study and a cost-benefit analysis. They know how to make a Gantt chart. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
7.	Introduction to financial analysis.	1, 3, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises independently with use of computer students establish future and present value of money.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they know to explain basic concepts in the field of financial analysis and conduct cash flow discounting. They know how to explain differences in financial analysis of public and private projects, determine the goals of conducting financial analysis. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours

		8.	Financial analysis of costs and benefits. Defining and estimating costs and benefits. Sources of financing.	1, 3, 4, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises independently with use of computer they make financial analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they know how to make a projection of operating costs and revenues over the life of the project, calculate and interpret the residual value of the project, define possible sources of project financing. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
		9.	Financial Profitability and sustainability of the project.	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises independently with use of computer they make financial analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students know how to perform financial analysis by calculating and interpreting basic indicators (FNPV (C), FNPV (K), FRR (C), FRR (K)). They know how to check the financial viability of a project. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
	11	10.	Introduction to economic analysis.	1, 2, 3, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. During the exercises, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching databases, and on the basis of it and reading the literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work on exercises, a case study is handled.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students know how to explain basic concepts in the field of economic analysis, explain the differences between financial and economic analysis. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
		11.	Economic analysis.	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Students independently, with use of computer, conduct economic analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they know how to do economic analysis: implement fiscal adjustments, apply conversion factors, identify and monetize project social costs and benefits, discount estimated costs and benefits, calculate and interpret basic economic analysis indicators (ENPV, ERR, B / C). Critically evaluate and interpret the results of the financial and economic analysis performed and reach a conclusion on the eligibility of investment in the project.	10 hours
		12.	Cost-benefit analysis application in different sectors.	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They individually research the content of this topic area by searching the databases and, on the basis of it, and the literature read, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students know how to describe common principles and rules for applying analysis in the practice of different sectors, identify those sector-specific analysis aspects, such as typical economic costs and benefits, valuation methods, reference periods, etc.	8 hours
		13.	Risk assessment. Sensitivity analysis.	1, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students are able to identify and analyse key project risks, Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours

					On practical exercises i with use of computer th analysis.					
	14. Other tools of analysis analysis in Public Pri (PPP).					l read the k on exercises,	describe and cr financing large review differer for the constru-	or written and oral exam they can ritically evaluate different ways of trifrastructure projects. Select and nt public-private partnership models ction of public infrastructure and the frastructure services.	8 hours	
	15.	Concluding Consi Repeating and Pre			Listen to the lecture and preparation for the example.				42 hours	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK								
3.1. Students` obligations	to atter Studer Studer semina	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).								
	Attendance 1		1	Writt	en exam	3 (by submittin colloquiums the relieved of an v examination)	e student is	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		Rese	arch			Practical work		
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Repo	rt			Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium Colloquium 4 (by submitting both colloquiums the student i relieved of a written and oral examination)		ent is Semi	nar paper	0,5		Other (inscribe)			
	Class a	activities	0,5	Oral	exam	1 (by submittin colloquiums the relieved of an of examination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)		

3.3. Student workload4. GRADING	Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presen			work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 60 15 105			
4. GRADING	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying		Above average
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.			The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	 Writing style is s are too long, Frequent and 	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.			Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	the topic and show	errors. Th	are listed, but incomplete a ne references are appropria ct and show a satisfactory	ate for	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.
	Poo)r		Satisfy	ing	Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no Does not know and does no and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty tra new knowledge, understands subject matter, ex the terms and the notions that substantiat examples.		subject matter, explains	thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and		

	Active participation	in the	70-75% of atte	ndance	76-86	% of attendance	87-100% of attendance	Solved case study.
	lessons				4 points		7 points	3 points
	a .		2			3	4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points			7 points	8 points	10 points
according to evaluation			2		3		4	5
elements	Colloquium / writte exam	Colloquium / written		50-64,9%		55-79,9%	80-89,9%	90-100%
	exam		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5	5
			25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points
		kno	centage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numerou	ıs grade	ECTS grade		
4.4. Creating a final grade			90-100%	5 (exce	ellent)	А		
according to absolute allocation			80-89,9%	4 (very		В		
			65 – 79,9%	3 (go	,	С		
		ļ	60 - 64,9%	2 (suffi	,	D		
			50-59,9%	2 (suffi	icient)	E		

