POLYTECHNIC OF ŠIBENIK SPECIALIST GRAUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

Trg Andrije Hebranga 11 22000 Šibenik



Šibenik, December 2020.

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SYLLABUS

Academic year 2020/2021

Dean of Polytechnic of Šibenik PhD Ljubo Runjić, s.lec.

Head of department Management Nikolina Gaćina, MEng, s.lec.

Šibenik, December 2020.

1. REQUIREMENTS AND RESULTS OF THE STUDY PROGRAM

Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management, organized at the Polytechnic of Šibenik, is intended for the education of managers of high-level managerial functions in companies and other business systems and organizations. Due to the significant share of economic educational content, thus educated students can successfully perform all tasks that require knowledge and skills in business economics and management.

Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management is primarily intended for students of Professional Studies of Management but it is also open to students of other undergraduate studies of our and other higher education institutions who wish to develop their competence in the field of management. Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management can be enrolled by students who have completed professional study or undergraduate study at another higher education institution. During the concept of studies, it is considered that students acquire equal and general competencies, i.e. knowledge, skills, and attitudes, i.e. interpersonal, instrumental and system competencies.

The general competences that the student acquires by completing the studies is the ability to solve problems, analyze, synthesize and evaluate, self-learning and literature research, teamwork, planning and organizing, improve numeracy and digital skills, oral and written business communication, the ability to negotiate in the mother tongue and at least two foreign languages, the ability of creative and critical thinking, generating new ideas, the ability to manage time and fulfill tasks and plans within the deadline.

Throughout the study, students gain the specific knowledge, skills and competences related to managing departments, processes and jobs to middle and upper-level management, strategic planning and cost management, processes, finances business entity or organization, marketing and market research, and the use of quantifiable results and methods for decision making, conflict management and risk management in the business, market positioning, while taking into account the financial and human resources. All listed will the students know to work responsibly, considering the legal and ethical business practices and respect for labor and human rights in a changing legal, economic and technological environment.

Upon completion of the study program the holder of this qualification is entitled to use the legally protected professional title "Specialist of Economy for Management" (spec. oec.) and perform professional tasks within their professions.

2. EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

- 1. Organize and lead the teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of the team's stakeholders
- 2. Individually and responsibly search relevant literature for solutions and conclusions,
- 3. Analyze the business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals
- 4. Analyze and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business
- 5. Use probabilistic models for various discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena, to estimate population parameters, set up a statistical hypothesis test and implement these basic statistical analyses with the support of computer tools
- 6. Critically evaluate existing marketing communications and suggest improvements to the business case and develop the basic skills of forming integrated marketing communications
- 7. Apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support
- 8. Develop a management plan and propose a strategy for the management of protected areas
- 9. Select research method, and conduct market research to interpret the results of the study
- 10. Develop a plan of public procurement and to prepare basic documents for the implementation of an open public procurement procedure
- 11. Build a value system in the enterprise based on business ethics and socially responsible business
- 12. Interpret the process and modeling principle, choose discrete simulation from input data, and create and apply a simulation model using Sigma, Arena and Capsim software packages, and tools such as Excell and ExpertFit
- 13. Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes by using analysis and monitoring of the achieved indicators and results
- 14. Analyze and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia, and propose solutions to stimulate economic prosperity
- 15. Identify the possibility of financing projects from European Union funds and programs and actively participate in tendering and project design
- 16. Identify different problems, risks and risk situations in modern leadership and management, and propose adequate solutions to the problems identified and the mechanisms of risk management based on the analysis of the state enterprises
- 17. Assess the acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques
- 18. Valorize and apply basic legal institutions in the business environment
- 19. Interpret the importance of financial markets for the entire economy, the role and importance of financial intermediaries, and argue the outcomes and consequences of acting asymmetric information on participants in financial markets and business entities
- 20. To anticipate the causes of conflicts in the company and to resolve the conflict by mediation / mediation

3. PROGRESSION THROUGH THE STUDY PROGRAM

The student is required to enroll in the academic year in the enrollment deadlines. A person who does not enter the academic year loses status and rights of a student. The deadlines were published on Polytechnic web sites and newsletters and, if necessary, on Polytechnic publications (brochures, promotional materials, etc.).

When enrolling in the study year, the student enrolls compulsory and elective subjects in worth of minimum 27 to a maximum of 35 ECTS per semester, i.e. a minimum of 60 ECTS to 66 ECTS per year, in accordance with the Study Regulations.

- I. Students enroll in a higher academic year if they have obtained at least 50 ECTS from the previous year, as follows: from the previous year, students enroll in all non-admitted subjects and a maximum of 60 ECTS from higher study years.
- II. Students have the right to enroll in a repetition of the study year with partial enrollment of subjects from higher year of study under the following conditions:
 - Partial entry of subjects from the second (2) year of study if they have at least 30 ECTS in the first (1.) study year
- III. If a student has completed at least one of the ECTS credits with 29 or fewer ECTS credits, he or she must enter a repeat of the year in the Academic Calendar as set forth in the academic year for the next academic year.

If the student has passed as many subjects as possible by the end of the academic year whose ECTS value is 29 or less ECTS he/she is obliged to enter a repetition of the year in the deadlines set forth for enrollment in the Academic Calendar for the next academic year.

Teaching	Full-time student First entry Repeat		Part-time st	udents
year			First entry	Repeat
1.	59	3	11	3
2.	52	3	13	3

Figure 1. Number of enrolled students in the academic year 2020./2021.

For economics and rationality, classes for full-time and part-time students are carried out jointly whenever possible given spatial and other conditions.

Students are obliged to complete all the commitments undertaken in the course (seminar papers, exercise protocols, project work, case studies) which the teacher certifies by signing the index at the end of the semester (usually the last teaching week of the semester). The teacher has right to refuse signing the index to a full-time student who is absent from more than 30% of teaching hours.

Part-time student's obligations are created according to the possibilities of their attendance in courses, which must be in accordance with the approved performance plan of the teaching of a particular subject.

The total obligation of the full-time students can be 48 hours a week at most, and not less than 40 hours, of which the most 24 hours a week of active hours. Exceptionally, students' obligations may be greater in the case of increased practical teaching, but not more than two weeks in a row during the semester.

Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management is evaluated with 120 ECTS credits, which are realized through enrollment of the courses.

Before completing the final thesis, the student **must pass all courses**. The total number of credits placed with the final thesis should be **at least 120 ECTS points**.

4. LIST OF LECTURERS WHO TEACH AT SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

NAME AND SURNAME OF THE LECTURER	COURSE	CONTACT E-MAIL	CONSULTATION
	EMPLOYEES of Polytechnic	of Šibenik	
Anita Grubišić Master in econ., s.lec.	Cost Management Financial Institution and Markets Controlling	<u>anita@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 6
Mr Gina Lugović, s.lec.	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility Psychology for Managers Management of Conflicts Methods of Scientific Research	<u>gina@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 7
Želimir Mikulić, M.eng., s.lec.	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making Business Simulations	<u>zelimir.mikulic@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 12, 2. flour
Dijana MEČEV, Master in econ., s.lec.	Croatian Economy	dijana@vus.hr	Cabinet 2
Ana Perišić, Master in econ., s.lec.	Statistics Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making	<u>sisak@vus.hr</u>	Cabinet 3
Jasmina Sladoljev, Master in econ., s.lec.	Professional Practice	jasmina@vus.hr	Cabinet 4
Dino Slavica, Master in econ., assistant	Professional Practice	dslavica@vus.hr	
Jelena ŠIŠARA, Master in econ., s.lec.	Market Research	jelena@vus.hr	Cabinet 4
PhD Frane UREM, college prof.	Economics Information System	frane.urem@vus.hr	Cabinet 6
PhD Ana Vukičević, s.lec.	Strategic Management	ana u@vus.hr	Cabinet 5
Jelana Žaja, Master in econ., s.lec.	Operations Management Cost-benefit Analysis	jzaja@vus.hr	Cabinet 2

NAME AND SURNAME OF THE LECTURER	COURSE CON	TACT E-MAIL C	CONSULTATION					
EXTERNAL COLLABORATORS								
PhD Domagoja Buljan Barbača	Management of EU Projects	dobuljan@oss.unist.hr	According to the schedule of lectures and exams					
Željko Deković Master in econ., s.lec.	Operations Management	zeljko.dekovic@otpbank <u>.hr</u>	Cabinet 2, According to the schedule of lectures and exams					
PhD Zdravko Kedžo, lec.	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills Leadership	<u>kedzo@unidu.hr</u>	According to the schedule of lectures and exams					
MSc Anita Krolo Crvelin, s.lec.	Risk Management	akroloc@oss.unist.hr	According to the schedule of lectures and exams					
Mr Alenka Poljičak, s.lec. Public Procurement		alenka.poljicak@si.t- com.hr	According to the schedule of lectures and exams					
PhD Mili Razović	Innovation and Technological Strategies	<u>razovic@vus.hr</u>	According to the schedule of lectures and exams					

5. PLACE OF TEACHING OF SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

Teaching at the Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management is performed at the Polytechnic of Šibenik, in Šibenik, address "Trg Andrije Hebranga 11". In the mentioned location, apart from the service offices, there are 12 lecture halls with a total area of 757 m^2 .

The premises in which the teaching process takes place provide optimal conditions with regard to the number of enrolled students. The aforementioned space contains spatial capacities that, in keeping with the standards of higher education, enable students to have good quality monitoring and participation in educational activities.

Classes at the Polytechnic take place from Monday to Friday (in exceptional cases on Saturdays in the morning) according to the fix schedule of the lessons published on the notice boards and on the official website of the Polytechnic. In accordance with the requirements of the *Regulation on the content of license and conditions for issuing license to perform activities of higher education, carrying out study programs and re-accreditation of higher education institutions* (Narodne novine No. 24/10) Article 5 (2), Polytechnic has a ratio of students and the space available for the teaching $(1.25 \text{ m}^2 / \text{student})$.

6. LIST OF SUBJECTS, TEACHER AND ASSOCIATES, TIMETABLE OF THE SUBJECT, STUDENT WORKLOAD OF SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		I. SEMESTER								
М	Perišić A.	Statistics	Perišić A.	Perišić A.	3			2	2	6
М	Vukičević, A.	Strategic Management	Vukičević, A.	Vukičević, A.	3	1	1			6
Ν	Lugović G.	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility	Lugović G.	Lugović G.	2	1	1			5
М	Lugović G.	Psychology for Managers	Lugović G.	Lugović G.	2	1	1			5
Ν	Urem F.	Economics Information System	Urem F.	Urem F.	2			1		4
Ν	Razović M.	Innovation and Technological Strategies	Razović M.	Razović M.	2	1	1			4
N	Kedžo, Z.	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	Kedžo, Z.	Kedžo, Z.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Grubišić A.	Cost management	Grubišić A.	Grubišić A.	2	1	1			4

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		II. SEMESTER								
М	Mikulić Ž.	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making	Mikulić Ž.	Perišić A.	3			2	2	6
М	Krolo Crvelin, A.	Risk Management	Vukičević, A.	Vukičević, A.	3	1	1			6
М	Deković Ž.	Operations Management	Deković Ž.	Žaja J.	3			2	2	6
Ν	Lugović G.	Management of Conflict	Lugović G.	Lugović G.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Mečev. D.	Croatian Economy	Mečev. D.	Mečev. D.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Šišara J.	Market Research	Šišara J.	Šišara J.	2	1	1			4
Ν	Kedžo, Z.	Leadership	Kedžo, Z.	Kedžo, Z.	2	1	1			4

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		III. SEMESTER								
М	Mikulić Ž.	Business Simulations	Mikulić Ž.	Mikulić Ž.	3			2	2	6
Ν	Lugović G.	Methods of Scientific Research	Lugović G.	Lugović G.	3	1	1			6
N	Buljan Barbača, D.	Management of EU Projects	Buljan Barbača, D.	Buljan Barbača, D	2			2	1	6
Ν	Žaja, J.	Cost Benefit Analysis	Žaja, J.	Žaja, I.	2			2	1	6
Ν	Grubišić, A.	Financial Institutions and Markets	Grubišić, A.	Grubišić, A.	3	1	1			6
Ν	Grubišić, A.	Controlling	Grubišić, A	Grubišić, A	3	1	1			6
Ν	Poljičak A.	Public Procurement	Poljičak A.	Poljičak A.	2			2	2	6

M / N	SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	TEACHER - LECTURERS	TEACHER - EXERCISES / SEMINARS	Lectures Hours per week	Seminars Hours per week	Number of groups	Exercises Hours per week	Number of groups	ECTS
		IV. SEMESTER								
М	Sladoljev, J.	Professional Practice	Sladoljev, J.	Sladoljev, J. /Slavica D.						15
М		Final Thesis								15

7. ACADEMIC CALENDAR FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2019/2020.

ACTIVITY	TERM
Winter semester	30 September 2019 - 21 February 2019
Lectures, exercises and seminars	30 September 2019 - 25 January 2020
Winter holidays	23 December 2019 - 3 January 2020
Winter regular examination period	27 January 2020 – 21 February 2020
Testing the Winter Semester	13 February 2020 - 20 February 2020
Summer semester	24 February 2020 - 30 September 2020
Lectures, exercises and seminars	24 February 2020 - 5 June 2020
Summer regular examination period	8 June 2020- 8 July 2020
Summer break	20 July 2020 - 17 August 2020
Autumn regular examination period	24 August 2020 - 19 September 2020
Testing the Summer semester	13-18 July 2020 / 24-30 September 2020

NATIONAL HOLIDAYS

DATE	PUBLIC HOLIDAYS
October 8 th	Independence Day
November 1 st	All Saint's Day
December 25 th	Christmas
December 26 th	St. Stephen's Day
January 1 st	New Year's Day
January 6^{th}	Epiphany
April 13 th	Easter Monday
May 1 st	International Workers' Day
May 31 st	Corpus Christi
May 30 th	National Day
June 22 nd	Anti-Fascist Struggle Day
August 5 th	Homeland Thanksgiving Day
August 15 th	Assumption of Mary

8. CALENDAR OF EXAM TERMS AND DEADLINES FOR ACADEMIC YEAR 2019/2020.

SUBJECT HOLDER	SUBJECT	Winter exam	ination period	Summer examination period		Autumn exam	nination period
	I. SEMESTER	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period	6th period
Perišić A.	Statistics	14.02.	28.02.	03.07.	17.07.	28.08.	11.09.
Vukičević, A.	Strategic Management	08.02.	22.02.	02.07.	16.07.	03.07.	17.09.
Lugović G.	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility	04.02.	19.02.	24.06.	09.07.	21.08.	06.09.
Lugović G.	Psychology for Managers	12.02.	26.02.	01.07.	15.07.	02.09.	16.09.
Razović M.	Innovation and Technological Strategies	07.02.	21.02.	01.07.	15.07.	26.08.	09.08.
Kedžo, Z.	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	04.02.	18.02.	24.06.	10.07.	21.08.	04.09.
Grubišić A.	Cost Management	28.01.	11.02.	08.06.	19.06.	04.09.	18.09.
				T	T	1	1
	II. SEMESTER	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period	6th period
Mikulić Ž.	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making	15.02.	01.03.	02.07.	16.07.	26.08.	09.08.
Krolo Crvelin, A.	Risk Management	14.02.	28.02.	26.06.	10.07.	22.08.	05.09.
Deković Ž.	Operations Management	04.02.	18.02.	15.06.	29.06.	27.08.	10.09.
Lugović G.	Management of Conflict	07.02.	21.02.	27.06.	09.07.	23.08.	04.09.
Mečev. D.	Croatian Economy	05.02.	19.02.	17.06.	01.07.	03.09.	17.09.
Šišara J.	Market Research	30.01.	13.02.	11.06.	25.06.	31.08.	14.09.
Kedžo, Z.	Leadership	13.02.	27.02.	26.06.	06.09.	23.08.	06.09.

	III. SEMESTER	1st period	2nd period	3rd period	4th period	5th period	6th period
Mikulić Ž.	Business Simulations	27.01.	10.02.	08.06.	23.06.	24.08.	07.09.
Lugović G.	Methods of Scientific Research	04.02.	19.02.	24.06.	09.07.	21.08.	06.09.
Buljan Barbača, D.	Management of EU Projects	15.02.	01.03.	01.07.	15.07.	22.08.	05.09.
Žaja, J.	Cost Benefit Analysis	11.02.	25.02.	24.06.	15.07.	02.09.	16.09.
Grubišić, A.	Financial Institutions and Markets	28.01.	11.02.	08.06.	19.06.	04.09.	18.09.
Grubišić, A.	Controlling	28.01.	11.02.	08.06.	19.06.	04.09.	18.09.
Poljičak A.	Public Procurement	06.02.	20.02.	04.07.	18.07.	29.08.	12.09.

9. CURRICULA AND COURSE CONTENT WITH EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES AND BASIC LITERATURE

I. SEMESTER

1. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course lecturer	Ana Perišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	130477					
1.2. Course title	Statistics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	3.					
1.6. Year of study	1st	1.13. Modernization	Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%X□More than 20 %□					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives	Provide theoretical and practical kno	wledge which enables students to develop and apply acquired skills	for economic-statistical analysis.					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.						
Lo 1Lo 4: To analyze and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business. LO 5: To use probabilistic models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena, assess population parameters, set statistical hypotheses, conduct tests and basic statistical analyses with support of computer tools LO 7: To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support LO 10: To select a research method, conduct market research and interpret the results of the research carried out								

2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	1. T 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. T	Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Image: Control of the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 1. To independently prepare and carry out basic statistical analysis (exploratory and inferential) for business problems by using MS Excel. Image: Control of the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 2. To explain basic concepts and to solve basic problems in the field of probability theory. Image: Concept section of the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 3. To select and apply probability models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena Image: Concept section of the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 4. To estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population. Image: Concept section of the Statistical test and derive conclusions about the population. 5. To set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population. Image: Concept section of the Statistical test and to draw a conclusion about the relationship between variables 6. To perform correlation and regression analysis, to comment the results and to draw a conclusion about the relationship between variables Image: Concept section and the problem section about the relationship between variables				2- unde 3- appl 4-analy 5-evalu 6-synth	mbering, rstanding, ication, sis, ation,
	Cons	tructive allignement					
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time
		Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	-	Attending lectures. Familiarize with course content, e-learning documents, literature and students' obligations.			1 h
	1.	Data collection. Exploratory analysis. Population, sample, variable, parameters.	1	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will independently prepare a pr where they will have to prepare and carr statistical analysis (exploratory and infer business problems by using MS Excel.	y out basic	4h 7 h
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Descriptive statistics. Measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, asymmetry measures, kurtosis, standardized values, Chebyshev's rule.	1	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will independently prepare a pr where they will have to prepare and carry statistical analysis (exploratory and infer business problems by using MS Excel.	y out basic	5h 7h
	3.	Sample space. Probability. Probability space. Conditional probability. The law of total probability	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will explain basic concepts and basic problems in the field of probability through colloquia or written/oral exams.		5h 7h
	4.	Sample space. Probability space. Probability. Conditional probability. The law of total probability	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will explain basic concepts and basic problems in the field of probability through colloquia or written/oral exams.	theory	5h 7h
	5.	Random variable. Discrete and continuous distributions. Expectation, variance. Discrete random variables and their applications. Binomial,	3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will select and apply probability for different discrete and continuous stoc phenomena through colloquia or written/ exams.	chastic	5h 7h