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media						
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	 Florio, M. et al (2015). *Vodič kroz analizu troškova i koristi investicijskih projekata, Alat za ekonomsku procjenu kohezijske politike 2014-2020*. Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg. (selected chapters) 		Available on-line						
through other media)	2. Korunić, K. (2017). *CBA –Analiza troškova i koristi*. Tim4pin, Zagreb.	3							
	 Europska komisija. (2015). *Provedbena uredba Komisije (EU) 2015/207 (Prilog III – Metodologija za provedbu analize troškova i koristi)*. Službeni list Europske unije, Bruxelles. 		Available on-line						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Boromisa, A. (2016). *Od troškova do koristi: analiza troškova i koristi u pripremi projekta*. Alinea, Zagreb. Rosen, H.S. i Gayer, T. (2010). *Javne financije*. Institut za javne financije, Zagreb. 	3 3							
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.								
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one l can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations						

3. GENERAL	3. GENERAL INFORMATION									
1.1. Course lecturer	Anita Grubišić Master in econ., Sen.Lec.	1.8. Course code in ISVU	187562 202147							
1.2. Course title	Financial Institutions and Markets	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG								
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Guest lecturers	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	45 P + 15 P							
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	3.10.1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%							
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	3.11.1.12. Number of course revisions	1							
1.6. Year of study	2	1.13. Modernization	Yes							
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20% □							
2. COURSE DES	CRIPTION									
2.1. Course objectives	securities and a series of activities undertaken by financial institutions operating in the market. The problem of crisis and fraud in capital markets. Analysis of the situation									
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions									

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level		To analyse business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals To analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business To apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support To analyse and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia, and propose solutions to stimulate economic prosperity To identify various problems, risks and risky situations in modern management and propose adequate solutions for identified problems and risk management mechanisms based on the company's state analysis To assess acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques To valorise and apply basic legal institutions in business environment To interpret the importance of financial markets for the entire economy, the role and importance of financial intermediaries, and polemicize the outcomes and consequences of asymmetric information acting on financial market participants and business entites									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Assess th Accurate	ng outcomes according to the Bloom's taxono e importance of financial markets for the health of the enti- ly evaluate the outcomes and consequences of asymmetric	ire economy of a p information on fi	particular country, and the role and importance of nancial market participants.	financial intermediaries.	Level of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application, 4-analysis, 5-evaluation, 6-synthesis 4,5 4,5 4,5					
	Categoriz Distingui	Properly define the money market, its role and participants, describe money market instruments. Categorize types of capital markets; distinguish types of securities and types of financial institutions, and types of banks and loans. Distinguish the most important financial institutions of the non-banking sector, describe the role and importance of insurance companies, pension and investment funds, and the leasing and factoring companies.									
	Numbe r	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching method	Evaluation		Duration				
2.5. Course content	1.	Introductory lecture. Financial system.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral ex financial system.	am they define the basis of	12				
according to detailed	2. Financial markets. Capital Markets and Money Market.		1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	the parts of the financial s		12				
curriculum schedule	3.	Primary and Secondary Market. Financial institutions.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exa and evaluate the divisions institutions.	m they know how to analyze of markets and financial	12				
	4.	Capital Market Institutions. Regulation and control. Capital Markets Securities	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral ex the Legal Framework for I Capital Market Institutions	am they know how to apply Regulation and Supervision of s.	12				

	5.	Central Banking and Monetary Policy Management. Banks.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam they know how to value and synthesize securities of the capital market.	12
	6.	Types of banks. Banking risks.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize central banking and monetary policy management. At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize banks and types of banks.	12
	7.	Pension reform. Pension funds	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In both the written and oral examinations, they know how to evaluate and synthesize pension funds.	12
	8.	Investment funds.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize the importance and work of financial market and supervisory institutions.	12
	9.	Insurance companies.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize mutual funds and insurance companies.	12
	10. The Zagreb Stock Exchange	The Zagreb Stock Exchange.	ge. 4,5 They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts. In the written and oral exam th and synthesize the stock marke			12
	11.	Money Market Zagreb.			In the written and oral exam they know how to value and synthesize the money market.	12
	12.	Field work.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - the importance of the existence of financial institutions and markets in regulated companies.	12
	13.	Movements in modern finances.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize trends, trends in modern finance.	12
	14.	Financial Institutions and Markets	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - the importance of the existence of financial institutions and markets in regulated companies.	12
	15.	Guest lecturer.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - the importance of the existence of financial institutions and markets in regulated companies.	12
3. EVALUATIO	N OF ST	TUDENTS` WORK				
3.1. Students` obligations	Attend	ance (in accordance with the Rulebook on Stu	dying) and the p	reparation of homework assignments are	e required for signature.	

3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	1		Written exam			Project				
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Export month and the second se			Research			Practical work	1			
for each activity so that the total	Essay			Report			Continuous examination	1			
number of ECTS points	Colloquium			Seminar paper	1		Other				
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activity	1		Oral exam	1		Otheer				
3.3. Student workload	Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 5. Attending classes and exercises 60 hours 6. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 120 hours										
4. GRADING SY	STEM										
4.1. Grading seminar papers	s -										
	Unsatisfactory		S	Satisfactory		Above av	erage				
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a understanding. Does not know o basic terms and concepts. Does n how to apply or explain the cont course with examples.	r apply tot know	difficulty impunderstands the	basic concepts and without parts new knowledge, material, explains the terms oported with examples.	Observes the content of t terms and c	e is at the level of analys the principles, accurately the material, and logical concepts supported with originally given. Notes co					
	Active course attendance	70-75%	of attendance	76-86% of attendat	nce	87-100% of	Max. Points				
	Active course attendance	4	points	7 points		10po	ints	20 points			
4.3. Final grade	Seminar paper										
according to evaluation			2	3		4		5			
elements	Colloquia/ Written exam	50	-64,9%	65-79,9%		80-89	,9%	90-100%			
		41	points	53 points		65 po	ints	72 points			
	Oral exam		2	3		4		5			
		9	points	12 points		15 points		18 points			

4.3. Final grade	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerical grade	ECTS grade
according to	90-100%	5 (excellent)	А
absolute	80-89,9%	4 (very good)	В
division	65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	C
	60 - 64,9%	2 (satisfactory)	D
	50-59,9%	2 (satisfactory)	E

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
(available in the library and via other media)	1. Lešić, Z., Grgurek, M., Financijske institucije i tržišta, Zaprešić, 2014		YES		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Klačmer Čalopa M.; Cingula, M.: Financijske institucije i tržište kapitala, TIVA, Varaždin, 2009. Saunders, A. i Cornett, M. M.: Financijska tržišta i institucije, Poslovni dnevnik, Masmedia, Zagreb, 2006. www.nn.hr, www.dab.hr, www.fina.hr, www.hanfa.hr, www.hbor.hr, www.hgk.hr, www.hnb.hr, www.hrportfolio.hr, www.mfin.hr, www.regos.hr, www.sda.hr 	2			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.				
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the e-mail).				

4. GENERAL	INFORMATION						
1.1. Course lecturer	Anita Grubišić mater in econ., Sen.Lec.	1.8. Course code in ISVU	201220 202148				
1.2. Course title	Controlling	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Guest lecturers	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	45 P + 15 P				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	4.10.1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	4.11.1.12. Number of course revisions	1				
1.6. Year of study	2	1.13. Modernization	Yes				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%X□More than 20 %□				
2. COURSE DES	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	To master the system, model and processes of controlling. Gain knowledge of strategic, tactical and operational planning and forecasting. Master the production of managerial reports.						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions						