	Poisson, hypergeometric and uniform distribution.				
6.	Continuous distribution. Gaussian distribution.	3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will select and apply probability models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
7.	Two-dimensional random variable. Marginal distribution. Independence. Conditional distribution. Covariance. Correlation coefficient. Exam preparation.	2,3,6	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.	Students will explain basic concepts and solve basic problems in the field of probability theory, they will select and apply probability models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena through colloquia or written/oral exams. As a part of their practical project, students will perform correlation and regression analysis, comment the results and draw a conclusion about the relationship between variables.	5h 7h
8.	Sampling. Sampling distribution for the sample mean, proportion and variance.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
9.	Sampling. Sampling distribution for the sample mean, proportion and variance. Estimating the mean, proportion and standard deviation. Confidence intervals.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
10.	Hypothesis testing. Sample size, significance level. Hypothesis testing for the mean proportion, variance.	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
11.	Hypothesis testing. Hypothesis testing for the mean proportion, variance.	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
12.	Comparing population parameters. Hypothesis testing. Comparing population means, proportions.	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population and set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive conclusions about the population through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 7h
13.	Comparing population parameters. Hypothesis testing. Comparing population means, proportions.	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate population parameters (point and interval estimates) and derive conclusions about the population and set the statistical hypothesis, conduct the statistical test and derive	5h 7h

					conclusions about the population the or written/oral exams.	rough colloquia	
	14. Non-para	metric tests	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.	Students will set the statistical hypo the statistical test and derive conclu population through colloquia or wri	sions about the	5h 7h
	Regression 15. Final con Exam pre		6	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.	As a part of their practical project or written/oral exam, students will per and regression analysis, comment the draw a conclusion about the relation variables.	form correlation he results and	5h 7h
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS	WORK						
3.1. Students` obligations	least 70%. Part-tin Students who hav from 0 - from 25 extraordi more tha Students can take participation in cl	ne students are required to at e during the course achieved 24,9% ECTS credits- are rate - 49,9% - are assessed by F2 nary exam period; n 50% - students have the rig the final exam from the cou asses and through two colloc	ttend classes a ed F (unsucce X (insufficier ght to take the urse in two w quia); b) by pa	gulations on Student Assessment a at least 50%. All students are requ assful) and cannot obtain ECTS creat at) and must pass the written exar final exam. yays: a) during the course of teac assing the exam (written and oral iness problems by using MS Exce	ired to carry calculator and for edits, and must re-enroll in the n (test). Written exam (test) ca hing through continuous moni part of the exam). Students wi	mulae list. e next academic an be held in itoring of stud	c year; a regular or ents (active
	Attendance	0,3	Written exa	m 3,5 (without colloqu	nia) Project	1	
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each	Experimental wor	k	Research		Practical work		
activity so that the total number of	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	0,5	
ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3,5 (without written exam)	Seminar paj	per	Other		
	Class activity	0,2	Oral exam	0,5	Other		
3.3. Student workload	1. Attendin	on all bases for 1 ECTS crec g classes and exercises 75 ho g colloquia or exams through	ours	in a semester and is estimated as ork105 hours			

4. GRADING SYSTEM					
4.1. Grading seminar papers					
	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory			Above average
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.	Reproduces the basic concep difficulty imparts new understands the material, exp and concepts supported with	knowledge, plains the terms	Observes the content of the terms and content of the terms are terms ar	is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. he principles, accurately and thoroughly explains the he material, and logically connects and explains the concepts supported with examples. Finds solutions that iginally given. Notes correlations with related
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	to the oral exam, students need to achieve did not pass at least one colloquia (or reta students need to achieve at least 50% on v	at least 50% on each colloquia, ken colloquia) need to take written exam. Students will p e final grade is formed after th	uium. Also, stu part in the writ prepare a projec	dents have a ten exam. In t where the	a (twice during the semester). In order to have access a possibility to retake one colloquium. Students who n this case, in order to have access to the oral exam, y will independently carry out statistical analysis for g scores achieved through the written exam/colloquia,
4.2 Final and according to	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerical grade	ECTS g	rade	
4.3. Final grade according to absolute division	90-100%	5 (excellent)	Α		
	80-89,9%	4 (very good)	B		
	65-79,9% 60-64,9%	3 (good) 2 (satisfactory)	C D		
	50-59,9%	2 (satisfactory) 2 (satisfactory)	E E		

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFOR	RMATION		
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and via other media)	Šošić I., Primijenjena statistika, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2004. (chapters 1-12) Patrick R. McMullen, Poslovna statistika za stručne studije [prijevod Devčić,K., Perišić,A.], Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2017	12 -	No Yes
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Azcel A. Sounderpandian J., Complete Business Statistics, McGraw Hill, 2009. Newbold P., Statistics for Buisness and Economics, Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall, 1997 Čižmešija M., Kurnoga Živadinović N., Zbirka riješenih zadataka iz osnova statistike, Mirorad d.o.o., Zag Dumičić K., Bahovec V., Poslovna Statistika, Element, Zagreb, 2011. Excel manuals Teaching materials	greb,2006	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensure of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through st for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Stud- obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian empl employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.	hort colloquiums and hom lents will be informed ab	nework, information out their rights and
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions ar class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which v than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	the website of the Polyte and explanations they can	chnic. Students can be contacted during

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT	-		
1.1. Title	STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT	1.8. ISVU course code	142638	
1.2. Lecturer	Ana Vukičević, Ph.D.	1.9. MOZVAG course code		
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)	
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%	
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.	
1.6. Study year	1	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no	
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %	
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with crafting and executing s	strategy		
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	ur-year high school education completed; having a qua	alification at level 4.2		

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	probl LO 1 new t LO 1	em situations 3 To analyze new roles of organizations, rends in companies and organizations	, systems, pr	ocesses, products and services and	s, analyze the problem and propose approp d quality standards in companies and propo r value system in judgment process and as	se valorisation of	
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonor o two verbs per LO) nalyze new roles of organizations	•			 Understanding, Application, Analysis, Evaluation, 	
		critically analyze management techniques for strategic crafting and identify modern organization strategies comment problematic of different organizations' strategies					
		analyze and to grade organization mission				4,5 6	
	Cons No:	tructive alignment Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed	
	1	Introduction to course objectives and thematic	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours	
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		Concepts and techniques for strategic planning	1,6,7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define strategy , vision and mission.	4 hours	
detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Management process of building new strategies	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define the process of building a new startegie.	4 hours	
	3.	External environment analysis	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define the specifics of external environment analysis and know the different tools used by managers.	4 hours	

9.	Building strong resources	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe internal and external resources.	6 hours
8.	Strategy, ethics and business social responsibility	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define ethics and social responsibility	4 hours
7.	Strategy adoption to specific situation	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe different strategies solution in different situations.	10 hours
6.	Competition on foreign market	1, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and explain the specifics of competition in foreign market and which strategic choices to use.	8 hours
5.	Internal operation	1, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe specifics of management of internal operation.	10 hours
4.	External environment analysis	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define the specifics of external environment analysis and know the different tools used by managers.	4 hours

			individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.		
10.	Entrepreneurship strategies	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe entrepreneurship strategies.	8 hours
11.	Organization culture	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe how organization culture is changes by adopting different strategy.	8 hours
12.	Management of internal operations	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe management of internal operation.	10 hours
13.	Organization changes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe what is organization change and what tools to use.	6 hours
14.	Diversification	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically describe the diversification of strategies.	6 s hours

					previously acquired kn presenting adopted kno ideas, discuss issues.				
	15.	Concluding Consid Repeating and Pre			Listen to the lecture an preparation for the exa				20 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WOR	RK								
3.1. Students` obligations	to atter Studen Studen	nd at least 50% of lectures ts who have during the co From 0 – 24,9% EC From 25 – 49,9% EC More than 50% ECT ts can pass the final exam	s. All students must create, pres ourse achieved: IS credits- is rated F (unsucces) ITS credits - is rated FX (inade) S credits - students have the rig n in two ways: a) during the cou	sent and pos sful) and ca quate) and l ght to access urse through	sitively colloquy semina unnot get ECTS credits a has to come out and pas s the final exam of the s h continuous student atto	ar paper. and must re-enrol t as the test (exam). A subject. endance (active pa	he subject in the A written exam rticipation in the	ist 70% attendance. Part-time stude e next academic year; can be held in a regular or extraord e lessons, , solving case studies, ma d presenting the seminar paper) and	inary exam period; king and presenting the
	(written	n and oral exam). ance		Writter	n exam	2 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an w examination)	e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		Researc	ch	0,5		Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Report				Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Semina	ar paper	0,5		Other (inscribe)	
	Class a	ctivities		Oral ex	am	1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an o examination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)	
3.3. Student workload		Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Prese	ases amounts to 1 ECTS point f nting seminar paper Colloquium / exam through se			nd is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 20 40 50			

	Valuation Element	Poor		Satis	fying		Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is l		The paper is well stru distinction between th main part of the text a	e introduction	clear dist n, the mai sion. that	e paper is well-structured with a clear tinction between the introduction, the in part of the text and the conclusions t are perfectly logically linked to one other	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	. Writing style is s are too long, requent and	Words and phrases are terminology. The writ appropriate, the senter the vocabulary is appr grammatical errors.	ing style is nce structure i	s clear, as little	ources are accurate, complete and onsistent. The references are appropriate,	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	Sources are listed, but errors. The references the subject and show attitude.	are appropria	te for con research thei	are no grammatical errors. Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		
	Po	or	Satisfying			Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know and does n	Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents the		terms, without difficu inderstands subject mat the notions that subs	ter, explains	evaluation. It thoroughly ex logically link that it encaps	s at the level of analysis, synthesis and t observes legitimacy, accurately and xplains the content of the subject, and cs and explains the terms and concepts sulates. Find solutions that are not ven. There is a correlation with ubjects.	
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendanc	ce Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	2 points		4 points	7 points		3 points	
	Seminar paper	2		3		4	5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points	
according to evaluation		2		3		4	5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5	5	
		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	

competences (teaching + final exam)		ECTS grade	
90 - 100%	5 (excellent)	А	
80 - 89,9%	4 (very good)	В	
65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	С	
60 - 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D	
50 - 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	Е]
	exam) 90 - 100% 80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9% 60 - 64,9%	exam) 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) 60 - 64,9% 2 (sufficient)	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline exam \\ \hline 90-100\% & 5 (excellent) & A \\ \hline 80-89,9\% & 4 (very good) & B \\ \hline 65-79,9\% & 3 (good) & C \\ \hline 60-64,9\% & 2 (sufficient) & D \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
through other media)	. Thompson, A., Strickland, A.J. i Gamble. J.:Strateški menadžment – u potrazi za konkurentskom prednošću, Mate, 2005, Zagreb.	3	-			
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)			-			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.					
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher						

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Business Ethics and Social Responsibility	1.8. ISVU course code	187552					
1.2. Lecturer	MA Gina Lugović, s. lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code	?					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30L+15S					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , materials available online, 0% of course online.					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1					
1.6. Study year	2.	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives Stu	2.1. Course objectives Students acquire knowledge of fundamental theoretical approaches in the field of business ethics and train for the application of moral and ethical principles in business, the application of the concept of social responsibility and the solving of moral and ethical dilemmas.							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Attendance at lectures, submitted seminar papers.								

2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions								
study programme level	L011.	To build a value system in an enterprise based on b	ousiness ethics p	principles and socially responsible manage	ment				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)								
on the course level	1. 2. Ai	Explain the links between business ethics and nticipate and modify problematic situations	business enviro	onment		<u>6</u> 5			
on the course level		Analyse and explain the relationship between busin	ess ethics and s	ocial responsibility		4,6			
	4. M	anage systematic knowledge in the field of ethics a	and social respo	nsibility for further study and analysis of the		6			
		Plan the application of ethical and socially responsible application of ethical and socially responsible applications.	ble behaviour in	the organization by applying formal ethic	al and other acts in relation to employees,	6			
	a	ssociates and users							
	Constructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	4 hours			
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Defining and explaining business ethics. Business ethics of Enterprises (collective) and professional ethics (individual, members of a particular profession). Ethics, morality, and the codex. Rules of conduct towards clients, colleagues, compliance with regulations in the profession and towards the public.	1, 2, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In the written exam they define the business ethics and professional ethics of the individual and certain professions). They define and describe the meaning of ethics, morals and codes. They know how to explain the rules of conduct towards clients and colleagues, and the importance of compliance with regulations in the profession and in the public.	1 10 hours			
	2.	Basic determinants of ethics and ethical behaviour/morals. Theories, divisions, values, judgement, motivation, behavior, crisis. Etiquette, protocol.	1, 2, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the	In the written exam, they can define the determinants of ethics and ethical behaviour / morality. They define theories and divisions of morality, and describe the values, judgments, motivations, behaviours and crises of ethics. They know how to explain the rules of etiquette and protocol.	10 hours			

				acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.		
	3.	Ethical business theories. Interpersonal, functional, corporate, professional, managerial, enterprise ethics and employee ethics. Relationship of ethics and organizational culture. Ethics and mass media.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe ethical theories of business, and the relationship of interpersonal, functional, corporate, professional, managerial, entrepreneurial ethics and employee ethics. In the written exam, they can describe the relationship between ethics and organizational culture, and ethics and mass media. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
	4.	Ethics and social Responsibility: concept of model, type and level of morality, strategy and management of social responsibility. Protection of human rights.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	In the written exam, they know how to define and describe the relationship between ethics and social responsibility, the model and types and levels of morale, strategies and management of social responsibility. They can explain the need to protect human rights in a written exam. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
	5.	Morality/Ethics of society (policies within social planning in relation to the ethics of managers)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	In the written exam, they are able to explain policies within social order in relation to manager ethics. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
	6.	The morale of the company (theory, Corporate social responsibility, relationship between enterprises and employees).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	On the written exam, they can explain the morale of the company in relation to theory, corporate social responsibility and the relationship between the company and employees. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
	7.	Morality (Code of Ethics) enterprises and States, shareholders, competitors, buyers, company strategy and implementation of ethics in business practices.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	In the written exam they can explain the code of ethics of the company in relation to the state, shareholders, competition, customers, as well as the strategy of the company and the implementation of ethics in business practice. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours

8.	Ethical dilemmas in Business: appearance, analysis and solving of ethical dilemma in business. Ethically and legally?	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	At the written exam, they can explain the ethical dilemmas in business: the emergence, analysis and resolution of ethical dilemmas in business, explain the difference between an ethical and legal way of doing business. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
9.	Violations of ethical norms in business: criminal activity, corruption, neglect of ecological problems and sustainability and poverty in the world.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	At the written exam they can explain the forms of violation of ethical norms in business: criminal activities, corruption, and give a critical review of neglect of environmental problems and sustainability as well as poverty in the world. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	12 hours
10.	Ways of conducting ethical behavior in business, checking ethics, applying ethical theories and principles to business bang and relation to business principles for employees.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	On the written exam, they can explain ways to conduct ethical conduct in business, state ethics checks, apply ethical theories and principles to a business flaw, and relate to business principles for employees. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
11.	Implementing ethical principles and social responsibility, creating an ethical organizational climate and culture, the need for ethics of principles, codes and etiquette, regulations.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	In the written exam, they can explain the implementation of ethical principles and social responsibility, the creation of an ethical organizational climate and culture, the needs of ethics principles, codes, etiquette and regulations in general. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
12.	Institutionalizing business ethics: Ethical committees, teaching ethics in management and leadership development programs, factors of increasing ethics in business. Climate and business culture, corporate social responsibility.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems.	In the written exam, they can explain the forms of institutionalizing business ethics: ethics committees, teaching ethics in management and leadership development programs, and factors of increasing ethics in business. They know the importance of business climate and culture. They know how to explain corporate social responsibility. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
13.	Psychological aspects of ethics/morality: basic scientific explanations of moral development	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups,	In the written exam, they can explain the psychological aspects of ethics / morality: basic scientific explanations for moral development and	10 hours

	and learning of movalues.	orality, positive		problematic situation the acquisition of pre knowledge and prese acquired knowledge	s, thus showing wiously acquired nting the and their own	Seminar paper	created and presented (using	
14.	ethics/morality: S different cultures/ influence of the gl	ystems of values of ethical norms, the obalisation process	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	literature. In seminar individually, in a cou- they make a presenta problematic situation the acquisition of pre- knowledge and prese acquired knowledge ideas while discussin	classes, ple or in groups, tion and solve s, thus showing viously acquired nting the and their own g problems.	socio-cultural a value systems o impact of globa ethical standard paper created a	nd legal aspects of ethics / morals of different cultures / ethics, the lization processes on respect for ls and business equality. Seminar nd presented (using computer	14 hours
15.			1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and their own		manistic management, honesty au ent, socially responsible behavior l business. Seminar paper created using computer programs	in 10 hours	
T WO	RK							
Attenda	ance in class, the semina	r papers.						
Attenda	ance	1	Writte	en exam	3		Project	/
Experin	mental work	/	Resea	rch	/		Practical work	/
Essay		/	Repor	t	/		Continuous examination	/
Colloq	uium	/	Semir	ar paper	1		Other (inscribe)	/
Class a	ctivities	/	Oral e	xam	/		Other (inscribe)	/
The student's workload on all bases amounts to Commitment 4. Attending classes 5. Creating and Presenting seminar paper			o 1 ECTS po	int for 30 hours of	•		imated as:	
	15. T WO Attenda Experin Essay Colloqu Class a	values. 14. Socio-cultural and ethics/morality: Sy different cultures/different cultu	14. Socio-cultural and legal aspects of ethics/morality: Systems of values of different cultures/ethical norms, the influence of the globalisation process to respect ethical norms, equality of business. 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. I WORK Attendance in class, the seminarpapers. Attendance 1 Essay / Colloquium / Class activities /	values. values. 14. Socio-cultural and legal aspects of ethics/morality: Systems of values of different cultures/ethical norms, the influence of the globalisation process to respect ethical norms, equality of business. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 F WORK Xttendance in class, the seminar papers. Xttendance Attendance in class, the seminar papers. Reseates years Xtendance Colloquium / Reseates years Colloquium / Semir Class activities The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point Xtertage in the student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point	14. Socio-cultural and legal aspects of ethics/morality: Systems of values of different cultures/ethical norms, the influence of the globalisation process to respect ethical norms, equality of business. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lectu literature. In seminar individually, in a couthey make a presenta problematic situation the acquisition of preknowledge and prese acquired knowledge ideas while discussin 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lectu literature. In seminar individually, in a couthey make a presenta problematic situation the acquisition of preknowledge and prese acquired knowledge ideas while discussin 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lectu literature. In seminar individually, in a couthey make a presenta problematic situation the acquisition of preknowledge and prese acquired knowledge and p	values. problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. 14. Socio-cultural and legal aspects of ethics/morality: Systems of values of different cultures/ethical norms, the influence of the globalisation process to respect ethical norms, equality of business. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. T WORK 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in a couple or in groups, they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. I Colloquium <td>In the number of informing of informing point of a set of values. problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquisition of previously acquired fundedge and their own ideas while discussing problems. Seminar paper of computer programs independence on the written example of the set of</td> <td>Interfact and go interfacing of motion of periods of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the maction and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and presenting the mact of globalization processes on respect of the globalisation processes to respect of the globalisation processes on respect of problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. In the written exam, they are able to explain the socio-cultural and legal aspects of ethics / morals value systems of different cultures / ethics, the impact of globalization processes on respect for the globalisation processes on respect for the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. In the written exam, they are able to explain the basic principles of humanistic management, socially responsible behavior they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. I, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lecture and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. In the written exam they can explain the basic principles of humanistic management, socially responsible behavior to rus</td>	In the number of informing of informing point of a set of values. problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the acquisition of previously acquired fundedge and their own ideas while discussing problems. Seminar paper of computer programs independence on the written example of the set of	Interfact and go interfacing of motion of periods of previously acquired knowledge and presenting the maction and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and presenting the acquired knowledge and presenting the mact of globalization processes on respect of the globalisation processes to respect of the globalisation processes on respect of problematic situations, thus showing the acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. In the written exam, they are able to explain the socio-cultural and legal aspects of ethics / morals value systems of different cultures / ethics, the impact of globalization processes on respect for the globalisation processes on respect for the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. In the written exam, they are able to explain the basic principles of humanistic management, socially responsible behavior they make a presentation and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. 15. Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam. I, 2, 3, 4, 5 They listen to a lecture and solve problematic situations, thus showing the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and their own ideas while discussing problems. In the written exam they can explain the basic principles of humanistic management, socially responsible behavior to rus

4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satis	fying			Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is	•	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another			
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	y. Writing style is as are too long, frequent and	Words and phrases are aligned with of terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is c the vocabulary is appropriate and has grammatical errors.		is clear,	terminology and show an understanding o their meaning. The writing style is ar,		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show a superficial approach to the research topic.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,			
	Pe	oor	Satisfying				Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, I Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot appl of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			evaluation thorough logically that it en originall	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.		
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-100% of att		ndance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	2 points		4 points		7 points		3 points	
	с. :	2		3		4		5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points		10 points	
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written	2		3		4		5	
elements	exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5		5	
		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points	

4.4. Creating a final grade	Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 - 100%	Numerous grade 5 (excellent)	ECTS grade				
according to absolute allocation	80-89,9%	4 (very good)	В				
	65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	С				
	60 - 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D				
	50 - 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E				
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT		Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
5.1. Compulsory literature	1. Bebek, B., Kolumbić, A. (2000). Poslovna etika (Pogla Sinergija.	eb:	3	Available On-line			
(available in the library and through other media)	2. Jalšenjak, B., Krkač, K. (ur.) (2016). Poslovna etika, ko izdanje (Pregled razvoja Utjecaj europskih kultura na posl odgovornog ponašanja, str. 169-192; Temeljna pitanja pos društvene odgovornosti, str. 213- 240; Društveno odgovor Društveno odgovorno ponašanje u Republici Hrvatskoj, st Načela osgovornosti u upravljanju ljudskim potencijalima Mate.	ruštveno acijske 1; 3-367;	3	Available On-line			
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Aleksić, A. (2007): Poslovna etika - element uspješnog Buble, M. (2006): Management, glava IV. Etika i društ Splitu 		2	Available On-line			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of classes and provided information on students' progress the of their work. Students will be informed about their rights Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, me Alumni association.	rough short colloquiums and hor and obligations as well as the m	nework, information for further guid ethods of work and the required lite	lance to students rature.	will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency	
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).						