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	Analyse of the co Analyse Apply a	ndependently and responsibly search the relevant literature for solutions and conclusions, Analyse the environment of the company, differentiate the competitive advantages of the company and propose different business strategies towards achieving the goals of the company Analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in micro and macro business environments and propose innovative solutions and tactics for business innovation Apply and evaluate qualitative and quantitative business decision-making methods in solving economic and managerial problems using software Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the		ing outcomes according to the Bloom`s taxono		verbs per LO)		Level of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application, 4-analysis, 5-evaluation, 6-synthesis		
course level	2. Know 3.Display 4. Foreca	op a management balance sheet, income statement and cas the model and processes of controlling. y the relationship of controlling function with other function asting the business (rolling forecast). op annual and operational business plans.	4,5 4,5 3,4 5,6					
	Numb er	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching method	Evaluation		Duration	
	1.	Introductory lecture Controlling basics: mission, model, system.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they define the mission, model and controlling system.		12	
	2.	Fundamentals of Controlling: Processes and Instruments.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and distinguish between controlling.	12		
2.5. Course content	3.	Management financial statements.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to analyse and evaluate the managerial financial statements.		12	
according to detailed	4.	Management non-financial reports. 1,2,3 They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts. On the written and oral exam, they I analyse and evaluate non-financial r			12			
curriculum schedule	5.	5. Deviation analysis.		They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they can evaluate and synthesize the results of the discrepancy analysis		12	
	6.	Risk analysis.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	They can evaluate and synthesize the results of risk analysis in both written and oral examinations.		12	
	7.	Planning: operational, tactical, strategic.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize operational, tactical and 12 strategic planning.		
	8.	Budgeting.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		al exam, they know how to ize the budgeting process.	12	

9.	Forecasting.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the forecasting process.	12
10.	Guest lecturers.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the introduction and application of the controlling process in companies.	12
11.	Analysis of financial statements. Business Analysis.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to value and synthesize the creation of value-added in enterprises by applying controlling.	12
12.	Contemporary Controlling: Partnership, Competencies, Modern Application and Philosophy	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	They are able to evaluate and analyse financial statements in both written and oral examinations.	12
13.	Guest lecturers	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and analyse the company environment.	12
14.	Final lecture. Repetition of material.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize modern controlling.	12
15.	Signatures.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - controlling system and its complete application in the company.	12

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations	Attendance (in accordance with the Rulebook on Studying) and the preparation of homework assignments are required for signature.						
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	1	Written exam		Project		
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	1	
for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	1	
number of ECTS points	Colloquium		Seminar paper	1	Other		
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activity	1	Oral exam	1	Otheer		
3.3. Student workload	Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 1. Attending classes and exercises 60 hours 2. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 120 hours						

4. GRADING SY	4. GRADING SYSTEM									
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-									
	U	Insatisfactory			Satisfactory			Above average		
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	understanding. Does not know of		r apply not know	hpply t know understands the material explains the terms		Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. Observes the principles, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the material, and logically connects and explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Finds solutions that were not originally given. Notes correlations with related material.		ains the ains the utions that		
	A ative course at	tandanaa	70-75%	of attendance	70	6-86% of attenda	nce	87-100% of attendance	Max.	Points
	Active course at	Active course attendance		4 points		7 points		10points	20 points	
4.3. Final grade	Seminar paper									
according to evaluation	Colloquia/ Written exam		2			3		4		5
elements			50-64,9%		65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-1	100%
			41points		53 points			65 points		points
			2		3			4		5
	Oral exam		9	points	12 points			15 points	18 p	points
4.3. Final grade		Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + fir exam)		Numerical	l grade ECTS gr		rade	·		
according to absolute		90 - 1	00%	5 (excell		A				
division		80-89 65-79		4 (very g 3 (goo		B C				
		60 - 6	4,9%	2 (satisfac	tory)	D				
		50-5	9,9%	2 (satisfac	tory)	E				