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Psychology for Managers	1.8. ISVU course code	129875						
1.2. Lecturer	MA Gina Lugović, s. lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30L+15S						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , materials available on line, 0% performance courses on line						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1						
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	x yes 🗆 no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% x More than 20 % □						
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			1						
2.1. Course objectives - Introduction to the basic concepts of psychology underlying relationships. - Adoption of the basic concepts of human relationships, social perception, - components of interpersonal relationships, - the attitudes and importance of behavioural attitudes, - stereotypes and prejudices, - forms of social behaviour, - development of morality, - social skills as the foundation of interpersonal relationships, - Conflict and non-violent conflict resolution. - Understanding interpersonal relationships and social skills. - Identifying the causes of conflict and ways of reducing and preventing conflicts.									

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No inp	No input competence.								
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO1. To organize and lead team work, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions									
study programme level		To critically evaluate existing marketing communications	ations and sugg	est improvements on the concrete business	s case and develop basic skills of forming integrated m	arketing				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)									
on the course level		Analyse the quality of communication and create an Anage verbal and non-verbal expression and beha			work environment	4 6				
	3. Propose social skills in human relations and reduce conflict									
	 Organize and manage work in a team, and critically weigh the opinions and attitudes of stakeholder team Suggest ways to resolve conflicts in your social environment 									
		Manage the social skills and social / communication		s required of a manager		<u>6</u>				
	Constructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introduction lecture, Concept and content of psychology for managers, Differences between needs and desires, Abandonment and active participation.	1, 2, 3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In the written exam they define the basic concept and content of psychology for managers, to distinguish between needs and desires, the meaning of giving up and active participation, in the work environment.	4 hours				
	2.	Interpersonal relationships (the nature of interpersonal relationships, the importance of social perception in the realization of interpersonal relationships).	1, 2, 3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they know how to define the nature of interpersonal relationships, and the importance of social perception in achieving interpersonal relationships, in the work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	4 hours				

3.	Interpersonal relationships (components of interpersonal relationships - verbal and nonverbal expression).	1, 2, 3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and explain the components of interpersonal relationships: verbal and non-verbal expression, in a work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	4 hours
4.	Interpersonal relationships (self- expression, assertiveness, active listening, empathy, rules of communication).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and explain the components of interpersonal relationships: verbal and non-verbal expression, in a work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
5.	The attitudes and importance of behavioral attitudes (formation and attitude component and behavioral role)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they know how to define and explain the formation and components of attitude and role in behaviour, and the importance of attitudes to behaviour, in the work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
6.	Attitudes and Importance of Behavioral Attitudes (Mechanisms that Affect the Change of Attitude).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe the mechanisms that influence attitude change in the work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
7.	Stereotypes and prejudices, stereotypical influence, and prejudice in interpersonal interaction.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe stereotypes and prejudices, and the impact of stereotypes and prejudices on interpersonal interaction, in a work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
8.	Forms of social behavior (prosocial behavior, aggressive behavior).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam they can define and describe forms of social behaviour (prosocial and aggressive behaviour), in a work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	4 hours
9.	Forms of social behavior (social inhibition, formation and role in interpersonal relationships).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and	In the written exam, they can define and describe forms of social behaviour (social inhibition and the formation and role of social inhibition in interpersonal relationships), in the work environment.	6 hours

				present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	
	10.	Morale (theory).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe theories of moral development in the work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
	11.	Moral (tolerance).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe morale in relation to tolerance in the work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
	12.	Social skills: the foundation of human relationships (formation of social skills and their role in communication).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and explain social skills as the basis for interpersonal relationships (the way social skills are formed and their role in communication, in the work environment). Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours
	13.	Social skills: the foundation of human relationships (social competence).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe social competence as a social skill. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	6 hours
	14.	The conflict and peaceful conflict resolution.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In seminar classes, individually, in pairs or groups, they demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe conflict and non-violent conflict resolution, for example from a work environment. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	6 s hours
	15.	Repetition. Instructions for exam. Signatures.	6	Listen to the lecture and individual preparation for the exam.		20 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK				
3.1. Students` obligations	semina conclu attend	ar papers (one with Croatian and the other with En	glish used literat course as prepar for some the seco	ure; submit in text and present; seminar pa ation for the written examination Seminar and term.	es. All students are required to select topics, create, pres aper consists of a minimum of 10 pages: cover, content, papers are sent for review by e-mail (gina@vus.hr) Stu	introduction, paper,

	Attendance	dance 1			3	Project	/
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work	Research		/	Practical work	/	
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay	/	Report		/	Continuous examination	/
corresponds to the credit score	Colloquium	/	Seminar paper		1	Other (inscribe)	/
of the course)	Class activities	/	Oral exam		/	Other (inscribe)	/
	The student's workload or Commitment	all bases amounts to 1 EC	CTS point for 30	hours of	work per semester and is est Hours (estimate)	mated as:	·
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Preser 3. Preparation for the	nting seminar paper Colloquium / exam through self-	study	45 20 85			
4. GRADING							
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above a	average
	Organization	The paper is not organized order and its structure is la	cking distinction		per is well structured with a clear toon between the introduction, the art of the text and the conclusion	main part of the text a	e introduction, the nd the conclusions
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fre repeated grammatical mist	Writing style is are too long, equent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		ar, excellent the sentence	an understanding of iting style is are clear and y is rich and there
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to the	e topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		r Sources are accurate, r consistent. The referent their list is "rich" and	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.

		Poor		Satisfying		Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know and	emory, no deeper understanding. d does not apply the basic terms not apply or explain the contents	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			logically links and explains the terms and concents		
	Active participation in	the 70-75% of attendance	70	6-86% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	2 points		4 points		7 points	3 points	
	Seminar paper	2	3			4	5	
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points	
elements		2		3		4	5	
	Colloquium / written exam	50-64.9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
	onum	25 points	30 points		35 points		40 points	
	Oral exam	2	3		5		5	
	Orai exain	25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills		teaching + final exam)	Numerous grade	ECTS grade		
4.4. Creating a final grade	_		100%		5 (excellent)	A B	_	
according to absolute allocation		<u> </u>	89,9% 79.9%		4 (very good) 3 (good)	C B	-	
according to absolute anocation		60 - 0			2 (sufficient)	D	-	
		50 - 59,9%				Е		

5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	 Penington, D. (1997). Osnove socijalne psihologije, Poglavlje 3: Socijalizacija II, str. 57-81, Poglavlje 4. Stavovi i promjena stava, str. 82- 107; Poglavlje 5: Predrasude i sukobi, str. 108-133; Poglavlje 6. Socijalna spoznaja I, str. 134-162; Poglavlje 7: Atribucijski pristup, str. 163- 185; Poglavlje 10: Društveni utjecaj, str. 244-271; Poglavlje 11: Grupe i grupni uradak, str. 272-302. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap. 	5	
	 Knapp, M. L., Hall, J. A. (2010). Neverbalna komunikacija u ljudskoj interakciji, Prvi dio, str. 1-3, 5-17; str. 71-96; Drugi dio: str. 143-167. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap. 	5	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study	 Yukl, G. (2008). Rukovođenje u organizacijama, 2. poglavlje: priroda rukovoditeljskog posla, str. 23-50; 7. poglavlje: Osobine, sposobnosti i vještine rukovoditelja, str. 179-212; 13. poglavlje: Razvoj rukovoditeljskih sposobnosti i vještina, str. 382-412. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap. Bhagoria, A. (2012). Managing Business Through Human Psychology. <u>http://www.free-ebooks.net/ebook/Managing-Business-Through-</u> 	5 pdf	Available On-line
programme)	Human-Psychology-A-Handbook-for-Entrepreneur/pdf/view	pur	

	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work:
5.3. Quality assurance	- by keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and
methods that ensure the	- provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework
acquisition of knowledge,	- information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work
1 0 1	- students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.
skills and competences	Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and
	Alumni association.
5.4. information on the course	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning
and contact with the teacher	pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations
and contact with the teacher	can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five
	working days from the receipt of e-mail).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Business Information Systems	tion Systems 1.8. ISVU course code 2					
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Jerko Acalin dipl.ing.el lecturer	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	^{3rd} – materials available On-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.				
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %				

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce the student to the concepts of business information systems
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	IU9 Select appropriate professional literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare and independently deliver presentations in Croatian and foreign languages to expert and general audiences, and critically evaluate the presented professional topics IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technology) IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level							
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 7. Recapture, 8. Understanding, 9. Application, 10. Analysis, 11. Evaluation, 12. Synthesis						
	1. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system.	1,2						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	2. Identify system boundaries, external and internal stakeholders and relationships among them and understand the risks that arise.	2,3,4,5,6						
	3. Understand the role of key system components and is able to identify processes and define procedures within an information system to support them.	2,3,4,5,6						
	4. Identify security threats in the system and propose techniques for their removal.	2,3,4,5,6						
	5. Use the software tools available within the MS Office suite to collect and analyze data.	2,3,4,5,6						
	6. Implement and deploy the appropriate ready-made business applications.	2,3,4,5,6						
	7. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system.	1,2						

2.5. Course content according to	Cons	Constructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
	1	Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours				
detailed curriculum schedule	1	Basic terms	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Understand the term business information system. Identify major groups of information systems.	8 hours				
	2.	Types of information systems and components	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the archive system. Identify archiving media. Identify the pros and cons of an individual archive medium. Explain the procedures for authenticating and authorizing access to business documentation. Protect digital content by encryption. Apply digital signature technology.	10 hours				

3.	Archiving and data protection	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the levels of business automation. Identify prerequisites for business automation. Identify the role of business policy and organizational procedures in business automation. Explain the importance of working conditions and ergonomics in business automation.	10 hours
4.	Business Automation	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify information resources in the business. Identify the types and value of information. Interpret ways of classifying, evaluating, processing, storing, exchanging and distributing data and information	10 hours
5.	Information resource management	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the term telecommunications and telecommunication system. Identify elements of the telecommunications system.	10 hours
6.	Business Information Systems Communication Infrastructure	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Development trends of telecommunication systems. To interpret the division of telecommunications according to the type of information, the division of telecommunication processes, the division according to forms of communication.	10 hours
7.	Key business applications	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Advanced use of MS Office suite of office applications.	10 hours
8.	Electronic business and trends	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the essential terms of e-commerce. Identify emerging trends in e-commerce. Use cloud services.	15 hours
9.	Information system development	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain stakeholder roles in information system development. Analyze the architecture of an existing information system. Identify the stages of information system development. Explain the methodology of waterfall development Explain the methodology of rapid application development Explain the methodology of information engineering Explain the methodology of the unified development process Expose the most famous agile methodologies and explain their features	15 hours
10.	Business information system and business management	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify layers of business information system. Model the business process as a transaction.	15 hours
11.	Business information system support for key business functions	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify key business functions. Use the business intelligence analysis and planning subsystem. Use the permanent business asset management information subsystem.	15 hours

	12.	Business information business process n	•	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, v computer, reading liter	vorking on a rature.	subsystem. Us	resources management information e the Accounting and Financial nformation Subsystem.	on 15 hours
	13.	Business information business process n		3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, v computer, reading liter		inbound logist	ement information system and ics. Use the production informatio e the sales and outbound logistics bsystem	n 15 hours
	Strategic manage information syste				Listening to lectures, v computer, reading liter		Identify information systems as drivers of operational efficiency and business innovation. Formulate goals for building an information system. Analyze the risks of implementing business information systems. Apply the concepts, measurements and evaluation (audit) of the quality of business information systems		
	15.	Business informati electronic commen	•	3,4,5,6	Listening to rectures, v	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.		any environment in e-commerce. onnectivity of the business stem with e-commerce activities.	15 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK							
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and exercise) and passing exams (written and oral examinations).							linary exam period;	
	Attendance 2			Written exam 2 (by sub colloquiu relieved o examinat		e student is	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work			Research			Practical work	1
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay				Report			Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Collog	uium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the stud relieved of a written oral examination)	ent is	Seminar paper			Other (inscribe)	
	Class a	activities			Oral exam	1 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an examination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)	

3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours of wo Commitment He 7. Attending classes 60 8. Practical work 30 9. Preparation for the Colloquium / exam through self-study 90				Hours (estimate) 60 30			
4. GRADING								
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Element	Poor		Satis	fying			Above average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			evaluation thorough logically that it end originally	ge is at the le n. It observes ly explains th links and exp capsulates. Fi	ove average evel of analysis, synthesis and a legitimacy, accurately and be content of the subject, and blains the terms and concepts and solutions that are not e is a correlation with
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	76-86% of attendance		87-100% of attendant		Created mental map. Solved case study.
	lessons	4 points		7 points		10 points		3 points
	Seminar paper	2		3		4		5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points	8 points			10 points
according to evaluation		2		3	4			5
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
	Oral exam	2		3	5			5
		25 points		30 points 35		35 points		40 points

4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 – 100% 80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%	Numerous grade 5 (excellent) 4 (very good) 3 (good) 2 (sufficient) 2 (sufficient)	ECTS grade A B C D E			
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	ΓΙΟΝ ABOUT TH		2 (0000000)	2			
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
through other media)	Ž.Panian, K.Čurko	et al.: Poslovni informacij	ski sustavi, Element, 2010.			5	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)		ement Information Systems kas: Management Informati	3	Available online at e-learning system			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	pages of the course and be addressed during cla	obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning es of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can derive during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working s from the receipt of e-mail).					ns and explanations can

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT						
1.1. Title	Innovation and Technology Strategical	1.8. ISVU course code				
1.2. Lecturer	dr. sc. Mili Razovic, Associate professor.	1.9. MOZVAG course code				
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Electoral	1.12. Number of course revisions				
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements				

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives	The a	 The aim is that student, based on theoretical knowledge and case studies, be able to: Define basic ecological and environmental concepts. Understand problems in their own environment (in traffic and / or in the work environment) to independently manage the environment in a way that minimally affects the state and components of the environment in terms of sustainable development. Learn to identify the damage that traffic or traffic system participants can cause to natural ecosystems. Apply the learned content of this course in business practice. 						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four	-year high school education completed; having a qualificat	ion at level 4.2					
	LO1.	To apply and link professional terms from technology and	organization of road	traffic in written and oral communication v	with the professional public in Cr	oatian and English.		
	LO3.	To individually and responsibly search, interpret and integ	grate the relevant liter	rature needed to make decisions.				
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study	LO4.	LO4. To apply knowledge from the field of natural and technical sciences to problems in road traffic.						
programme level	LO6. To analyze and present relevant facts from the field of traffic needed to reach conclusions.							
	LO11. To identify, predict and propose solutions in road traffic technology and technique.							
	LO13. To track trends in the development of technique, technology and safety in traffic.							
		rning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: to two verbs per LO)						
	1. to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the content of the course by defining and describing fundamental concepts of modern technology and inovation,							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on	2. to analyze and compare the relationship between man and his the economic system in the application of innovation and technological advancements,							
the course level	 It will also provide an example of the imapct of inovation and modern technologies on social and economic development. Give an example of measures how to reduce negative impacts modern technologies to the economy and the environment. 							
	 Orve an example of measures now to reduce negative impacts modern technologies to the economy and the environment. Discuss and critically evaluate on the activity on social and economic development, 							
	6.	Use materials and tools to search scientific and profession						
	/.	Present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solution	s independently and	in the team.				
	Con	structive alignment	1	1	1			
2.5. Course content according to	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time neede d		
detailed curriculum schedule	1.	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e- learning course page.	-	3 hours		

	The importance of technology and knowledge innovation	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students define fundamental importance of technology and knowledge innovation.	3 hours
2.	Classification of innovations	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can name, distinguish of classification of innovations.	3 hours
3.	Research and development of the basic of innovation sources	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the role of research and development of the basic of innovation sources.	3 hours
4.	The Market realization of innovations	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes made mental map and solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define what the market realization of innovations.	3 hours
5.	Innovation management	1, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the innovation management	3 hours
6.	The External sources of innovation; Improvement innovations.	1, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe types of the external sources of innovation and improvement innovations. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	3 hours
7.	Creative thinking and innovations; The process of creative thinking.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe the material, role of creative thinking and innovations and the process of creative thinking. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	3 hours

			seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.		
8.	Entrepreneurial atmosphere and creative teamwork in creating innovations	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe the entrepreneurial atmosphere and creative teamwork in creating innovations. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	3 hours
9.	Inventive organization; Entrepreneurial enterprise; The measuring innovation success.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe inventive organization and entrepreneurial enterprise. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	3 hours
10.	Innovation as a managerial process	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar, students solve the case study.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the basic concepts of innovation as a managerial process.	3 hours
11.	Innovation strategy and associated risks	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar, students solve the case study.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe the innovation strategy and associated risks. Solved case study	3 hours
12.	The managing the R&D department	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the underlying concepts of the managing the R&D department. Created and Presented	3 hours

				At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it	seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	
				and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the		
				acquired knowledge and making their		
				own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion		
				on the exposed topic is applied in the		
-				whole group.		
				Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Listen to the lecture and read the		
				literature.		
	13.	The development of new product; The development of new services.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brainstorm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the underlying concepts of the development of new products and new services. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	3 hours
	14.	The selecting of concept of new product innovation and new service.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically evaluate the selecting of concepts of new products innovations and new services.	3 s hours
	15.	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam.		Listen to the lecture and individual preparation for the exam.		3 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WO	ORK					
		ordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Stud- tion to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must cr			least 70% attendance. Part-time students have t	he
3.1. Students' obligations		 nts who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessf From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequ More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right 	uate) and has to come	e out and pass the test (exam). A written exa		n period;
	makir	nts can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the cour ng and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloq nting the seminar paper) and passing the exam (written and	uia); b) during the co			

	Attendance		Written exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is rel of an written examination)	Project
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter	Experimental work		Research		Practical work
the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of	Essay		Report		Continuous examination
ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper	0,5	Other (inscribe)
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is rel of an oral examination)	ieved Other (inscribe)
3.3. Student workload	Commitment I. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presenting seminar paper 10 3. Preparation for the Colloquium / exam through self-study 65				d as:
4. GRADING					
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying	Above average
	Organization	The paper is not organized in a lo order and its structure is lacking.	ogical	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low harm with official terminology. Writin not appropriate, sentences are too modest vocabulary, and frequent repeated grammatical mistakes.	g style is o long,	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show a superficial approach to the research topic.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.	Sources are accurate, complete, and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.

	Poor				Satisfying	Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.		Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.		thoroughly explains the content of the subject, a		
	Active participation in the lessons	1 1		76-86% of attendanc e	87-100%	87-100% of attendance	
		2 points		4 points	7 p	oints	3 points
	с ·	2		3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation elements	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points	8 points		10 points
		2		3	4		5
	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65- 79,9%	80-89,9%		90-100%
		25 points		30 points	35 points		40 points
		2		3	5		5
	Oral exam	25 points		30 points	35 points		40 points
	Percentage of adopted competences (teacl		Numerous grade		ECTS grade		
4.4. Creating a final grade according	90 - 1	00%			excellent)	А	
to absolute allocation	80 - 8	-)-			y good) B		
	65-7 60-6				(good) ufficient)	C D	
	50-5				ufficient)	E E	
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	Title						Number of copies in the library
	 F.Trias de Bes I PH. Kotler; (2016) Inovacijom do pobjede – model od A do F ; Školska knjiga , Zagreb (5 copy) R.D.Atkinson I S.J. Ezell ; (2014) Ekonomika inovacija -utrka za globalnu prednost; MATE , Zagreb M. Razović ; (2017) Inovacije Itehnološke strategije, skripta-predavanja. (CD) 					5	

5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)		5 2
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendar during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, s and Alumni association.	in order to increase the
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), whi explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answer later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).	le brief questions and

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE COURSE						
1.1. Course title	Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	1.8. Course code within the ISVU				
1.2. Course Leader	Zdravko Kedžo, Sc.D., lecturer	1.9. Course code within the MOZVAG				
1.3. Associates	none	1.10. Student engagement hours (number of lessons - lectures + practical work + seminars + e-learning)	(15+15+15+0)			
1.4. Type of program	Professional Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e-learning (Level 1, 2, 3), Online percentage of the course (max. 20%)	Level 1 - materials available online, 0%			
1.5. Course status (compulsory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Current number of changes and/or additions to the course specification				
1.6. Year of studies	First year	1.13. Modernization	yes • no			
1.7. Credits (ECTS)	4	1.14. Estimated percentage of changes and/or amendments to the course programme	Less than 20% More than 20 %			

COURSE DESCRIPTION					
	The objective: based on theoretical knowledge and case studies, by the end of the course students should be able to: acquire knowledge on key aspects of contemporary internal and public communication; in the course special attention will be paid to psychological and pragmatic aspects of public speaking, as well as the most common mistakes in public speaking and presenting, i.e. how to successfully apply certain competencies and skills in practical business situations.				
2.1. Course aims and objectives	 Define key terms, specific qualities, theoretical and practical sources of public speaking Understand both the theory and practice of communicating in the media, including exercises for interactive and practical training and acquiring knowledge on different presentation techniques and tools; students will practice them in order to become more effective and more persuasive presenters; Overcome anxiety and stage fright, gain confidence in public speaking and presenting; students will be introduced to the most important aspects of verbal and non-verbal communication, as well as their correlation Apply the knowledge gained in the course in a practical business setting. 				
2.2. Admission requirements and entry- level competences needed for the course	Bachelor's degree				
	LO1: Use and connect technical terms regarding public speaking in written and oral communication with the professional public in both Croatian and English.				
	LO2: Independently and responsibly research, interpret and integrate relevant literature necessary for making conclusions.				
2.3. Learning outcomes in line with the programme the course contributes to	LO3: Apply knowledge from social and communication sciences to various presentation skills.				
	LO4: Analyse and interpret relevant facts regarding public speaking in order to make conclusions.				
	LO5: Identify, anticipate and suggest solutions for an improved and more effective application of different public speaking models.				
	LO6: Follow trends in public speaking and presentation skills in all forms of public activities.				

	Lear (max. t	levels 1- 1 2- 1 3- 0 4- 0 5- 0	Learning outcome levels: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- applying, 4- analysing, 5- evaluating, 6- creating				
2.4. Intended learning outcomes	1	. Describing and explaining definitions, prin contents and presentation skills	nciples, compe	tencies and models of contemporary c	ommunication activities, communication		1, 2
(4-10 learning outcomes)	2	. Analysing and applying interpersonal com	nmunication an	d public speaking			2, 3
	3	. Identifying, analysing, discovering and ev well as the rules for clear, concise and per			encing of an effective presentation, as		4, 5
	4	3					
	1		6				
	6	Assessing and applying chosen models of	public speakin	g and presenting to a "tough audience	".	5,6	
	Cons	structive alignment					
	No.	Торіс	Course learning outcomes	Content/teaching method	Assessment scheme		Necessary time
		Introduction to the course and the detailed implementation plan.	-	Students listen to the lecture.	-		2 classes
2.5. Detailed course syllabus according to the schedule	1.	Basic principles and models in communication sciences; types of messages;	1,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam stu define key terms. They describe the posit and the role of communication science, ic and describe types of messages and mode public communication.	ion lentify	4 classes
	2.	Preparation rules for public speaking and presenting.	1,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam stu can list, identify and give an example of (un)successful public speaking due to (in)adequate preparations.	ıdent	4 classes

3.	Analyzing the audience and its expectations.	1, 2	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe the importance of audience analysis, as well as how to modify their presentations skills in order to accommodate the message recipients' abilities.	4 classes
4.	Overcoming anxiety and stage fright	3, 4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in pairs, solve case studies, thus demonstrating they have acquired knowledge, which they present together with their own ideas and discuss problems. In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define what is stage fright and how it originates, what are the most effective ways to overcome it, as well as why and to which exter the public speaking anxiety is justified. They also solve case studies.		10 classes
5.	Gaining confidence in public speaking	3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe key terms and the skills for gaining confidence in public speaking. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	10 classes
6.	Correct ways of speaking and body language in public speaking	2,3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define, describe and present the most important features of verbal and non-verbal communication in public speaking and presentation skills. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	8 classes
7.	Verbal tools in a presentation. Voice as a tool in public speaking and presenting.	3, 4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student individually research the content of this topic in a data base. Based on the research and the required reading they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define and describe the features and types of verbal public speaking, as well as list and describe all features and potential weaknesses of using the voice as a powerful tool in all types of verbal public speaking. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	10 classes

8.	Structure and sequencing of effective presentations - rules for giving clear and persuasive arguments.	3, 4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student research, the content of this topic. Based on the research they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define the structure of public speaking, as well as the rules for sequencing. They can describe rules necessary for clarity and persuasiveness in conveying messages. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	4 classes
9.	Most common mistakes in public speaking.	4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can identify, define and describe the most common mistakes in public speaking, as well as their most common reasons and solutions to avoid them. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmers independently).	6 classes
10.	Appropriate looks in public speaking. Presentation aids.	4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student solve case studies.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe key terms in set standards and official rules regarding the dress code, make up and general appearance suitable for different types of public speaking. Furthermore, they need to distinguish how appropriate different aids are as tools for presenting.	8 classes
11.	How to deal with a "tough audience".	4, 5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar student solve case studies.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam student can define and describe key terms regarding the types and characteristics of different audiences, as well as anticipate their possible behavior as message recipients in the context of public speaking. They also solve case studies.	8 classes

12.	Public speaking in the media.	5,6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use multimedia and the Internet. In a seminar students individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define and describe key terms regarding media space, as well as ways, models and rules of public speaking within the "media time". They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmes independently).	10 classes
13.	Public speaking - a talent or an acquired skill.	4, 5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar students, both individually and in groups, write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can define and describe key terms, as well as distinguish between the elements of acquired trade skills and commonly wrong assumptions on talent being the only and most important element of presentation skills. They write and present a seminar paper (by using computer programmes independently).	6 classes
14.	Public speaking in a social, arts, business, and political context.	5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading.	In a midterm or a written or oral exam students can describe and critically form a judgement on the importance and the success of public speaking and presentation skills in particular, within the listed contexts, as well as many other social and business settings.	6 classes
15.	Conclusions / Revision and exam preparation.		Students listen to the lecture and prepare for the final exam individually.		20 classes

3. ASSESSMENT SCHEME								
3.1. Student requirements	time students must attend at I Students who have during the From 0 – 24.9% E From 25 – 49.9% examination dates More than 50% - s Students can pass the final ex writing and presenting a semi	 a line with the <i>Regulations on studying</i> and the <i>Regulations on assessing and grading student work</i>: all full-time students must attend at least 70% of the classes. All partmet students must attend at least 50% of the lectures. All students must write and present a seminar paper, as well as pass the midterm. b From 0 - 24.9% ECTS points - will receive a grade F (fail) and cannot get the ECTS points, and need to retake the course in the next academic year; c From 25 - 49.9% - will receive a grade FX (fail) and need to take and pass a written exam. The written exam can be taken during the regular or additional examination dates. o More than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam. tudents can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during classes after being continuously monitored (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, riting and presenting a seminar paper) and passing the exam (both written and oral parts). 						
	Attendance		Written exam	2 (excluding the midterm)	Project			
3.2. Monitoring students' work (fill	Experimental work		Research		Practical work			
in ECTS points for each activity, so the sum equals the total ECTS course	Essay		Term paper		Continuous assessment			
score)	Midterms	3 (excluding the written and oral exam)	Seminar paper	0.5	(other)			
	In-class activities	0.5	Oral exam	1 (excluding the midterm)	(other)			
3.3. Student workload	Obligation Class attendance Seminar paper and presentati	Ha	ours of work per semeste ours (an estimate) 45 10 sion 65	er for 1 ECTS point, and	the estimate includes:			

4. GRADING									
4.1. Grading a seminar paper	main part of the text and excellent logical connect Terminology, writing st with modest vocabulary sentence structure is clea and demonstrate that the no grammar mistakes. Quoting and referencing Sources are listed, but in	rganisation The paper is not organised in a logical sequence and lacks structure. The paper is well-structured, with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion. The paper is well-structured, with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion, with an ccellent logical connections between all parts. erminology, writing style Words and terms are not in line with the official terminology. The writing style is not appropriate, sentences are too long, ith modest vocabulary and many grammar mistakes. Words and terms are in line with the official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, entence structure is clear, vocabulary is appropriate and there are few grammar mistakes. Words and terms are in line with the official terminology and terms are in line with the official terminology. The writing style is rich and there are or grammar mistakes. uoting and referencing Sources are not listed. References are not in line with the topic and demonstrate a superficial research approach. ources are listed, but incomplete and contain mistakes. References are in line with the topic and demonstrate a satisfactory research approach. ources are listed correctly, completely and consistently. References are appropriate, their list is long and comprehensive, and demonstrates a thorough							
4.2. Grading a midterm / written and oral exams	examples of course cont concepts using example correctly and thoroughly	UnsatisfactorySatisfactoryAbove averageThe student answers questions from memory, without a deeper understanding. They don't know nor use key terms and concepts. They can't apply nor give xamples of course contents.The student can reproduce key terms and new knowledge easily, understands the course matter, explains terms and oncepts using examples.The student can analyse, synthetize and evaluate the knowledge. They notice regularities, explain the course matter orrectly and thoroughly, and can logically connect and explain terms and concepts using examples. They find solutions that have not been offered before. They notice a correlation with related matter.							
	Active attendance	70-75% attendance	76-86% attendance	87-100% attendance	Drawn mind map Solved case studies				
		2 points	4 points	7 points	3 points				
	Sominor nonor	2	3	4	5				
4.3. Forming the final grade according to assessment elements	Seminar paper	5 points	7 points	8 points	10 points				
according to assessment cientents		2	3	4	5				
	Midterm / Written exam	50-64.9%	65-79.9%	80-89.9%	90-100%				
		25 points	30 points	35 points	40 points				
	Oral exam	2	3	5	5				
	Orai exam	25 points	30 points	35 points	40 points				

4.4. Forming the final grade based or absolute distribution	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competencies (classes + final exam) Numerica 90 – 100% 5 (excelle 80 - 89.9% 4 (very gr 65 - 79.9% 3 (good) 60 - 64.9% 2 (satisfa 50 - 59.9% 2 (satisfa	nt) A bod) B C ctory) D	
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	Ň		
	Title	Number of library copies	Availability in other media
5.1. Required reading (available in a library or through other media)	 Španjol Marković, M.: Moć uvjeravanja, Profil, Zagreb, 2008 Leinert Novosel, S.: Komunikacijski kompas, Plejada, Zagreb, 2013 Kedžo, Z.: Materijali s predavanja 		Available online
5.2. Additional reading (at the time of submitting changes to the course)	 Pease, A.: Govor tijela, Založba-Mladinska knjiga, Zagreb/Ljubljana, 1991 Conger, J. A.: Necessary Art of Persuasion, Harvard Business Review, 1998 		Available online
5.3. Ways of monitoring quality assuring the acquirement of outcome knowledge, skills and competencies	Quality control of students' performance and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through intera and participation in the course, as well as acquiring information on student progress by means of midterm exams, the teacher is instructions to be given to students, with the aim of increasing their efficiency. Students will be informed on their rights and ob reading. Quality assurance indicators: student survey, monitoring annual data issued by the Croatian Employment Service on student e surveys.	s going to acquire necessary in ligations, as well as learning	nformation for further methods and required
5.4. Getting informed on the course and contacting the teacher	Each student is obliged to regularly get informed on the course, the classes and in-class activities. All information regarding published on e-learning course pages, as well as on College website. Students can contact teachers during office hours (at least an they can ask the teacher in class. Questions can also be asked in an e-mail (from an official e-mail address using the domain possible (no later than five working days after the e-mail was received).	hour a week), for shorter que	stions and explanation

2. GENERAL	INFORMATION						
1.1. Course lecturer	Anita Grubišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU					
1.2. Course title	Cost Management	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Guest lecturers	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30 P + 15 P				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	2.10.1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	2.11.1.12. Number of course revisions	2				
1.6. Year of study	1	1.13. Modernization	Yes				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%X□More than 20 %□				
2. COURSE DES	CRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Cost management in enterprises, cost schedule and carrie	ers, and recording costs and expenditures by classic and contempora	ry methods of calculation.				
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages. To analyse business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals To analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business To apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support To suggest decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs, and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results.						

	Learni	ing outcomes according to the Bloom`s taxono	omy: (up to two	verbs per LO)		Level of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application, 4-analysis, 5-evaluation,		
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	earning 0-synthesis butcomes on the ourse level Evaluate how managers use accounting information to create value in organizations. Explain how the costs are presented in the financial statements. 4,5 Understand the assumptions and limitations of CVP analysis. 4,5 Understand the reasons for the estimation of fixed and variable costs and explain how the basic cost system works. 3,4 Analyse the accounting choice between FIFO, LIFO and weighted average cost. 5,6 Compare the cost of products based on activities with traditional methods. 5,6 Understand the role of the budget in the organization's overall plans. 4,5							
	Numb er	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching method	Evaluation		Duration	
	16.	Introductory lecture. Place, role, content, function of managerial accounting.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral exam, they define the basis of internal calculation.		8	
	17.	17. Education for Accounting Profession. Informatization of internal calculation.		They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to distinguish between types of expenses.		8	
2.5. Course content according to	18.	Costs. Cost classification.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		ral exam, they know how to analyse sts and the way of recording and s.	8	
detailed curriculum schedule	19.	Accounting cost tracking.	1,2,3,4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and or cost calculation.	ral exam, they know how to apply	8	
senedure	20.	Costs in internal accounting.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		oral exam, they know how to size the features of classic and tions.	8	
	21.	21. Particularities of classical and modern cost accounting.		They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the impact of inventory methods on business results.		8	
	22.	Influence of inventory conversion method to business result	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		ral exam they know how to evaluate business plan of the company.	8	

23.	Contents and design of a company's business plan.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In both the written and oral exam, they can evaluate and synthesize accountability accounting and flexible budgeting.	8
24.	24. Accountability and Flexible Budgeting.		They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	They can evaluate and synthesize transfer prices and their implications in written and oral examinations.	8
 Accounting standards and reporting harmonization. Transfer prices and their accounting and tax implications. 		4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize cash flow management as a basis for short-term business decision-making.	8
26.	nformation base for short-term business decision-making. Cash flow management.	4,5,6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize strategic accounting instruments.	8
27.	Strategic Accounting. Instruments of strategic accounting.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize information for long-term business decision-making.	8
28.	Information base of long-term business decision-making.	ision making 4,5,6, They work on their own and in team evaluate and synthesize public sector mana		In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize public sector management accounting.	8
29.	Public sector management accounting.	4,5,6,	4,5,6, They work on their own and in team workouts. In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the application of cost management to the overall business of the com		8
30.	Repetition. Exam instructions. Signatures.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - cost management methods, for example in practice.	8

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations	Attendance (in accordance with the Rulebook on Studying) and the preparation of homework assignments are required for signature.							
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance 1 Written exam Project							
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research		Practical work			
for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	1		
number of ECTS points	Colloquium		Seminar paper	1	Other			
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activity	0,5	Oral exam	1	Other			

ent Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 3. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours											
4. GRADING SYSTEM											
-											
U	Insatisfactory			Satisfactory			Above average				
understanding. I basic terms and how to apply or	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with a samples.							ains the ains the utions that			
A ativa aquesa at	ttandanaa	70-75%	of attendance	70	5-86% of attenda	nce	87-100% of attendance	Max. Points			
Active course at	ttentuance	4 points			7 points		10points	20 points			
Seminar paper											
			2		3		4	20 points 5 90-100%			
Colloquia/ Writ	ten exam	50-	-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%			
		41	points		53 points		65 points	72 points			
Oral ayam			2		3		4	5			
Orai exam		9	points		12 points		15 points	18 points			
	knowledge, competences (te	skills and eaching + final	Numerical	grade	ECTS g	rade					
					A						
		/			C						
	 3. Attend 4. Prepar STEM - U Responds by me understanding. I basic terms and how to apply or course with exa Active course at Seminar paper 	3. Attending classes and 4. Preparing colloquia of STEM - Unsatisfactory Responds by memory, without a understanding. Does not know of basic terms and concepts. Does how to apply or explain the cont course with examples. Active course attendance Seminar paper Colloquia/ Written exam Oral exam Percentage of knowledge, competences (to exa 90–1 80–8 65–7 60–6	3. Attending classes and exercises 4. 4. Preparing colloquia or exams throw STEM Image: Street and the second s	3. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual of STEM STEM - Unsatisfactory Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance Seminar paper 2 Colloquia/ Written exam 50-64,9% Qral exam 9 points Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerical exam) 90 - 100% 5 (excell 80 - 89,9% 90 - 100% 5 (excell 80 - 89,9%	3. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours STEM Satisfactory Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 70 Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 70 Seminar paper 2 2 Colloquia/ Written exam 50-64,9% 4 Qral exam 2 2 Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerical grade 90 – 100% 5 (excellent) 80 – 89.9% 90 – 100% 5 (excellent) 3 (good) 65 – 79.9% 3 (good) 60 – 64.9%	3. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours STEM Vusatisfactory Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 76-86% of attendance Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 76-86% of attendance Seminar paper 2 3 Colloquia/ Written exam 50-64,9% 65-79,9% 41points 53 points Oral exam 2 3 Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerical grade ECTS grads 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) A 80 - 89.9% 4 (very good) B 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) C 90 - 100% 5 (astisfactory) D	4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours STEM Visualization of the contents of the course with examples. Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Knowledge or content of the terms and concepts supported with examples. Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 76-86% of attendance were not or material. Seminar paper 2 3 Colloquia/ Written exam 50-64.9% 65-79.9% Oral exam 2 3 9 points 12 points Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerical grade ECTS grade 00-100% 5 (excellent) A 80 – 89.9% 4 (very good) B 65 – 79.9% 3 (good) C	3. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 4. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours STEM Colloquia/ Unsatisfactory Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know or apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Colloquia/ Very good Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 76-86% of attendance 87-100% of attendance Active course attendance 70-75% of attendance 76-86% of attendance 87-100% of attendance Colloquia/ Written exam 50-64,9% 65-79,9% 80-89,9% Colloquia/ Written exam 2 3 4 Oral exam 2 3 4 9 points 12 points 15 points 100% 5 (excellent) A 400%-100% 5 (excellent) A 00-100% 5 (excellent) A 00-04,0% 5 (excellent) A 00-04,0% 5 (excellent) A 00-04,0% 5 (excellent) A 00-04,0% 2 (suisfactory) D			

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION							
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
	1. grupa autora: Upravljačko računovodstvo, RIF, Zagreb, 2011.		YES				
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Lanen, W.N. & Anderson, S.W. & Maher, M.W., Fundamentals of cost accounting, Third Edition, 2014, by The McGraw-Hill – PPP Belak, V., Menadžersko računovodstvo, RRIF, Zagreb, 1995. Grubišić, A.; Analiza poslovanja, skripta, Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2010. 	2					
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the e-mail).						

II. SEMESTAR

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT					
1.1. Title	Quantitative Methods for Business Decision-Making	1.8. ISVU course code	129870, 202133 (M31, M31-I)		
1.2. Lecturer	Želimir Mikulić	1.9. MOZVAG course code			
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Ana Perišić	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	2 nd – materials available on-line (video lectures), simulation tools 20%		
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.		
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no		
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %		
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			·		
.1. Course objectives To introduce students to various types of problems that occur in business decision making. Get to know and learn how to use quantitative methods for selecting and optimizing business decisions. Students will learn to build and solve mathematical models of various problems, select criteria for making business decisions and analyse sensitivity of selected solutions.					