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION							
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
(available in the library and via other media)	Očko, J., & Švigir, A. (2009). Kontroling: upravljanje iz backstagea. Alitus savjetovanje.		YES				
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Osmanagic Bedenik, N. (2007). Kontroling Abeceda poslovnog uspjeha (Controlling Alphabet of Business Success). Skolska knjiga, Zagreb. Belak, V., Menadžersko računovodstvo, RRIF, Zagreb, 1995. Grubišić, A.; Analiza poslovanja, skripta, Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2010. 	2					
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the	contact teachers during the ble to ask questions by e-m	e consultation period				

IV. SEMESTER

1. GENERAL INFORM	1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT					
1.1. Title	Professional Practice	1.8. ISVU course code	146385 202137			
1.2. Lecturer	Vukičević Ana PhD, college prof.	1.9. MOZVAG course code				
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Dino Slavica, Master in econ., Lec.	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	450 hours			
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	Level 1 - materials available On-line,			
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Mandatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2			
1.6. Study year	Second year	1.13. Modernization	yes □no			
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	15	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20% □			

2. COURSE DESCI	RIPTION
2.1. Course objectives	 acquisition of practical skills, competencies and skills from various business disciplines (entrepreneurship, marketing, management, commercial law, sales and distribution, accounting, business banking and insurance, business planning, business communication, business management, process control, quality assurance); developing a sense of responsibility and teamwork within the work environment. training for effective integration of theory and business practice. Thanks to previously acquired theoretical knowledge and practical classes, students are trained to work at the middle level of management. The goals of professional practice are easier employment of students.
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Attended 3rd semester
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 Organize and lead teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team stakeholders Independently and responsibly search the relevant literature for making decisions and conclusions, Analyse the company's environment, differentiate the company's competitive advantages, and propose different business strategies towards achieving the company's goals Analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of business innovation Critically evaluate existing marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrate dualtative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems with the help of software Choose a research method, conduct market research and interpret the results of research Design a public procurement plan and prepare basic documents for conducting an open public procurement procedure Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs, and procesus using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and re

		Learning o (up to two v		ls Bloom's taxonomy:	LO Level: Recapture Understan Applicatio Analysis, Evaluation Synthesis	e, nding, on, n,	
		1. respo	Explain the	e organizational structure of the company and analyse the scope of	Syntheoits		, 4
	. Expected rning outcomes	2.	O clarify the	he documentation, laws, regulations, procedures, and regulations related company and performing the activities of the organization / company			2
on	the course level	3.		ad display the performance of business processes to work with clients /		4	, 5
		4.		e right procedures in solving tasks			4
		5.		w services and products are provided and company policy			2
		б.	Describe the se appropriate se	2.5			
		7.		sequence of activities and submit a detailed report on the collected data			б
		and b		ned during the implementation of professional practice			
		Constructiv Thematic unit	re alignment IU course	Content / teaching method	V	'aluati n	It takes time
acc deta	. Course content ording to ailed curriculum edule	1.	Execution of professional practice.	 Program compulsory professional practice (depending on the selected busi entity or institution): 1. Introduction to the organization and functioning of the business entity or organization in which the professional practice is performed. 2. Introduction to the system of work and business of appropriate organization in the organization or company. 3. Introduce the work and business and the scope of responsibility of 	r Pr e tional pr d	rofess onal ractic Diary repare and resent	450 hours

3.1. Students`	Obligations of students of the Polytechnic in performing professional practice as well as the conditions and manner of implementation of
3. EVALUATION (DF STUDENT WORK
3 EVALUATION (4. Work on specific cases from practice (for example: contracts in wholesale and retail, monitoring of processes and procedures in production, agency business, export and import business, contracting tourist arrangements, and making them, making calculations, making contracts, freight forwarding according to obtained dispositions, contracting transport and insurance, performing payment transactions in the country and abroad, organization of marketing services in the company, market research, use of business information, conducting negotiations, organization of propaganda and advertising of the company, acquaintance with relevant legislation, way of making investment programs and projects, feasibility studies, etc., banking, financing and lending in foreign and domestic trade, issuing bank guarantees, seeking and using credit information, getting to know the work of production plants, getting to know the work and business of hotels, freight terminals, etc., making commercial calculations, met is with the method of making annual company plans, calculating economy, productivity and profitability of business, analyse financial data, introduction to the management system in the company and marketing management, the work of representative offices of foreign companies in Croatia, mediation in international exchange, control of inflows and outflows , it d.).
	of the company and the connection between the departments. In exceptional situations, the student may be allowed to do an internship in two companies.