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Completed Statistics Collegium					
	LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions.					
	LO3. To individually and responsibly search, interpret and integrate the relevant literature needed to make decisions.					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO5. To use probabilistic models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena, assess population parameters, set statistical hypotheses, conduct tests and basic statistical analyses with support of computer tools.					
study programme level	LO7. To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support					
	LO13. To suggest decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results					
	LO17. To assess acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques					
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)				LO Level: <i>I.</i> Recapture, <i>2.</i> Understanding, <i>3.</i> Application, <i>4.</i> Analysis, <i>5.</i> Evaluation, <i>6.</i> Synthesis	
24.5	1. to plan the conduct of an operational research, evaluate the required resources and time, and lead an operational research team,					4,5
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	2. to identify and classify problems: linear programming, nonlinear programming, integer and mixed programming, transport, network, deterministic and stochastic dynamic programming problems,				4,5	
on the course level	3. To build a mathematical model of linear optimization problems.				4,5	
	4. Using the program support to solve the problems of linear optimization and evaluate the reliability of the results based on the sensitivity analysis.				5,6	
	 Develop transport and assignment problem models, review their validity, and choose when it is more convenient to deal with other methods. Identify network optimization models: Apply basic algorithms and methods to resolve network optimisation problems. 				4,5 4,5	
	7. Design a model for process control and to select the optimal savings by cutting in cases of breaking deadlines.					4,5
	8. Recommend optimal business decision choices using deterministic and stochastic dynamic programming methods.				4,5	
	9. Design decision trees for evaluating decisions and calculate the value of information.				5	
	10. Critically evaluate decision modelling settings and get results to avoid bias and standard error.				5,6	
	Constructive alignment					
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
	1	Introduction to Quantitative Methods.	1,2	Listen to the lecture.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	2 hours

2.	Linear problems, mathematical model and geometric visualization.	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	10 hours
3.	Simplex Method, theoretical basis and solving method	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	12hours
4.	Post-optimal analysis, sensitivity and shadow price	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	14 hours
5.	Special cases of linear problems, transport problems	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
6.	Directed simplex method for transport problems. Problem of assignation.	2,3,5	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
7.	Network Models: Minimum Tree Problem, Shortest Way, Maximum Flow	2,3,4,5	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
8.	Network Models for Project Management.	2,3,4,5,6	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
9.	Integer programming.	2,3,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
10.	Dynamic Programming	2,3,4,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
11.	Stochastic Dynamic Programming.	2,3,4,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
12.	Decision-Making Theory: Decisions Tree.	2,3,4,9	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	8 hours
13.	Decision-Making Theory: The value of information	2,3,4,9	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
14.	Behavioral economics. Prejudices and misconceptions of using quantitative methods.	1,2,3,4,10	Listen to the lecture, solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	6 hours
15.	Problem analysis, model selection and solving methods.	1,2,3,4,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 s hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	NT WORK								
3.1. Students' obligations	to attend at least 50% of lecture Students who have during the c From 0 – 24,9% EC From 25 – 49,9% EC More than 50% ECT Students can pass the final exar and presenting the seminar pape	 accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. udents who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year. From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period. More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. udents can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, making id presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, creating and presenting the minar paper) and passing the exam (written and oral exam). 							
	Attendance	2	Written exam	2	Project				
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work				
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination				
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)				
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1,5	Other (inscribe)				
3.3. Student workload	Class activities 0,5 Oral exam 1,5 Other (inscribe) The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours of work per semester and is estimated as: Image: Commitment Hours (estimate) 1. Attending classes (including lectures and exercises) 75 Image: Commitment 105								

4. GRADING											
	Valuation Elem	ent		Poor		Satis	fying			Above average	
4.1. Seminar paper grading											
		J	Poor			Satisfying				ove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know a	and does	no deeper understand not apply the basic ter oly or explain the cont	rms new tents the	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers ev new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the the terms and the notions that substantiate by log examples.				Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given.		
	Active participation	in the	e 70-74,9% of attendance		e 75-79,9% of attendance		80-8	9,9% of a	tendance	90-100% of attendance	
	lessons			2 points		5 points		10 points		20 points	
4.3. Creating a final grade				2		3		4		5	
according to evaluation	Colloquium / writte exam	um / written 50-64,9%		1-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,99	%	90-100%	
elements			25 poin	its	30 points		35 points		ts	40 points	
	Oral exam		2			3		5		5	
	Of al exam		25 poin	its		30 points		35 poin	ts	40 points	
		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numer	ous grade	ECTS grade					
4.4. Creating a final grade			90 - 100%	5 (ex	cellent)	А					
according to absolute allocation			80-89,9%		ry good)	В					
			65 - 79,9%		good)	С					
			60 - 64,9% 50 - 59,9%		fficient)	D E					

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE		
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and through other media)	3. Hillier F, Lieberman G: Introduction to operations Research, McGraw Hill 8th ed. 2005, 8th Ed.	1	Available On-line
through other media)	 Ragsdale C: Spreadsheet Modelling & Decision Analysis: A Practical Introduction to Management Science, Thompson South Western, 5th Ed. 	1	Available On-line
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Waters D.: Quantitative Methods for Business, FT Prentice Hall, 5rd Ed. Winston W., Albright C.Č Practical Management Science, South Western 3rd Ed. Bradley, Hax, and Magnanti: Applied Mathematical Programming, Addisson-Wesley, 1977 	1 1 1	Available On-line Available On-line Available On-line
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	nts will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any pages of the course, Piazza platform and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers in person during the const questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to contact teachers via e-mail and schedule on-line meeting via Zoo	ultation term (at least one hour	ished on the e-learning per week), while brief

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT			
1.1. Title	Risk Management	1.8. ISVU course code		
1.2. Lecturer	Anita Krolo Crvelin, Senior Lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code		
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)	
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 20%	
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.	
1.6. Study year	3 th	1.13. Modernization	□ yes no	
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% □ More than 20 % □	
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			·	
2.1. Course objectives	 Introduce students to the types of business risks, Get students to understand the issues of recognizing, mana, Train students to adopt risk mitigation mechanisms. 	ging and possibilities of risk anticipation,		
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	ne			

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	•	 Recognize different problems, risks and risky situations in contemporary management Propose proper solutions for identified problems and risk management mechanisms based on the situational analysis Independently and responsibly search relevant literature for problem solving Analyse business environment, recognize competitive advantages of organization and propose adequate business strategy for goal achieving Analyse, interpret key business trends and innovations in micro and macro environment, and propose innovative solutions and tactics. 									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to It is ex 1 2 3 4	rning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: to two verbs per LO) expected that students, upon the completion of the course and preparing the seminar paper, will be able to: 1. recognize types of business risks 2. evaluate risk significance and propose risk management mechanisms, 3. create new ideas and solutions for risk management, 4. to predict risky situations, 5. analyse internal and external business environment and propose different business strategies									
		analyse internal and external business environ	ment and propos	se different business strategies		4, 5, 6					
	Cons	tructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
	1	Introductory lesson.	-	Listen to the lecture. Get basic information about the course and their tasks on it.	-	2 hours					
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Business crisis, causes and symptoms	1, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they define basic concepts, describe business crisis and understand basic causes and symptoms of business crisis.	2 hours					
	2. Concept and types of risk (s risks), business risks classifi		They listen to a lecture, individually or in teamwork on case studies and show the level of previously acquired knowledge, followed by a discussion, and read literature.At the colloquium and written or recognize different types of risks them.		At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they recognize different types of risks. They can classify them.	3 hours					
	3.	Decision maker's attitudes towards risks	1, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they understand basic frameworks of decision-making processes. They understand the effects of different attitudes towards risks in decision making process.	3 hours					

4.	Decision making based on profit to risk ratio	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they apply acquired knowledge in the decision-making process, especially one that is based on the profit to risk ratio.	8 hours
5.	Methods of pure risks protection (transmission, reduction, takeover, disposition)	1, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they recognize and apply methods of pure risks protection.	4 hours
6.	Risk analysis concept and characteristics.	1, 3, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they can explain the concept of risk analysis. They can critically analyse characteristics of risk analysis.	6 hours
7.	Risk identification (project risks, company risks, market risks)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they can identify project risks, business risks and market risks.	6 hours
8.	Risk measurement methods	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they can define basic risk measurement methods.	4 hours
9.	Evaluation of options	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they are able to valuate different risk management options.	2 hours
10.	Decision making in the conditions of uncertainty.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they define concept of uncertainty. They apply previously gained knowledge in the decision making in the conditions of uncertainty.	2 hours
11.	Risk analysis by simulation.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they analyse risks by simulation.	1 hour
12.	Management defining phase. Control takeover phase. Evaluation phase.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	4 hours
13.	Urgency phase. Stabilisation phase.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	4 hours
14.	Return to growth phase.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	They listen to a lecture, present a seminar paper, followed by a discussion, and read literature.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	3 hours
15.	End of crisis.		They listen to a lecture and prepare individually for the exam.	At the colloquium and written or oral exam, they know basic characteristics of crisis management process. They are able to recognize basic critical points of each phase.	4 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK								
3.1. Students` obligations	to attend at least 50% of lectures Seminar paper is obligatory and colloquia, oral exam is obligator Students are advised to actively	n accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation o attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Seminar paper is obligatory and precondition to approach the exam. Final exam can be passed during the semester, by passing two colloquia. If student approach the final exam without the colloquia, oral exam is obligatory. Students are advised to actively participate in class activities such are group case studies, group discussions etc. Each student is obligated to inform himself on class activities. All informations will be provided on e-learning web page of the course.							
2.2 Monitoring student work	Attendance	2	Written exam		1 (without colloquiums)	Proje	ect		
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research			Pract	ical work		
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay		Report			Cont	inuous examination		
corresponds to the credit score	Colloquium	2 (without the written and oral exams)	Seminar paper		1	Othe	r (inscribe)		
of the course)	Class activities	1	Oral exam		1 (without colloquiums)	Othe	r (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Preser		•	nours of	work per semester and is est Hours (estimate)		d as:		
4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying			Above average		
	Organization	The paper is not organized order and its structure is la		distincti	The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fr repeated grammatical miss	Writing style is are too long, equent and	Words and phrases are aligned with off terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is cle the vocabulary is appropriate and has li grammatical errors.		ear, ttle	their meaning. The writing style is		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to t	ne topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		or	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		

		I	Poor			Satisfying		Al	oove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know a	memory, no deeper understanding. Ind does not apply the basic terms Innot apply or explain the contents			Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and		
	Active participation	in the	less than 70% of a	attendance	70-759	% of attendance	76-85	5% of attendance	86-100% of attendance	
1	lessons		0 points			5 points		7 points	10 points	
	G .		2			3		4	5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		15 points		22 points			27 points	30 points	
according to evaluation		2				3		4	5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam					65-77%		78-89%	90-100%	
		25 points			30 points		35 points		40 points	
		2			3			5	5	
	Oral exam		10 points		15 points			18 points	20 points	
		kno	centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numer	ous grade	ECTS grade				
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90-100%	·	cellent)	А				
			80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9%		ry good)	B				
			65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9%	1	good) fficient)	D				
			$\frac{60-64,9\%}{50-59,9\%}$		2 (sufficient) D 2 (sufficient) E					

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE		
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
through other media)	 Klarić, M.: Analiza rizika, Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Sveučilište Josipa Jurja Strossmayer, Osijek, 2006. Sučević, D. Krizni menadžmenta, Lider, Zagreb, 2010. 		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Lectures outlines Klarić, M.: Uvod u menadžment rizika, , Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Sveučilište Josipa Jurja Strossmayer, Osijek, 2011. 		
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By a classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT		
1.1. Title	Operations Management	1.8. ISVU course code	146576
1.2. Lecturer	Željko Deković	1.9. MOZVAG course code	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Jelena Žaja	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	3.
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with the concept of operations management, its role in the company's activities as well as ways of improving the company's business with a special of ways of looking at operational business processes. Introduce students with the basics of operations management through lectures, classroom discussions and business cases, and instruct students to create operations an create the primary products and services of the company so that after completing the course, each student knows how to approach the basic problems of operating bus should look for additional information to solve complex operational management issues that arise in practice in everyday business. Adopt and expand knowledge in the field of: • operations functions and business strategies. • product design, process and technology selection; • quality management, control and quality improvement; • yield management and overbooking management in service industry; • models of inventory management; • business forecasts; process and technology selection, capacity planning and termination; • lean production; • project management methods.	d improve systems that
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions. LO3. To suggest decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results. LO7. To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program suppor LO13. To analyze business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals. 	
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 1. to explain basic concepts of operations management and their practical application, 2. to propose basic and correct production and operations decisions in the area of production and services management through the implementation of the appropriate operational planning followed by analysis and control of the achieved indicators and results, 3. to choose models, methods, techniques, and tools appropriate to certain issues at the operating management level, 4. to valorise the concepts of quality management in modern business by applying appropriate statistical methods, 5. to draw up a plan for managing capacity overbooking on a practical example of a hotel business, 6. to recommend a strategies for managing waiting line, 7. to evaluate the implementation of operations management activities by applying a project approach (designing and planning activities based on the type of	LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	 a production and choice of technology, location selection, project organization), use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English and present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in the team. 	3,6

	Cons	structive alignment				
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. Get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours
]	Basic concepts and determinants of operational management.	1, 8	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam, they can explain the position of operational management in the organizational structure, the most important decisions in operations management, the transformation process, the difference between operations and processes, and they can distinguish the similarities and differences between products and services.	8 hours
	2.	Operational strategy and production management.	1, 2, 3, 8	They listen to lectures, read literature and study case studies. In the exercise classes, instructional methods are used in the application of total, partial and multifactorial measures of productivity.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know how to differentiate the operating - production strategy from the business strategy. They know how to describe the product life cycle, analyze the competitive advantages of businesses, explain why trade-offs are made, and suggest compromise in strategy. They can explain the types of operating strategies and relate them to different degrees of production efficiency. They know how to calculate and interpret productivity by using appropriate overall, partial, and multifactorial measures.	10 hours
	4. D	Selection of production process.	1, 2, 3, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they analyze the point of cost coverage, determine the utilization of production capacity.	At the colloquium or written and oral exam they can explain the types of production process, how the production process is selected, analyze the factors in the decision making process of the production process selection, propose economic criteria for the production process selection, and highlight the advantages and disadvantages of certain types of production processes.	10 hours
		Design of production and service processes.	1, 2, 3, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They study case studies to demonstrate the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam, they can explain the concept of a new product introduction strategy, identify differences between factory and service production, and explain the service matrix, service strategy and the term triangle. Furthermore, they know how to classify services, determine service efficiency and propose measures to improve services.	10 hours
	5.	Technology selection and process flow analysis.	1, 2, 4, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In group work, they study case studies, which show the acquisition of	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they can analyze the process flow by making a flow chart, measure the process performance and propose measures to shorten the process duration.	10 hours

	1		and the second large data at	[
			previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and		
			ideas, discuss problems.		
6.	Work management. Job design and work measurement.	1, 2, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. Case studies on the topic of job design and work measurement are addressed in the exercise classes.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the reasons for measuring work and setting work standards. Furthermore, they know how to select and apply different work measurement techniques, explain the concept of ergonomics, anticipate the main issues an operations manager will face in job design, and identify the advantages and disadvantages of work specialization in a company.	10 hours
7.	Forecasting	1, 2, 3, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, for quantitative demand forecasting method the instructional method is applied.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam, they can choose the appropriate quantitative methods in order to predict the demand on concrete example. They know how to control the accuracy of forecast demand and propose measures to adjust for forecasting errors.	14 hours
8.	Aggregate planning and major production schedules. Capacity and location planning in OM.	1, 2, 3, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In group work on the exercises, they develop uniform, offensive and hybrid aggregate plans. For the purpose of making capacity decisions, they measure capacity and build a decision tree.	They can state and explain the concept, goals and types of aggregate plans at the colloquium or the written and oral exam. They can explain how planning factors affect the development of an aggregate plan, how their amounts can be determined, and what are the possible options and costs in aggregate planning. They know how to develop an aggregate plan on the basis of which they can define decisions about the number of employees needed, overtime, subcontracting and the general level of total inventories. They know how to make a decisions tee for the purpose of making capacity decisions.	12 hours
9.	Service Management / Yield Management.	1, 2, 4, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. A case study is processed.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know explain the concept of yield management and propose appropriate strategy for matching of supply and demand. They know how to design a rebooking plan, or determine the optimal rebooking policy.	12 hours
10.	Service Management / Waiting lines	1, 2, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. Waiting lines are studied by calculating the operating characteristics of the system. In the group work, the method of discussing the topic at hand is applied.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state and explain the costs in waiting lines, categorize basic operational characteristics in studying waiting lines, choose the appropriate waiting lines model, explain when the waiting lines are stable, evaluate the quality of service provided with regard to system utilization, calculate and interpret the performance of the queuing tail system and make suggestions for service improvements.	12 hours
11.	Quality management.	1, 2, 3, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. On exercises, the method of instruction in the processing of	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the PDCA circle as an approach to quality improvement, the term and principles of	10 hours

				different methods of statistical quality control is applied.	TQM, Six Sigma. Furthermore, they know how to explain the concept of statistical process control, where it is used, types of data in statistical process control, to explain the concepts of variations, attributes, and variables in statistical process control. Based on existing data, they are able to select the appropriate type of control chart, calculate the required characteristics, construct a control chart and make a conclusion as to whether the process is under control.	
1:	12.	Production schedule and production scheduling.	1, 2, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know to explain the types of production / space layouts, propose criteria for making decisions on the spatial allocation of work resources, explain the advantages and disadvantages of the process production schedule, the term "termination", and what is the basic difference between scheduling and aggregate planning.	6 hours
1:	13.	Inventory management.	1, 2, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, the method of instruction is applied in determining the optimal order quantity and number of orders, the optimal amount of costs, and the holding of supplies. Students independently perform inventory analysis according to the ABC Inventory Management System.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the basic parameters in inventory management, explain the costs of holding inventory, types of demand from the aspect of inventory management, explain the models of inventory management in dependent demand and in independent demand. They know how to determine the optimum ordering amount, the optimum cost of ordering and holding inventory, and analyze the inventory and categorize it according to the ABC Inventory Management System.	10 hours
1.	14.	Enterprise Resource Management. Just in time / Lean production.	1, 3, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know to explain the concepts of JIT and lean manufacturing, how they differ from traditional business practices, and how JIT can be used in planning and management. They can explain the terms kanban and kaizen.	6 hours
1:	15.	Project management.	1, 2, 7	They listen to a lecture and read literature. Using the PERT method, they independently calculate the project duration.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they can explain the basic stages in project management, they can predict the limitations of the project and explain the concept of the bargaining triangle. They know how to list different project management methods and calculate project duration using the PERT method.	6 hours
		Concluding considerations / Repeating and preparing for exam.		They read the literature and prepare individually for the exam.		32 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK								
3.1. Students` obligations	to attend at least 50% of lecture Students who have during the c • From 0 – 24,9% EC • From 25 – 49,9% EC • More than 50% EC Students can pass the final examples	 accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. udents who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. udents can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies) and passing the exam (written and oral exam). 							
	Attendance	1	Written exam	2,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project				
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work				
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination				
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	4,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)				
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)				
	The student's workload o	n all bases amounts to 1 E	CTS point for 30 hours o	f work per semester and is es	stimated as:				
3.3. Student workload	Commitment			Hours (estimate)	Hours (estimate)				
	1. Attending classes 2. Preparation for the	Colloquium / exam through self	-study	75 105					
		• • • • • •	*	•					

4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satis	sfying			Above average	
	Organization	tion The paper is not organized order and its structure is la				n the introduction, the		well-structured with a clear etween the introduction, the the text and the conclusions ectly logically linked to one	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	. Writing style is s are too long, requent and	Words and phrases ar terminology. The wri- appropriate, the sente the vocabulary is app- grammatical errors.	ting style is nce structure is clear, ropriate and has little		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	he topic and show	Sources are listed, bu errors. The references the subject and show attitude.	s are appropria	ate for	are no grammatical errors. Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		
	Р	oor		Satisfying			Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does r and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	new knowledge, u	e terms, without difficu understands subject mat the notions that sub-	ter, explains	evaluation thorough logically that it er original	on. It observes hly explains the links and explored links in links and explored links and explored links and links and links in links and links and links are links and links are links and links are links ar	vel of analysis, synthesis and a legitimacy, accurately and be content of the subject, and plains the terms and concepts and solutions that are not be is a correlation with	
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-10	0% of atte	ndance	Solved case study.	
	lessons	3 points		5 points		7 points		3 points	
4.3. Creating a final grade		2		3		4		5	
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%	
elements		27 points		33 points		39 points		45 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5		5	
	Utai exaili	27 points		33 points		39 points		45 points	

4.4. Creating a final anala	Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerous grade	ECTS grade	
4.4. Creating a final grade	90-100%	5 (excellent)	А	
according to absolute allocation	80 - 89,9%	4 (very good)	В	
	65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	С	
	60-64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D	
	50 - 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E	