3.1. Students` Obligations of students of the Polytechnic in performing professional practice as well as the conditions and manner of implementation of professional practice in professional studies of the Polytechnic of Šibenik are prescribed by the Ordinance on professional practice. At this point the same is described in summary form.

The students are obliged to carry out professional practice. The student performs professional practice in organizations and companies determined by the holder of the course professional practice independently or at the suggestion of the student. In order for a student to be admitted to a professional internship, the course leader signs the Instruction for performing the professional internship (Appendix 2 of the Ordinance on professional internship). Professional practice is performed under the mentorship of an authorized person. During a training student is obliged to thoroughly and honestly perform the duties and tasks entrusted to it and shall respect the laws and regulations of the legal entity which carries out the practice, to comply with the prescribed safety measures, account dard obligations and safety measures and shall keep the property of the legal entity in which he / she performs his / her professional practice and take care that his / her behaviour or actions do not cause damage to the legal entity and the Polytechnic. During a training student develops Diary of professional practice (Annex 4 . Rules of professional practice). Upon completion of the internship, the mentor signs it. After successfully completed practice, the authorized person in a legal entity in which a student practicing signed and verified student Certificate of successfully completed practice (Annex 5 . Rules of professional practice) in its part of the certificate. The student is obliged to submit the diary of professional practice and the Certificate of completed professional practice to the holder of the course Professional practice immediately after the completion of professional practice, and no later than the end of the current academic year. If the holder of the Professional Practice course accepts the

	Professional Practice Diary, he / she enters "satisfied" in the Certificate of Professional Practice and the index. If the holder of the Professional Practice course does not accept the Professional Practice Diary, he enters "not satisfied" in the Certificate of Professional Practice and the student is obliged to re-enrol in the Professional Practice course in the next academic year. The practice is interrupted in the event of justified reasons and continues when such reasons cease to exist. The student or mentor informs about the existence or termination of the existence of the same lecturers immediately after their occurrence or after learning about the existence of such reasons. A student may be recognized for the Professional Practice course if he / she works or has worked on jobs that correspond to the intended practice in terms of content and complexity. In order for the course to be recognized, the student should, in the semester in which he is obliged to do the internship, submit a written application for recognition of the internship (Appendix 3 of the Ordinance on internship) and a certificate of the legal entity where he works or has worked. The certificate must contain the title of the job, a detailed description of the job and the start date as well as the end date in case the employment is terminated. The holder of the course decides on the recognition of professional practice.											
3.2. Monitoring	Attending classes		Written exam		Project							
student work (enter the share of ECTS	Experimental work]	Research		Practical work							
credits for each activity so that the	Essay]	Report		Continuous checking							
total number of ECTS points	Colloquium	5	Seminar paper		Execution of expert burst	12 ECTS						
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Teaching activities		Oral exam		Writing a Diary of Professional Practice	3 ECTS						
3.3. Student	Student workload on all bases is 1 ECTS credit 30 semester hours and is estimated as:											
workload	Commitment	ses is 1 ECTS credit 30 sei	mester nours and is esti	Hours (estimated)								
		ng practice		360 hours								
	2. Writing	6.		90 hours								
	3. In total	5		450 hours								
4. GRADING												
4.1. Seminar paper grading												
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	/											

No gra	Io grading. Professional practice is evaluated descriptively ("satisfied" or "not satisfied").									
NFORM	IATION ABOUT THE COURSE									
ature ry and			Availability through other media							
	Ordinance on professional practice of the Polytechnic of Šibenik Instructions for writing a Professional Practice Diary Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities									
ture anges udy	Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities									
e he edge, es	records of student attendance and activities in the classroom and the information obtained on stu will provide the information needed for further instructions to students to increase the effici instructed in their rights and obligations and methods of work and the necessary literature.	ident progress thro ency of their wor	ugh the colloquium k. Students will be							
	FORM ature ry and ure inges idy e he dge,	ry andTitleOrdinance on professional practice of the Polytechnic of Šibenik Instructions for writing a Professional Practice Diary Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activitiesure unges adyDocumentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activitiese he dge, esQuality control of students' work and acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensu records of student attendance and activities in the classroom and the information obtained on stu will provide the information needed for further instructions to students to increase the effici- instructed in their rights and obligations and methods of work and the necessary literature. Quality Assurance System Indicators: Student Survey, Monitoring of Annual Data from the CES	IFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE Auture ry and Title Number of copies in the library Ordinance on professional practice of the Polytechnic of Šibenik Instructions for writing a Professional Practice Diary Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities urre unges indy Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities Image: Documentation of the cols of the cols of the cols of the cols of student attendance and activities in the classroom and the information obtained on student progress throw will provide the information needed for further instructions to students to increase the efficiency of their work and the information students to increase the efficiency of their work and the necessary literature. Quality Assurance System Indicators: Student Survey, Monitoring of Annual Data from the CES on the Annual Enditional cols of the survey of the annual Enditional cols of the							

5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher between the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while short questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address on the domain @ vus.hr) which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days from the receipt of the e-mail).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course title	Final Thesis	1.8. Course code at ISVU	142621
1.2. Course lecturer	-	1.9. Course code at MOZVAG	-
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	-
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	 1.11. Level of e- learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%) 	1 st - some of the material available Online, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	4.
1.6. Year of study	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	Yes 🗆 No
1.7. Credit point (ECTS)	15	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20%
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			•
2.1. Course objectives	thus deepening the theoretical knowledge acquir is for students to develop the ability of an indepen	he given topic successfully applies the acquired knowledge i ed through the study program at the level of the profession indent approach in processing and solving complex and practi- arch results as well as the skills of writing and presenting in	he acquires. Also, the aim of the course cal problems in the profession. Students
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Enrolled VI semester		
	Entoned VI semester		
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level		n the topic and the course is chosen by the student.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the			Level of LO: 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 6 - synthesis.
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level2.4. Expected learning outcomes	Learning outcomes of the Final thesis depends o Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxon		 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation,

	3. Formulate and analyse	the context of the research					6, 4					
							5					
	5. Evaluate and present th	e results of the research or solution to the	e proble	m			6					
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule												
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT	WORK											
3.1. Students` obligations	-	and present the results of the research or solution to the problem 6 required to write a Final thesis under the guidance of a selected or assigned mentor. Consult with the mentor about the given topic a or thesis. The student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defense of the Final Image: the student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defense of the Final Image: the student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defense of the Final Image: the student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defense of the Final Image: the student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defense of the Final Image: the student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defense of the Batchelor thesis Image: the student is of the student part of the Batchelor thesis Image: the student is of the student part of the Batchelor thesis Image: the student part of the Final thesis										
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Attendance	Written exam	2	4 (without colloquia)	Projec	t						
	Experimental work	Research			Practic	cal work						
	Essay	Report										
	Colloquium	Seminar paper			Batchelor thesis		10					
	Class activity	Oral exam		Batchelo			5					
	Student workload on all bases is 1 ECTS credit 30 semester hours and is estimated as:											
3.3. Student workload	Obligation		Hours (estimated)									
detailed curriculum schedule Sevaluation of STUDENT WORK 3.1. Students' obligations Students are required to write a Final thesis under the guidance of a selected or assigned mentor. Consult with the mentor about the g the Batchelor thesis. The student is obliged to present and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defen Thesis. 3.1. Students' obligations Mutendance Written exam 4 (without colloquia) Project Image: Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Committee for evaluation and defend the Final Thesis in front of the Continuous examination corresponds to the credit score of the commits to the credit score of the course) Essay Report Continuous examination Calsa activity Oral exam Oral defense of the Batchelor thesis 5 3.3. Student workload Student sore of the Final thesis 300 5 3.3. Student workload 1. The written part of the Final thesis 150 15 4. FORMATION OF GRADES The paper is not organized in a horizon the wris												
	2. Oral defense of	the Final thesis	150									
4. FORMATION OF GRADES												
	Element of evaluation	Bad		Satisfying		Above average						
	Organization		clear of introd	distinction between the		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main body of the text and the conclusion, which are logically interconnected						

logically interconnected.