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and	5. Prester J. (2015). *Operacijski menadžment*. Mikrorad, Ekonomski fakultet Zagreb.	10	
through other media)	 Deković, Ž., Šišara, J. (2017). *Primjena operacijskog menadžmenta – zbirka zadataka s teoretskim objašnjenjima*. Veleučilište u Šibeniku, Šibenik. 		Available On-line
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Taylor B.W., Russell R. S. (2006). *Operations Management: Quality and Competitiveness in a Global Environement*. Wiley. Schroeder, R. G. (1999). *Upravljanje proizvodnjom, Odlučivanje u funkciji proizvodnje*. Mate, Zagreb. Barković, D. (2011). *Uvod u operacijski management* Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Osijek. Slack N., Brandon-Jones A., Johnston R. (2013). *Operations Management*. Pearson Paper. Prester J. (2014). *Operacijski menadžment u uslugama*. Sinergija, Zagreb. 	2 2 3	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By I classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	our per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT		
1.1. Title	Management of Conflict	1.8. ISVU course code	129874
1.2. Lecturer	MA Gina Lugović, S. Lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	?	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30P+15S
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , materials available online, 0% of course online
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	x yes 🗌 no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X More than 20 % □

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION		
2.1. Course objectives	Getting to know the underlying concepts of cause, development and conflict resolution in interpersonal relationships. Adoption of basic terms of cause, development and conflict resolution: - Setting up rules for improved communication, negotiating skills and conducting negotiating skills participants, - emotional control and retention of integrity, - Understanding the time frame, - Understanding the sensitivity to cultural barriers and the effective use of humor, - defining the problems and solutions of problems based on participants' interests, - mediation (third party involvement, mediation) and the choice and role of the mediator, - Evaluating and increasing stakeholder interest in solving the problem through mediation - assisting conflict participants in planning future interactions. Understanding of Conflict in Interpersonal Relations and Social Skills for Conflict Resolution, Learning and applying mediation / mediation in conflict resolution.	
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Passed course "Psychology for Managers".	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 LO1. To organize and lead teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members LO2. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions. LO6. To critically evaluate existing marketing communications and suggest improvements on the concrete business case and develop basic skills of forming intercommunications LO16. To identify various problems, risks and risky situations in modern management and propose adequate solutions for identified problems and risk management company's state analysis LO20. To predict the causes of conflicts in company and resolve conflicts by mediating 	
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 1. Analyse the opinions and attitudes of team members 2. Differentiate between the process of conflict formation, development and resolution, 3. Manage the expression of emotions in the mediation / mediation in the conflict of third parties, 4. Evaluate and respect cultural diversity, 5. Plan mediation / mediation techniques for resolving third party conflicts and base solutions on parties' interests in the mediation process 6. Prepare mediation participants to resolve future potential conflicts on their own, focus on behavior that minimizes or completely reduces future misunderstandings / conflicts.	LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis 4 5 6 5 6 5 6

	Cons	structive alignment				
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	They listen to a lecture. In the course of independent work on a computer, they are introduced to the course content and documents on the e-learning page of the course.	-	6 hours
	1	Introduction lecture, concept and content of conflict management. Significance of mental health	2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	The written exam defines the basic concepts of conflict and conflict management. They describe the role of mental health and the impact of conflict on mental health. They know how to explain the impact of conflict on mental health.	6 hours
	2.	The beginning and development of conflicts, causes. Commencing communication - overcoming the conflict	1, 2, 3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written examination, they can list the causes of conflict, distinguish and give an example of commencement of communication, and judge and manage communication in the direction of overcoming conflicts.	8 hours
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	3.	Mediation, third party involvement, choice of mediators, mediator role. Tracking Mediation Participants.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe the role of taxation and the involvement of a third party and explain the choice and role of the mediator. In the written exam, they know how to suggest the follow-up of mediation participants from a specific work situation.	8 hours
	4.	Intermediate, evaluate and increase stakeholder interest in solving mediation problems, setting up rules for improved communication.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define mediation and evaluate and suggest ways to increase the interest of participants in problem solving through mediation, to create rules for improved communication, to explain by example, to analyse and to conclude on the relationship and possible prejudices in communication.	8 hours
	5.	Intermediate, guide participants during joint meetings, help conflict participants in planning future interactions. Process of mediation process	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe the basic concepts of mediation, guiding participants during joint meetings, differentiating ways of not / assisting participants in planning future interactions, and anticipating the process of mediation in different work situations. Designed and presented seminar (using computer programs on its own).	8 hours
	6.	Active listening, perception.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired	In the written exam, they can define and describe active listening, set an example and explain the impact of perception on active listening, and the importance of keeping silence in communication.	7 hours

			knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	
7.	Leadership of negotiating skills, understanding of others, conversation skills.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they are able to define and describe the way in which the participants are guided by negotiation skills, to evaluate their own understanding of others, and to modify the art of conversation according to the needs of the work process. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	7 hours
8.	Requirement for clarity, patience, maintaining integrity.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they can define and describe the elements of communication that relate to a demand for clarity, patience, retention of integrity during conflict and negotiation. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	6 hours
9.	Avoiding Presumptions and Evil, Assessing Others. Differentiation of facts and estimates.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems. In group work at the seminar teaching, the brainstorming method and the discussion method on the topic are applied.	In the written exam, they can define and describe the avoidance of assumption and malice, and the evaluations of others, and analyze and compare the distinction between facts and estimates. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	5 hours
10.	Control emotions, recognize errors and dispensation.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they know how to define and describe emotion control, admitting mistakes, and apologizing during the process of communication and mediation.	8 hours
11.	Understanding the time frame, a division of the larger issues in less. Organizing time.	1, 2, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they know how to design a time frame, divide larger questions into smaller ones, and organize time. Seminar prepared and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
12.	Separating problems from self- awareness, avoiding threats, and manipulating tactics.	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that show the acquisition of previously acquired knowledge and present the acquired knowledge and ideas, discuss problems.	In the written exam they know how to define and describe the separation of problems from self- awareness, avoidance of threat and manipulative tactics during communication and negotiation. Analyse and manage control, criticism and manipulation. Seminar created and presented (using computer programs independently).	8 hours
13.	Effective use of humour. Can we learn humour?	1, 2, 3, 4	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, individually, in pairs or groups of four, they design exercises that	In the written exam, they can define and describe the effective use of humour, enumerate ways of expressing humour.	6 hours

					knowledge and pres	n of previously acquired sent the acquired as, discuss problems.	Seminar created and presen programs independently).		
	14.	solving, defining	on of poor solutions.	1, 2, 4, 5, 6	At the exercises, in groups of four, they show the acquisition knowledge and pres	ure and read literature. dividually, in pairs or v design exercises that n of previously acquired sent the acquired as, discuss problems.	In the written exam, they ca judge the focus on the prob solution, define interest-bas and reject weak solutions. Seminar created and presen programs independently).	lem rather than the sed solutions, and selec	-
	15.	Sensitivity to cu (common feature cultural and ideo Difference as a r	es of all people, logical differences).	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	At the exercises, in groups of four, they show the acquisition knowledge and pres	ure and read literature. dividually, in pairs or v design exercises that n of previously acquired sent the acquired as, discuss problems.	Explain sensitivity to cultur exam and advocate diversit created and presented (usin independently).	y as a rule. Seminar	en 5 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	NT WO	ORK							
3.1. Students' obligations	work (conclu the Po Studen making	one with Croatian and sion, literature from 20 lytechnic (http://www. hts can pass the final ex g and presenting the se	the other with English litera 000 to 2018. Seminar papers vus.hr). am in two ways: a) during t	acy used; submit i s are sent to an e-r he course through o colloquia); b) du	n the text and present nail (gina@vus.hr). St a continuous student a uring the course (activ	with ppt; seminar work co udents are advised to cons ttendance (active participa	s are obliged to choose topics, onsists of at least 10 pages: co sult at the time of consultation ation in the lessons, creating mons, creating mental map, solv	ver, content, introducti s or for another term.	on, work , on the web site of e studies,
2.2 Monitoring student work	Attend	lance	1	Written	exam	2		Project	/
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experi	mental work	/	Researc	h	/		Practical work	/
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay		/	Report		/		Continuous examination	/
corresponds to the credit score	Collog	luium	/	Seminar	paper	1		Other (inscribe)	/
of the course)	Class a	activities	/	Oral exa	ım	/		Other (inscribe)	/
	The s	student's workload Commitment	on all bases amounts t	to 1 ECTS poi	nt for 30 hours of	work per semester a Hours (estimate)	nd is estimated as:		

4. GRADING										
	Valuation Element	Sat	Satisfying Above average							
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is l		The paper is well str distinction between main part of the text	the introdu	uction, the	distinction betw main part of the	Il-structured with a clear even the introduction, the text and the conclusions y logically linked to one		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	. Writing style is s are too long, requent and	terminology. The we appropriate, the sent	Vords and phrases are aligned with official rminology. The writing style is opropriate, the sentence structure is clear, we vocabulary is appropriate and has little rammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.			
	Quoting and referencing	at all. The he topic and show the research topic.	Sources are listed, b errors. The reference the subject and show attitude.	es are appi	opriate for	consistent. The their list is "rich	urate, complete and references are appropriate, " and comprehensive and research approach.			
	Po	or		Satisfying			Above av	average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, r Does not know and does n and concepts. Cannot appl of the course.	ot apply the basic terms	transfers new kn	c terms, without c owledge, understands he terms and the not amples.	subject	evaluation. It thoroughly ex logically link encapsulates.	observes legitimates observes legitimates observes the content of solutions the observes legitimates observes legitimates observes obse	bove average vel of analysis, synthesis and legitimacy, accurately and e content of the subject, and lains the terms and concepts that it titions that are not originally given. with correlative subjects.		
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-86	% of attendance		87-100% of at		Created mental map. Solved case study.		
	lessons	2 points		4 points		7 point	s	3 points		
	Saminar nonar	2		3		4		5		
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 point	s	10 points		
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written	2		3		4		5		
elements	exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9		90-100%		
	exam	25 points		30 points		35 poin	ts	40 points		
	Oral exam	2		3		5		5		
		25 points		30 points		35 poin		40 points		
	Percentage of adopted ki	nowledge, skills and competence	es (teaching + final exa		ous grade		ECTS grade			
4.4. Creating a final grade		$\frac{90-100\%}{80-89,9\%}$			cellent) v good)		AB			
according to absolute allocation		<u>80 - 89,9%</u> 65 - 79,9%			y good) good)		C B			
according to absolute anocation		60-64.9%			ficient)		D			
		50 - 59.9%		(···	ficient)		E			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE		
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
5.1. Compulsory literature	 Lugović, G. (2011). Menadžment konflikata, nastavni materijal. Šibenik: Veleučilište u Šibeniku. Dostupno na E-learning mrežnoj stranici Veleučilišta u Šibeniku. 	3	Available On-line
(available in the library and through other media)	 Lazarus, R. S., Folkman, S. (2004). Stres, procjena i suočavanje, Pojam suočavanja, str. 121-144; Proces suočavanja: Alternativa tradicionalnim formulacijama, str. 145-184. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap. Billikopf, G. (2014). Party-Directed Mediation – Facilitating Dialogue Between Individuals (3rd Edition), University of California Agricultural and Natural resources. Dostupno na https://ia600307.us.archive.org/9/items/PartyDirMediation_201404/PartyDirMediation.pdf Billikopf, G. (2002). Contributions of Caucusing and Pre-Caucusing to Mediation, Group Facilitation: A Research and Applications Journal, 4, 3-11. http://www.cnr.berkeley.edu/ucce50/ag-labor/research /res04.htm 		Available On-line
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Kure, N., Winslade, J. (2010). A Narrative Approach to Working with an Organization in Conflict, <u>http://journal-of-conflictology.uoc.edu</u> Linden, J. (2001). Mediation Styles: The Purists vs. The Toolkit, Mediate.com, https://www.mediate.com/articles/linden4.cfm 		Available On-line
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	Quality control of students' work and acquiring the necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured: - interactive work on lectures, - conducting records on attendance and student activities in lectures, - information obtained on the basis of the results of the examinations needed to increase the efficiency of the work and - by referring students to rights, obligations, methods of work and the necessary literature. Quality Assurance System Indicators: Student Surveys, CES data on the student's annual employment status, Employer Surveys and Alumni As		
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any de pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will b working days from the receipt of e-mail).	er week), while brief questions and	explanations

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Name of the course	Croatian Economy	1.8. ISVU course code	DM7						
1.2. Lecturer	Dijana Mečev, PhD, s.lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+0+15+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st level – materials available on- line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1						
1.6. Study year	1st	1.13. Modernization	□ yes no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION									
2.1. Course objectives	2.1. Course objectives Training students for understanding basic concepts, principles and phenomena in the country's economic system; critical analysis and understanding of the dynamic development processes and performance of the Croatian economy and the application of the acquired basic knowledge and skills in further professional development.								
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Undergraduate professional or university studies completed.									

	LO1: 7	To organize and lead team work, and critically ju	dge the opinions a	nd attitudes of team members.						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO2: To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions,									
study programme level	LO4: To analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of inn									
		To analyse and compare indicators of economic ate economic prosperity	development of th	e Republic of Croatia, critically reflect or	n contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia, and	propose solutions to				
		ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxon o two verbs per LO)	omy:			LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, Synthesis				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	1	. To describe the factors affecting the size an educational structure of the population and				1,4				
	 To analyse the roles and constraints of tourism in the economic development of the state and argue the possibilities for further development of Croatian tourism. 									
	3. To compare different models of national economic development and analyze the impact of regional policy of the state.									
	 To assess the consequences of economic policy and activities of individual economic entities in the context of the national economy. To link current economic trends with economic theory and international economic practice. 									
	5	. 10 IIIK current economic trends with econo	omic theory and in	ernational economic practice.		6				
	Cons	tructive alignment								
	no.	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. By independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	3 hours				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	2.	Population and economic development (I).	1,5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain basic demographic indicators; are able to analyze different quantitative and qualitative aspects of the population of the Republic of Croatia. They can think critically about the reasons for the demographic deficit and its effects on economic development. They can think critically about contemporary demographic challenges and trends.					
	3.	Population and economic development (II).	1,5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain basic demographic indicators; are capable of analyzing different quantitative and qualitative aspects of the	6 hours				

8.	The education system of the Republic of Croatia.	1, 4	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can	6 hours
7.	Health system of the Republic of Croatia.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can describe and define basic economic concepts in healthcare, can explain method of financing health care in the Republic of Croatia. They can explain the structure and importance of the Croatian health system in the business and private life of individuals and society, and take a stand on the issue.	6 hours
6.	Poverty.	1, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and distinguish terms related to poverty and social exclusion. They can explain the similarities and differences between poverty and inequality in the distribution of wealth and income. They know how to critically judge economic, political and other social measures to combat and reduce inequality and social exclusion at the national level.	6 hours
5.	Pension system of the Republic of Croatia.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can state the main features of small and major pension reform. They know how to explain the structure and importance of the Croatian pension system in the business and private life of individuals and society, and take a stand on the issue.	6 hours
4.	Labor market of the Republic of Croatia.	1, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can define and explain different forms of unemployment, distinguish registered unemployment rate from the one based on survey., distinguish economically-active population from non active one. They can critically evaluate active employment policy measures. They can ponder over interconnection between labor market and economic development.	10 hours
			presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	population of the Republic of Croatia. They can think critically about the reasons for the demographic deficit and its effects on economic development. They can think critically about	

Γ				seminar student individually or in	define and describe the concepts of education	
				pairs solve case studies thus	economics. They can explain the relationship between education policy, education reform and	
				presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and	economic growth. They are capable of analyzing	
				presenting adopted knowledge and	the impact of the cost of investing in education on	
				ideas, discuss issues.	the social benefit of education.	
	9.	Fiscal policy of the Republic of Croatia and the budget.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students know how to interpret Croatia's fiscal policy, structure of general government budget and analyze and critically evaluate revenue and expenditure items in the state budget.	10 hours
	10.	Monetary policy of the Republic of Croatia.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students define and analyze monetary policy instruments, money functions, currency emissions and drawdown; analyze and interpret ways in which monetary policy instruments affect the financial markets and economic activity of the Republic of Croatia.	8 hours
	11.	Regional development.	3, 4	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students define and explain key elements of the regional economic structure of the Republic of Croatia; critically evaluate regional policies and regional inequalities in Croatia.	8 hours
	12.	Croatian tourism industry.	2, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can explain the characteristics of tourist supply and demand of the Republic of Croatia. Describe the preconditions for tourism development; analyze the roles and limitations of tourism in the economic development of the Republic of Croatia, argue the possibilities of its further development.	10 hours
	13.	Croatian retail sector.	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Use multimedia and network. Discuss issues. At the seminar student individually or in pairs solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and	In a colloquium or written and oral exam students can describe the importance of trade in the economic development of the Republic of Croatia.	6 hours

					presenting adopted kno ideas, discuss issues.	wledge and			
	14.	Manufacturing and Croatia.	l wood industry in	4, 5	Listen to the lecture and literature. Use multime network. Discuss issues seminar student individ pairs solve case studies presenting the appropri- previously acquired kno ideas, discuss issues.	dia and s. At the hually or in thus ateness of owledge and	distinguish be manufacturing	m or written and oral exam students etween individual branches of the / wood industry and evaluate their ith respect to market trends in the roatia.	6 hours
	15.	Concluding Considerat Preparing for Exam.	ions / Repeating and		Concluding Considerate Repeating and Preparin				23 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK							
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquium seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the exam (written and oral exam).							ry exam period;	
	Attend	ance		Writ	ten exam	2 (by submitti colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		Rese	arch			Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Repo	ort			Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	3 3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student relieved of a written and examination)		inar paper	0,5			
	Class a	activities	0,5	Oral	exam	1 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an examination)	e student is		

3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presen 3. Preparation for the C			of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 60 10 50				
4. GRADING		1						
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying		Above average	
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		n, the	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	 Writing style is s are too long, Frequent and 	terminol appropria the vocal	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	the topic and show	errors. T	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.	
	Poo	or		Satisfy	ring		Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no Does not know and does no and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.	t apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.		Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.			

	Active participati	on in	70-75% of atte	endance	76-86%	6 of attendance	87-100% of a	ttendance	Solv	ved case study.
	the lessons		2 points	3	4 points		7 points			3 points
			2		3		4			5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points	5		7 points	8 poin	ts		10 points
according to evaluation elements			2			3	4			5
	Colloquium / writt exam	en	50-64,9%	%	6	5-79,9%	80-89,9	%		90-100%
			25 point	S	3	0 points	35 poir	ıts		40 points
	Oral exam		2			3	5			5
	Orai exam		25 points		3	0 points	35 poir	its 40		40 points
	know		centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	ills and Numerou		ECTS grade				
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90 - 100%	5 (exce	/	А				
according to absolute anocation			80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9%	4 (very 3 (go		B				
			60-64,9%	2 (suffi	icient)	D				
			50 - 59,9%	2 (suffi	cient)	Е				
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	ION ABOUT TH	IE COU	IRSE							
	Title						Number of co libra		Availability via other media	
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	1. Mečev, D. (2015). "Nacionalna ekonomija Hrvatske". Veleučilište u Šibeniku, Šibenik.									Available On-line
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	1. Čavrak et	al (2011)). "Gospodarstvo Hrvatsk	e". Politička kult	ura, Zagreb.			5		

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.
5.4. Information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Market Research	1.8. ISVU course code	187558						
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Šišara, univ.spec.oec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+0+15+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.						
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives • Understanding the importance and necessity of market research when making business decisions. • Acquiring basic knowledge of market research methods and techniques. • Understanding the market research process. • Design of data collection instruments. • Applying the learned skills to a specific research project.									