	Terminology, writing style	Words and expressions with official terminolog writing style is not app sentences are too long, vocabulary and with fre repeated grammatical e	gy. The ropriate, the of a modest equent and	with official ter writing style is sentence structu	ppropriate and there	Words and expressions are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.			
	Citing and referencing references	The sources are not list references do not fit the show a cursory approac the topic.	e topic and	The sources are listed but incomplete and with errors. The references are relevant to the topic and show a satisfactory research attitude.		The sources are accurately, completely, and consistently listed. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a detailed research approach.			
	The written part of the	2		3	4	5			
	Final thesis	5 points	10 p	oints	15 points	20 points			
elements	The written part of the	2		3	5	5			
 3. Forming the final grade cording to the evaluation ements 4. Formation of final grade sed on absolute distribution 	Final thesis	5 points	10 p	10 points 15 points			15 points		
		uired knowledge, skills a ompetences	nd	Number rating		ECTS grade			
4.4. Formation of final and	9	90 - 100%		5 (excellent)		Α			
_	8	0-89,9%		4 (very good)			В		
based on absolute distribution	6	5 – 79,9%		3 (good)			С		
	6	60-64,9%		2 (sufficient)		D			
	5	0-59,9%		2 (sufficient)		E			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE SUBJECT

	Title	Number of copies in	Availability via	
		the library	other media	
5.1. Required literature (available	Rulebook on the Final thesis	-		
	Instructions for writing a seminar paper and Final thesis			
media)	Books and professional literature in the field of writing the Final thesis			
	Internet websites in the field of the topic of writing the Final thesis	-		

5.2. Supplementary literature (at the time of the submission of changes and / or additions to the study program)	-	_	-
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	Quality control of students' work and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured students' attendance and activity in the classroom and information obtained about student progress thro needed for further guidance to students in order to increase their work efficiency. Students will be instr working methods and required literature. Quality assurance system indicators: Student survey, monitori status of students, employer survey and Alumni Association.	ugh the midterm will pro ucted in their rights and o	vide the information bligations as well as
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and to or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and or contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions a class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	n the website of the Polyte nd explanations they can	echnic. Students can be contacted during

LEARNING OUTCOME MATRIX OF SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2021/2022.

	I1	I2	I3	I4	I5	I6	I7	I8	I9	I10	I11	I12	I13	I14	I15	I16	I17	I18	I19	I20
Statistics				+	+		+	+												
Strategic Management		+	+	+																
Financial Management	+	+														+		+		
Business Ethics and Social Responsibility		+								+										
Economics Information System	+	+		+																
Innovation and Technological Strategies	+		+	+		+				+		+								
Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	+	+	+	+	+	+														
Cost Management		+	+	+			+					+								
Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making		+	+		+		+					+				+				
Risk Management		+	+	+											+					
Operations Management		+	+				+					+								
Management of Conflict	+	+				+									+				+	+
Croatian Economy			+										+				+			
Market Research	+	+	+	+				+												
Leadership	+	+	+	+	+	+														
Business Simulation	+	+			+		+				+				+					
Marketing Management	+	+	+	+																
Methods for Scientific Research		+						+												
Management of EU Projects	+	+						+	+			+		+	+					
Cost Benefit Analysis	+	+											+	+		+				
Financial Institutions and Markets		+	+	+			+						+		+	+	+	+		
Controlling		+	+	+			+					+								
Professional Practice	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+			
TOTAL NUMBER OF COURSES BY LEARNING OUTCOME	12	20	14	13	6	5	7	5	2	2	1	7	4	3	6	5	3	2	1	12