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Admis	sion requirements for 1st year of study								
	LO1:To organize and lead team work, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members									
	LO2:To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions,									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO3:T	o analyze business environment, distinguish the con	mpany's compe	titive advantages and propose different bus	siness strategies to achieve the company's goals					
study programme level	LO4:T	o analyze and interpret key business trends and inner	ovations in the	micro and macro business environment and	d propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation	on in business				
	LO9:T	o select a research method, conduct market research	h and interpret t	he results of the research carried out						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	(up to LO1: T LO2: T LO3: T	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) LO1: To explain and to comment basic concepts related to market research. LO2: To define the research goal, problem and hypotheses, to select the types and sources of data and to design a research problem based on it. LO3: To propose appropriate market research methods and, on this basis, to construct a suitable data collection instrument addressed to a specific research problem. LO4: To conduct market research addressed to a specific research problem, to interpret the results of the research conducted, and to propose a solution based on that.								
	Constructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	5 hours				
	2.	INTRODUCTION TO MARKET RESEARCH: THE TERM AND DEFINITION OF MARKET RESEARCH; THE ROLE AND IMPORTANCE OF MARKET RESEARCH IN BUSINESS RESEARCH	1, 2	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	7 hours				
	3.	SCIENTIFIC METHOD AND ETHICS IN MARKET RESEARCH; ORGANIZERS AND BENEFICIARIES OF MARKET RESEARCH	1, 2	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze	7 hours				

					the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	
	4.	MARKET RESEARCH PROCESS AND PROJECT	1, 2,3	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	8 hours
	5.	TYPES OF MARKET RESEARCH	1, 2, 3	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	8 hours
	6.	PRIMARY AND SECONDARY DATA, SAMPLES AND SAMPLING	1, 2, 3, 4	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, discuss, problem papers, presentations of seminar work	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
	7.	DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION, Colloquium I.	1, 2, 3, 4	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
	8.	APPLICATION OF MARKET RESEARCH, RESEARCH FOR MARKET SEGMENTATION NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
	9.	APPLICATION OF MARKET RESEARCH, RESEARCH FOR PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours
	10.	RESEARCH FOR ADVERTISING AND SELLING NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours

	11.	RESEARCH FOR PRICING AND SATISFACTION NEEDS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours	
	12.	MARK VALUE RESEARCH	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	10 hours	
	13.	APPLICATION OF RESEARCH IN MAIN TOURISM AREAS	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to lectures, solve case studies, design and develop a research project.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	8 hours	
	14.	PRESENTATIONS OF THE RESEARCH PROJECT	6	Present research projects, discussion.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	4 hours	
	15.	FINAL CONSIDERATIONS AND SIGNATURES, II. Colloquium		They listen to lectures, make conclusions, discuss	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they define and explain the concepts that occur in this thematic unit, then they should present and analyze the same on a concrete example, critically judge on the basis of the presented problem and propose a solution to the same problem.	3 hours	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK							
3.1. Students` obligations	to atte	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and project, passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper and project) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).					

	Attendance	0,5	Written exam	Vritten exam Vritten exam Vritten exam Vritten examination)		Project	2		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work	Research				Practical work			
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report			Continuous examination			
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		0,5	Other (inscribe)			
	Class activities Oral ex				0,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)			
	The student's workload or	n all bases amounts to 1 EC	CTS point for 30	hours of	work per semester and is est	imated as:			
	Commitment				Hours (estimate)				
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes			60					
		nting seminar paper/project		30					
		Colloquium / exam through self-	-study		30				
	•	· · · · ·							
4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above	e average		
	Organization	and the structure is looking			er is well structured with a clear on between the introduction, the rt of the text and the conclusion	distinction between t main part of the text	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	with official terminology. Writing style is not appropriate, sentences are too long, modest vocabulary, and frequent andte		termino appropr the voca	and phrases are aligned with offi logy. The writing style is iate, the sentence structure is cle ibulary is appropriate and has lit tical errors.	terminology and sho their meaning. The v excellent, the senten	their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to the	e topic and show			vith Sources are accurate or consistent. The refer arch their list is "rich" and	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,		

		I	Poor			Satisfying		Al	oove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	4.2. Colloquium / exam grading and concepts. Cof the course.				Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and		
	Active participation	in the	70-75% of atte	ndance	76-869	% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Seminal paper.	
	lessons		2 points			4 points		7 points	3 points	
			2		3		4		5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Research paper		5 points		7 points			8 points	10 points	
according to evaluation		2				3		4	5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam		50-64,9%)	65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-100%	
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points	
		2			3			5	5	
	Oral exam		25 points	6		30 points		35 points	40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numer	ous grade	ECTS grade				
			90-100%	· · ·	cellent)	А				
according to absolute allocation			80-89,9%		ry good)	B				
			65 - 79,9% 60 - 64,9%	,	good) fficient)	D				
			50 - 59,9%	·	fficient)	E				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT THE COURSE		
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and through other media)	1. Marušić, M., Vranešević, T. (2001). *Istraživanje tržišta*. ADECO, Zagreb	1	
unough other media)	2. Marušić, M., Prebežac, D. (2004). *Istraživanje turističkih tržišta*. ADECO, Zagreb	1	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	3. Meler, M. (2005). *Istraživanje tržišta*. Ekonomski fakultet u Osijeku, Osijek	0	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By I classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or ar pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one l can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	hour per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations

1 GENERAL INFORMATION O	N THE COURSE							
1.1. Course title	Leadership	1.8. Course code within the ISVU						
1.2. Course leader	Dr.sc Zdravko Kedžo, lecturer	1.9. Course code within the MOZVAG	(30+0+15+0)					
1.3. Associates	None	1.10. Student engagement hours (number of lessons - lectures + practical work + seminars + e-learning)						
1.4. Type of programme	Specialist Graduate Professional Study Management	1.11. Level of e-learning (Level 1, 2, 3), Online percentage of the course (max. 20%)	Level 1 - materials available online, 0%					
1.5. Course status (compulsory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Current number of changes and/or additions to the course specification						
1.6. Year of studies	1. First year	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credits (ECTS)	4	1.14. Estimated percentage of changes and/or amendments to the course programme	Less than 20% More than 20%					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course aims and objectives The aim: based on theoretical knowledge and case studies, students should be able to: Define key terms, specific qualities, theoretical and practical sources of leadership Understand key aspects of contemporary leading and leadership which represent a fundamental premise of successful corporate governance in the 21st century Learn to recognize characteristics, traits, styles, and the latest knowledge related to practice, key competencies and leadership skills Apply the knowledge gained in the course in a practical business setting. 								

2.2. Admission requirements and entry-level competences needed for the course	Bachel	Bachelor's degree							
	L07: A	Organize and lead teamwork and critically judge th Apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative met	hods of busines	ss decision - making in solving economic a	nd managerial problems trough program support				
2.3. Learning outcomes in line with the programme the course		Develop a management plan and propose a strateg	-	-					
contributes to		Select research method, and conduct market resear		-					
		Build a value system in the enterprise based on bu		• •					
	LO18:	Valorise and apply basic legal institutions in the b	usiness environ	ament					
2.4. 2.4. Intended learning outcomes (4 – 10 learning outcomes	(max. 7 1. 2. 3. 4.	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy: I. remember nax. Two verbs per learning outcome)) I. remember nax. Two verbs per learning outcome)) I. remember 1. Describe and explain definitions, principles, competencies and models of contemporary leading ,motivation and leadership as the base of successful business management. 1, 2 2. Set an example and interpret the creation and leadership of successful teams; 4, 2 3. Analyze, identify, detect and evaluate correct and incorrect actions (errors) that occur in the process of leading and leadership; 2, 3 4. Identify and single out appropriate actions in case of detected errors, as well as how to avoid typical errors; 3 5. Master, comment on and critically judge the principles of developing a leader and people as the most valuable asset; 6							
	Const	tructive alignment							
	No	Торіс	Course learning outcomes	Content/teaching method	Assessment scheme	Necessary time			
2.5. Detailed course syllabus		Introduction to the course and the detailed implementation plan.	-	Students listen to the lectures.	-	2 classes			
according to the schedule	1	Concept, definitions, and theories of leadership	1	Students listen to the lectures and read the required reading.	In a midterm or written or oral exam students define the basic terms of successful leadership. Students describe the role of leadership as science, they understand the models and principles of leadership.	4 classes			
	2.	Leading models and principles of the most successful leaders.	1,2	Students listen to the lectures and read the required reading.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to list, differentiate, and give examples of the most important principles of leadership.	4 classes			

3.	Leading styles and how to apply them in practice	2,3	Students listen to the lectures and read the required reading.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and explain leading styles and how to apply them in practice.	4 classes
4.	Key competencies in modern leadership	2,3	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in pairs, solve case studies, thus demonstrating they have acquired knowledge, which they present together with their own ideas and discuss problems.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to recognize, define and demonstrate key competencies in modern system management.	10 classes
5.	Integrity as the most important element of leadership	3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and explain the concept and application of integrity as a key element of a successful leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 classes
6.	The ability to create positive change	3,4	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe all elements necessary to create a positive change in the given environment as a consequence of the actions of the leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	8 classes
7.	Fatal mistakes in leadership and how to avoid them in practice	4,5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use a multimedia network In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe and primarily recognize fatal leadership mistakes and ways to avoid them in simulated situations Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	10 classes
8.	Problem solving process	4,5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use a multimedia network In a seminar discussion student, both individually and in groups, research the content of this topic. Based on the	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and explain all stages of the problem-solving process as qualities and responsibilities of a good leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	4 classes

				research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems		
	9.	Psychological aspect of leadership - emotional and social intelligence of the leader	5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe psychological aspect of leadership and analyse and compare the characteristics of some leaders in terms of emotional and social intelligence. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	6 classes
	10.	Principles of developing people as the most valuable wealth	4, 5	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In seminar classes, they solve a case study.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe basic concepts but also models of developing the quality and efficiency of people as the most valuable asset of any organization.	8 classes
-	11.	Self-discipline and the cost of leadership	5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In seminar classes, they solve a case study.	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe fundamental notions of self-discipline as qualities of a leader.	8 classes
	12.	Vision and strategic leadership model	5, 6	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. In a seminar discussion student individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and present case studies through the characteristics of leaders who bring and show vision as a feature of their competencies. Also, present a strategic model of their vision of successful leadership. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs	10 classes
	13.	Integrity as the most important element of leadership	4, 5, 6,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading. They use a multimedia network In a seminar discussion students individually research the content of this topic. Based on the research and practical exercises they write a seminar paper in which they present acquired knowledge and their own ideas, as well as ways of solving problems	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to define and describe fundamental notions of integrity, personality, and credibility as the most important elements of a successful leader. Prepared and presented seminar paper (independent use of computer programs).	6 classes
	14.	Priorities-key of leadership	4, 5, 6,	Students listen to the lecture and read the required reading	In a midterm or written or oral exam, students know how to describe and critically judge the importance of priorities in leadership decisions.	6classes

	15. Concluding remark preparation for the			isten to the lecture and lividually for the exam.			20 classes	
3.ASSESSMENT SCHEME								
3.1. Student requirements	have to attend at least 50% of th Students who have during the cl · From 0 – 24.9% ECT · From 25 – 49.9% - w · More than 50% - students can pass the final exampresenting a seminar paper and	In line with the Regulations on studying and the Regulations on assessing and grading student work: all full-time students have to attend at least 70% of the classes. All part-time students have to attend at least 50% of the lectures. All students have to write and present a seminar paper, as well as pass the midterm. Students who have during the classes received: From 0 – 24.9% ECTS points - will receive a grade F (fail) and cannot get the ECTS points, and need to retake the course in the next academic year; From 25 – 49.9% - will receive a grade FX (fail), and need to take and pass a written exam. The written exam can be taken during the regular or addi-tional examination dates; More than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during classes after being continuously monitored (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, writing and presenting a seminar paper and passing two midterms); b) during classes (active class participation, making a mind map and solving case studies, writing a seminar paper) and passing the exam (both written and oral parts).						
	Attendance		Written exam	2(excluding th	ne midterm) P	roject		
3.2. Monitoring students' work	Experimental work		Research		Р	ractical work		
(fill in ECTS points for each activity, so the sum equals the	Essay		Term paper		C	Continuous assessment		
total ECTS course score)	Midterms	3 (excluding written and oral exam)	Seminar paper	0,5	(0	other)		
	In – class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1 (excluding t	he midterm) (e	other)		
3.3. Student workload	Based on this the student workle Obligation Class attendance Seminar paper and presentation Preparing for midterms/the examples		semester for 1 ECTS fours (an estimate) 45 10 65	point, and the estimate includ	les:			
	Assessment element	Unsatisfacto	ory	Satisfac	tory	Above ave	8	
	Organisation	The paper is not organised in and lacks structure.	a logical sequence	logical sequence The paper is well – structured with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well – structured with a clear introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion, with an excellent logical connection between all parts.		
4.1. Grading a seminar paper	Terminology, writing style	Words and terms are not in lin terminology. The writing styl appropriate, sentences are too vocabulary and many gramma	e is not long, with modest	Words and terms are in line with the official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, sentence structure is clear, vocabulary is appropriate and there are few grammar mistakes		mistakes.	te that the student The writing style is ar and concise, e are no grammar	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not listed. Refere with the topic and demonstrat research approach.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and contain mistakes. References are in line with the topic and demonstrate a satisfactory research approach.		Sources are listed correctly, completely and consistently. References are appropriate, their list is long and comprehensive, and demonstrates a thorough re-search approach.		

	Unsatisfac	ctory		Satisfactory			Ab	ove averag	ge
4.2. Grading a midterm / written and oral exam	a deeper understanding. They don't know hor use key			The student can reproduce key terms and new knowledge easily, understands the course matter, explains terms and concepts using examples.			The student can analyse, synthetize and evaluate the knowledge. They notice regularities, explain the course matter correctly and thoroughly, and can logically connect and explain terms and concepts using examples. They find solutions that have not been offered before. They notice a correlation with related matter.		
	Active attendance	70-75% attendance		76-86% attendance	87-1	00% atte	endance		awn mind map ved case studies
	Terrye attendance	2 points		4 points		7 poin	ts		3 points
	Sominor nonor	2		3		4			5
4.3. Forming the final grade according to assessment elements	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 poin	ts		10 points
		2		3	4				5
	Midterm/ Written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 poir	nts		40 points
	Oral exam	2		3		5			5
	Orai exam	25 points		30 points		35 points			40 points
1.4. Forming the final grade based on absolute distribution		rcentage of acquired knowledge, s	skills and 90 – 1 80 – 8 65 – 7 60 – 6 50 – 5	00% 9.9% 9.9% 4.9%	Numerical grav 5 (excellent) 4 (very good 3 (good) 2 (satisfacto 2 (satisfacto	l) ory)	ECTS grade A B C D E		
5.ADDITIONAL INFORMATI	ON								
5.1. Required reading		Title					Number of li copies	ibrary	Availability in other media
(available in a library or through other media)	2. Maxwell, J.: Razvijte	vodstvo u sebi, V.B.Z., Zagreb, 2	2003						Available on-line
through other media)	2 Kedžo, Z., Materijali s predavanja								Available on-line
5.2. Additional reading (at the time of submitting changes to the course)		eil, S. L.: Vodstvo – osnovni kora promjena, Lider press d.d., Zagre		vaki manager mora znati, III. Izdanje, M	IATE, 2003.				Available on-line

5.3. Ways of monitoring quality assuring the acquirement of outcome knowledge, skills and competencies	Quality control of students' performance and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. Keeping records on student attendance and participation in the course, as well as acquiring information on student progress by means of midterm exams, the teacher is going to acquire necessary information for further instructions to be given to students, with the aim of increasing their efficiency. Students will be informed on their rights and obligations, as well as learning methods and required reading. Quality assurance indicators: student survey, monitoring annual data issued by the Croatian Employment Service on student employment, employer and the Alumni Association surveys.
5.4. Getting informed on the course and contacting the teacher	Each student is obliged to regularly get informed on the course, the classes and in-class activities. All information regarding the classes or their potential postponement will be published on e- learning course pages, as well as on College website. Students can contact teachers during office hours (at least an hour a week), for shorter questions and explanation they can ask the teacher in class. Questions can also be asked in an e-mail (from an official e-mail address using the domain @vus.hr), to which a reply will be sent as soon as possible (no later than five working days after the e-mail was received).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT	_				
1.1. Title	Business Simulations	1.8. ISVU course code	129870, 202133 (M31, M31-I)			
1.2. Lecturer	turer Želimir Mikulić 1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Professional Graduate Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	2 nd - materials available on-line (video lectures), simulation tools 20%			
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.			
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no			
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %			
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	To introduce students to various types of problems that occur in business decision making. Get to know and learn how to use quantitative methods for selecting and optimizing business decisions. Students will learn to build and solve mathematical models of various problems, select criteria for making business decisions and analyse sensitivity of selected solutions.					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Completed Statistics Collegium					

	LO1. 7	o organize and lead teamwork, and critically judge	the opinions a	nd attitudes of team members				
	LO2. 7	o individually and responsibly search relevant liter	ature for reachi	ing solutions and conclusions				
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO5. To use probabilistic models for different discrete and continuous stochastic phenomena, assess population parameters, set statistical hypotheses, conduct tests analyses with support of computer tools.							
study programme level	L07. 1	To apply and valorize qualitative and quantitative m	ethods of busin	ess decision-making in solving economic	and managerial problems through program suppor	t		
	and too	To interpret the process and principle of modeling, ols such as Excel and ExpertFit						
		To identify various problems, risks and risky situat ny's state analysis	ions in modern	management and propose adequate solution	ons for identified problems and risk management r	nechanisms based on the		
	Lear	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonon o two verbs per LO)	ny:			LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis		
	1. To classify and check simulation models as Monte Carlo, discrete, continuous or mixed.,							
	2. To design a discrete simulation model for a given process or system and analyze its limitations,							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	3. To find and organize data and judge appropriate distribution using a custom tool (ExpertFit and Excel)							
on the course level	4. To identify system states, variables events and KPI and experiment with models in simulation tools							
	5. To build a diagram of the system/process in the programming tool Arena and recommend parameters for performing simulations and present outputs.							
	6. To design Monte Carlo simulation models in Excel using @Řisk tool, for the risk assessment,							
	7. Using output graphs (Excel) and animation (Arena) will be able to present output results.							
	8. Analyze output outcomes, identify patterns, predict risks, and suggest optimal choice of parameters / decisions to manage business systems.							
	9. B	9. By designing and implementing simulation models, it will be able to review existing solutions, evaluate proposed alternatives, and propose solutions.						
	10. T	o evaluate and critique decision modelling settings	to get optimal	results avoiding bias and standard error.		5,6		
	Cons	tructive alignment						
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed		
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introductory lecture. Basic idea of simulation. Different simulation models.	1	Listen to the lecture.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	2 hours		
	2.	Types of simulation Construction of simulation models.	1, 2, 3	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	10 hours		

3	3. Discrete and continuous simulations	1, 2, 3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium	12hours
4	4. Strategy of performing simulation models on a computer	1,2,3,4,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	14 hours
5	5. Conceptual simulation models, system event graphs	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
e	6. Modelling of simple system with event graphs	2,3,4	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
7	 Basic elements of probability and statistics, generation and analysis of input data samples 	3, 8, 6	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
٤	 Modelling of complex systems with graph events. Specialized simulation packages. 	3, 4, 5, 6,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
ç	9. Arena simulation software. Using animations.	3, 4, 5	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
1	10. Modelling of complex systems in the Arena	3,4,5,8,9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	10 hours
1	Ability to use the MS Excel program package to perform simulations.	4, 6, 7,8	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
1	Building models for Monte Carlosimulations in different businessfields.	4, 6, 7, 8, 9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	8 hours
1	13. Analyzing simulation results and risk assessment	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate solutions of assignments on written exam/colloquium and answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 hours
1	14. Analysing influence of simulation parameters on simulation results	3, 4, 5, 6, 7,8,910	Listen to the lecture, solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	6 hours
1	15. Decision Optimization using simulation results.	5, 6, 7,8,9,10	Listen to the lecture, modelling and solving assigned problems and read the literature.	Evaluate answers to the problem questions during oral exams.	12 s hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK							
3.1. Students` obligations	 n accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation o attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year. From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period. More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, creating and resenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam (written and oral exam). 							
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	2	Written exam			Project		
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research			Practical work	2	
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay	Report			Continuous examination			
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Score Colloquium Seminar paper				Other (inscribe)			
of the course)	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam		1,5	Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes (i	ncluding lectures and exercises) lectures and exam through self-s			work per semester and is esti Hours (estimate) 75 60 45	mated as:		
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying		average	
	Design of model (50%)	Model not workable or not features of system it has to	o represent.	Workable model which covers basic features of the system it represents		Student designs mod abstraction which wi decision making. Sel stochastic variables of	Il provide all KPI for ects distributions for optimally.	
4.1. Project grading	Simulation run (10 %)	Does not understand the in parameters for simulation simulation results			understands influence of on run parameters on results.	Based on variability students optimally se simulations run.	lects parameters for	
	Result Analysis (40%)	Student is not capable to in simulation run.	tudent is not capable to interpret results of Stude		correctly interprets simulation ased on received statistics.	simulation results an	Students selects best decision based on simulation results and is capable to perform what-if analysis and parameters optimisation.	

]	Poor			Satisfying			Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know	Give answer by memory, no Does not know and does not and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.		ms ne ents th	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfersevnew knowledge, understands subject matter, explainsththe terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.lo			evalua thorou logica that it	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that ware not originally given.		accurately and the subject, and ms and concepts
	Active participation	in the	70-74,9% of att	tendance	75-79,9	% of attendance	80-89	,9% of a	ttendance	90-100	0% of attendance
4.2 Creating a final and	lessons		2 points			5 points		10 poin	ts		20 points
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation			2			3		4			5
elements	Project		50-64,9%		-	5-79,9%		80-89,9			90-100%
cionientis			25 points	S		30 points		35 poin	ts		40 points
	Oral exam		2			3		5		5	
		Dem	25 points centage of adopted	S		30 points		35 poin	ts		40 points
			owledge skills and		erous grade	ECTS grade					
4.4. Creating a final grade			90 - 100%		5 (excellent) A						
according to absolute allocation			80-89,9%		ery good)	В					
			65 - 79,9% 60 - 64,9%		(good) ufficient)	C D					
			50-59.9%	(ufficient)	E E					
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT 5.1. Compulsory literature	ION ABOUT TH	E COU	IRSE	Titl	e				Number of copi library		Availability via other media
(available in the library and through other media)	Berard, Excel Simulations,	nulation Modeling and Analysis, 4th ad., McGrow Hill, 2007 erard, Excel Simulations, Holy Macro, 2014. DOWSKY R.P., SADOWSKY, D., Simulation with Arena, 2nd Ed., McGrow Hill 2003					1 1 1		Available On-line Available On-line Available On-line		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	5. Winston W	 Waters D.: Quantitative Methods for Business, FT Prentice Hall, 5rd Ed. Winston W., Albright C.: Practical Management Science, South Western 3rd Ed. 				1 1 1		Available On-line Available On-line Available On-line			

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course, Piazza platform and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers in person during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to contact teachers via e-mail and schedule on-line meeting via Zoom and Teams platforms.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Methods of Scientific Research	1.8. ISVU course code	129875					
1.2. Lecturer	MA Gina Lugović, S. Lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	?	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	45L+15S					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Professional Graduate Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , materials available online, 0% of course online.					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1					
1.6. Study year	2.	1.13. Modernization	□ yes □ no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% □ More than 20 % □					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives	introduce students to ypes of scientific and professional papers, esearch into science, nethods and phases of research work, lata collection methods in the research process, esearch instruments, processing and data analysis, and by applying acquired knowledge in research proce	sses and writing.						

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No inp	No input competence.							
2.3. Learning outcomes on the		Fo individually and responsibly search relevant lite							
study programme level2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Dected learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)						Recapture, standing, ation, is, ttion, sis		
	2. To p 3. Con 4. Exp	To propose and decide on adequate methods of data collection in the research process Combine acquired knowledge in research processes and in research writing, Explain the basic principles of critical review of relevant literature independently and responsibly, and correctly present the literature used, Combine acquired knowledge in writing and interpreting your own research.							
	Cons	tructive alignment							
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation		Time needed		
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	-		10 hours		
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule			1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In written exams they can define science. They can explain the scientific purpose and scientific methods.		10 hours		
	2.	Research and research philosophy. Types of research. Research ethics. Basic principles of critical review of literature.	1, 4	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic discussed are applied in seminar work.	In written exams, they ca explain research and rese philosophy, types and eth research, and will discuss importance of ethical issu research. They know how	arch nics of s the nes in	12 hours		

				the basic principles of critical review of relevant literature.	
3.	Quantitative methodology. The basic features of a quantitative approach.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In the written exams they know how to explain the quantitative methodology and the basic features of the quantitative approach.	10 hours
4.	Qualitative methodology. Principles of qualitative research.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic.	In written exams they know how to explain qualitative methodology and principles of qualitative research.	10 hours
5.	Selection and definition of research problem. Collecting literature. Development of the theoretical framework. Defining the goals of the research.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In the written exams, they know how to propose and define a research problem (s). They know how to gather literature for a theoretical framework of research and define the goal (s) of research.	12 hours
6.	Defining variables and scale of measurement. Defining a hypothesis.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In written exams, they can define variables and explain measurement scales, and formulate hypotheses.	12 hours
7.	Drawing up a research project. Determination of the sample and types of research.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	On written exams they know how to draft research. They know how to determine a pattern for certain types of research.	10 hours
8.	Methods of data collection: desk analysis, content analysis, case study, observation.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In written exams, they can explain and suggest methods of data collection: desk analysis, content analysis, case study and observation for specific research.	12 hours
9.	Methods of data collection: Survey.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and	In written exams they know how to explain and suggest methods of data collection: a survey for specific research.	14 hours

			presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic		
10.	Methods of data collection: interview, focus group.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In written exams they know how to explain and suggest methods of data collection: interview and focus groups for specific research.	12 hours
11.	Methods of data collection: other research methods.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	Written exams know how to explain and suggest methods of data collection: other research methods, for specific research	10 hours
12.	Compilation of research instrument.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	They can explain and design research instruments in written exams.	20 hours
13.	Processing and analysis of data. Showing results. Discussion and Conclusion.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In the written exams they know how to explain and decide the type of data processing and analysis. They know how to design results. They know how to explain and choose a way to discuss and formulate a conclusion.	14 hours
14.	Instructions and tips for making work. Language and style of writing.	2, 3, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic	In the written exams, they can explain the importance of instructions and tips for writing a paper, and decide on the language and style of writing a paper.	12 hours
15.	Types of scientific and professional papers.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	They listen to a lecture, read literature, and use the Internet. At the seminar classes, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and creating a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work, the brainstorming method and the method of discussing the topic.	In the written exams they can explain the types of scientific and professional papers.	10 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WORK							
3.1. Students` obligations	Attendance at lectures, submitted	Attendance at lectures, submitted seminar papers.						
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	1	Written exam		3	Project	/	
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work	/	Research		/	Practical work	/	
for each activity so that the total	Essay	/	Report		/	Continuous examination	/	
number of ECTS points	Colloquium	/	Seminar paper		2	Other (inscribe)	/	
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activities	/	Oral exam		/	Other (inscribe)	/	
	The student's workload on	all bases amounts to 1 EC	TS point for 30	hours of w	vork per semester and is estim	nated as:		
	Commitment			1	Hours (estimate)			
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes			6	60			
	2. Creating and Preser				30			
	3. Preparation for the	Colloquium / exam through self-se	tudy	Ģ	90			
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying		Above average		
	Organization	The paper is not organized in a logical order and its structure is lacking.		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusion.		The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology. V not appropriate, sentences a modest vocabulary, and free repeated grammatical mista	Vriting style is re too long, quent and	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is clear, the vocabulary is appropriate and has little grammatical errors.		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at references do not match the a superficial approach to the	topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		

		Poor	Satisfying			Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know and	mory, no deeper understanding. does not apply the basic terms ot apply or explain the contents	Reproduces basic terms, without dif new knowledge, understands subject the terms and the notions that examples.	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis, and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.		rately and subject, and nd concepts are not		
	Active participation in t	he 70-75% of attendance	76-86% of attendance	87-	100% of attendance		ed mental map. ed case study.	
	lessons	2 points	4 points		7 points		3 points	
	a .	2	3		4		5	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper	5 points	7 points		8 points	1	0 points	
according to evaluation		2	3		4		5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%	65-79,9%		80-89,9%	ç	90-100%	
	exam	25 points	30 points		35 points	2	10 points	
	Oral exam	2	3		5		5	
		25 points	30 points		35 points		40 points	
	I		s and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerous grad	U	le		
1.4. Creating a final and		90 -	5 (excellent)	A				
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			- 89,9% - 79,9%	4 (very good) 3 (good)	B C			
according to absolute anocation			- 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D			
			- 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E			
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	ION ABOUT THE (COURSE				Number of copies	Availability via	
5.1. Compulsory literature			Title			in the library	other media	
(available in the library and	1. Mejovšek, M. (200	08.). Metode znanstvenog istraživanja, I	I dio, str. 3-195. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap.			5		
through other media)	2. Milas, G. (2009.). Is Naklada Slap.	2. Milas, G. (2009.). Istraživačke metode u psihologiji i drugim društvenim znanostima (str. 3-47, 51-59, 335-612,), 2. izdanje. Jastrebarsko:						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Milas, G. (2009.). Istraživačke metode u psihologiji i drugim društvenim znanostima (str. 63-90), 2. izdanje. Jastrebarsko: Naklada Slap. 				3			

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.	
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).	

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Management of EU Projects	1.8. ISVU course code	146384				
1.2. Lecturer	Domagoja Buljan Barbača, PhD	1.9. MOZVAG course code					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.				
1.6. Study year	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	2.1. Course objectives • Train students to be able to participate in the preparation and implementation of EU-funded projects. The key objective is to equip students with the basic knowledge and skills necessary for the successful accession and management of projects financed by EU financial instruments.						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences Conditions for enrollment on 2 nd year of study.							

	LO1. 0	Drganize and guide work in the team, and critically	judge the opinio	ons and attitudes of the team's stakeholder	S					
	LO2. Independently and responsibly search relevant literature for solutions and conclusions.									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO9. Choose the research method, conduct market research and interpret the results of the research conducted.									
study programme level	LO13.	Propose decisions on production, operations, flows	, capacities, cos	sts and processes using analysis and monit	oring of the achieved indicators and results.					
	LO15.	Identify the possibility of financing projects from E	European Union	funds and programs and to actively partic	cipate in applications for competitions and project prej	paration.				
	LO10. based of	Identify various problems, risks and risky situations on the analysis of the company's health.	s in modern ma	nagement and management and propose a	dequate solutions for identified problems and risk man	nagement mechanisms				
	Lear	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonon o two verbs per LO)	ny:		1 2 3 4 9 6	. Analysis, . Evaluation,				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	1. Know how to define and link key concepts related to the management of EU projects,									
on the course level	2. Identify and evaluate the European structural funds conducive to the financing of specific projects,									
	3. Justify the institutional framework for the implementation of EU funds financing in the Republic of Croatia and explore its functionality,									
	4. Explain and graphically display project cycle management,									
	5. Know how to create and use a logic matrix,									
	 Know how to find and interpret current tenders for EU projects, Draw up a project application; Know how to plan the implementation of EU projects, 									
	 Draw up a project application; Know how to plan the implementation of EU projects, 8. Participate in the creating EU projects and write reports. 									
		tructive alignment		Γ		2, 6				
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1	Introduction to the course and detailed performance plan of teaching.	-	They listen to the lecture. At the seminar, they can learn about the contents of the course and documents placed on the e-Learning page of the course.	-	2 hours				
		The foundations of the functioning of the European Union.	1, 3, 6	They listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam define the fundamental principles of the functioning of the European Union. They describe the roles, powers and reciprocity of the actions of the EU.	4 hours				
	2.	Overview of historical development- emergence and development of the EU.	1, 2, 6	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they form working teams and define their roles in the project team.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can explain the fundamental principles of the functioning of the EU, the most important institutions and their fundamental roles and powers.	12 hours				

3.	Use of funds: EU strategies and policies for the period 2014.0-2020.	1, 6, 7	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they investigate and analyse open calls for funding from European sources.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam can list and distinguish funding opportunities from European sources. Determine the time-stream of availability of individual sources of fionance as well as spot differences in application.	12 hours
4.	European structural and investment funds. Union programmes.	1, 2, 3, 6, 7	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they discuss the possible application of the project proposal by linking to the text of one of the currently open or closed tenders from the site www.strukturnifondovi.hr	In a colloquy or written and oral exam can access the relevant sources of information and evaluate and review them critically.	10 hours
5.	Institutional framework for implementation of EU funds in CROATIA.	1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they discuss the basic guidelines for drafting theire project proposal. They apply analysis of the problem-making the problem tree.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe the basic mechanisms for implementing funding from EU funds. They know how to create a problem tree and identify the causal links between the problems associated with the underlying problem on which the base project idea is focused.	10 hours
6.	Project Cycle Management.	1, 3, 4, 6, 7,8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they continue to work on the project idea and to create a goal tree and carry out stakeholder analysis.	They can define and describe how the project cycle is managed by a colloquy or written and oral exam. They know how to create a goal tree and carry out stakeholder analysis.	10 hours
7.	Defining the basic characteristics of the project. The elements and the course of the project cycle.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they continue to work on the project idea and make corrections to the problem tree, the goal tree and the outcome of the stakeholder analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and apply the tools they use: The problem tree, the goal tree on the specific project idea they are making. Parse the project to the relevant elements and identify the progress of the project implementation.	20 hours
8.	Logical matrix Access (PLM). Emergence and use in EU projects. Defining PLM.	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. They build a logic matrix for their project on exercises. Define the elements that the tool seeks at the level of general and specific objectives.	They can define and describe access to the logical matrix in a Colloquy or written and oral exam. They can define the requirements of the logical matrix and the methodology of its filling.	12 hours
9.	Main steps PLM. Information contained in the logical matrix- structure LM. PLM-elaborated analysis and planning phases.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they continue to create a logical matrix for the project. Define the elements that the tool requires at the level of results and activity.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe the logic matrix for a given project. Define the time course of the project phases	16 hours

	10.	Stakeholder analysis: Target groups, Cranji users, Partners, associates. Problem analysis: Creating a problem tree. Goal analysis: Creating a tree of goals. Analysis and selection of strategy.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. In the discussions with all students, they make corrections to the previously crafted tools.	They know how to define and describe the basic steps of designing and selecting a strategy in a colloquist or written and oral exam.	8 hours
	11.	Preparation of the project budget. The most common cost categories. The most common mistakes in budgeting.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. They build a framework for the budget on exercises.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe the process of designing the project. They can also express and present the basic elements and functionality of the budget as a compulsory tool.	12 hours
	12.	Determining project activities. Managing activities, resources and costs	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the exercises they connect the elements of the project, activities and costs.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam, they can define and describe how the relationship between project activities, resources and costs is created.	10 hours
	13.	Completing the project application. Evaluation of the project application. Steps in the evaluation.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature. On the exercises they fill the reduced project application of the projects they made during the semester.	They know how to define and describe the process of evaluating project proposals in a Colloquy or written and oral exam. They know the criteria and methodology for conducting the evaluation process.	12 hours
	14.	Challenges of implementation, monitoring and reporting (visiting lecture).	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8	They listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically judge the presented project from the real sector with an emphasis on understanding the challenges of implementing and monitoring the progress of the project.	10 hours
	15.	Examples of good practice (visiting lecture).		They listen to the lecture and take time be individually prepared for the exam.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe and critically judge the presented project from the real sector with an emphasis on understanding the challenges of implementing and monitoring the progress of the project.	20 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	ORK				
3.1. Students` obligations	to atter Studer Studer makin	 nd at least 50% of lectures. All students must create nts who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuperior from 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (and the form than 50% ECTS credits - students have the state of the final exam in two ways: a) during the final exam i	e, present and po uccessful) and c inadequate) and he right to acce he course throug o colloquia); b) o	cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol has to come out and pass the test (exam). ss the final exam of the subject. gh continuous student attendance (active pa during the course (active participation in th	ents attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students l the subject in the next academic year. A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinar articipation in the lessons, creating mental map, solving he lessons, creating mental map, solving case studies, cr	y exam period. case studies,

	Attendance	1,5	Written exam		2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project	1,5		
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work	Research				Practical work			
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report			Continuous examination			
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		0,5	Other (inscribe)			
	Class activities		Oral exam		1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)			
3.3. Student workload	4. Attending classes 5. Creating and Preser	 Attending classes Creating and Presenting seminar paper 				hours of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 45 45 30			
4. GRADING									
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Abov	ve average		
	Organization	The paper is not organized order and its structure is la		distinctio	er is well structured with a clea on between the introduction, the t of the text and the conclusion	he main part of the text and the conclusions			
4.1. Seminar paper grading Terminology, writing style with not		with official terminology. not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fr	with official terminology. Writing style is not appropriate, sentences are too long, modest vocabulary, and frequent and th		nd phrases are aligned with off ogy. The writing style is ate, the sentence structure is cle bulary is appropriate and has li ical errors.	terminology and sh their meaning. The excellent, the sente concise, the vocabu	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified a references do not match th a superficial approach to t	e topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		vith Sources are accurat or consistent. The refe arch their list is "rich" at	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate,		

		I	Poor			Satisfying		Ab	oove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.				erms, without difficu derstands subject matt e notions that subs	ter, explains	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.	
	Active participation	in the	70-75% of atte	ndance	76-869	% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.
	lessons		2 points			4 points		7 points	3 points
	C		2			3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points			7 points		8 points	10 points
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written exam		2			3		4	5
elements			50-64,9%		65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-100%
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points
	0.1		2		3		5		5
	Oral exam		25 points	5	3	30 points	35 points		40 points
4.4. Creating a final and	1		centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numer	ous grade	ECTS grade	ECTS grade		·
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90-100%	`	cellent)	А			
according to absolute anotation			80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9%	· · · · ·	ry good) good)	B			
			60-64,9%		fficient)	D			
			50 - 59,9%	2 (su	fficient)	Е			

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE									
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media						
	3. Upravljanje EU projektima (2014.), Zagreb, TIM4PIN d.o.o.	5	Available On-line						
unough other media)	4. Tufekčić, M., Tufekčić, Ž., (2013.) EU politike i fondovi: 20142020., Zagreb, Plavi partner.	5	Available On-line						
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	7. www.strukturnifondovi.hr		Available On-line						
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency						
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one h can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address to the dbuljanb @ vus.hr) that will days from the receipt of e-mail).	nour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations						

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AB	OUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Cost-Benefit Analysis	1.8. ISVU course code	187560					
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Žaja, mag.oec., lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.					
1.6. Study year	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives The aim is that students acquire basic theoretical and practical knowledge of cost-benefit analysis as a tool for assessing the acceptability of investment projects. Prepare students for assessing the financial sustainability of an investment project as well as evaluating its overall social impact.								
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	requirements.							

	L01. 0	Organize and lead the team work, and critically judg	ge the opinions	and attitudes of the team's stakeholders							
	LO2. I	LO2. Individually and responsibly search relevant literature for solutions and conclusions									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO14. Analyze and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia										
study programme level	LO15.	LO15. Identify the possibility of financing projects from European Union funds and programs									
	LO17.	Assess the acceptability of an investment project b	ased on econom	nic-financial analysis made with the help of	of modern tools and techniques.						
						LO Level:					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes		ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonor o two verbs per LO)	ny:			 Recapture, Understanding, Application, Analysis, Evaluation, Synthesis 					
on the course level	 to categorize and link concepts/components of cost-benefit analysis, to evaluate the constraints in carrying out cost-benefit analysis, and suggest in what situations the method of cost-benefit analysis should be used purposefully 										
	 to identify and evaluate the financial and socio-economic costs and benefits of the investment project, to calculate and interpret project's financial and economic indicators, 										
	5. make a decision on the acceptability of the investment project, based on the results of cost-benefit analysis,										
	6. use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English,										
	7. р	resent accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and so	lutions indepen	dently and in the team.		6					
	Cons	tructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed					
2.5. Course content according to	1	Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan	-	Listen to the lecture. On exercises, independently with use of computer, students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e- learning course page.	-	2 hours					
detailed curriculum schedule		Introduction to cost benefit analysis. Basic terms.	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students are able to define and categorize basic terms in CBA field.	8 hours					
	2.	Development and application of cost benefit analysis. Types of CBA.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises students, independently and in teams, analyse examples of different types of CBA.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can recognize when it is useful to apply CBA and can explain differences between different types of CBA. Can explain basic principles in making CBA They know how to critically judge different views on costs and benefits of individual project from perspective of different participants in the analysis	8 hours					

				and their influence on implementation of the analysis.	
3.	Formal concepts of cost benefit analysis. Components of analysis.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises students, independently, in pairs or in Socrates' threesome make mental maps and solve case studies by which they demonstrate adoption of previously acquired knowledge and present their own ideas. Discuss problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define, categorize and connect basic terms in CBA. Can construct a diagram which connects seven basic components of CBA.	8 hours
4.	Cost-benefit analysis in the context of EU funds.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Students individually explore the content of this field by searching data bases. Based on this and read literature they make seminar paper with which they present acquired knowledge, their own ideas and ways to solve problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can explain what questions CBA can give answers to, in context of EU cohesion policy. Analyse role of CBA in contribution to EU goals.	8 hours
5.	Environment analysis, definition of goals and project identification.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises students, independently solve case studies by which they demonstrate adoption of previously acquired knowledge and present their own ideas. Discuss problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can make environment analysis, describe context of the project. Can formulate main, general goals of the projects for which CBA can be made in individual sectors. Establish when the project is clearly specified, identify areas of influence, end users and project stakeholders. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
6.	Project feasibility analysis - demand analysis and analysis of options.	1, 2, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Students individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the databases and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can know how to propose objectively measurable indicators in demand analysis and the sources of their verification. They know how to anticipate the constraints / mistakes that occur in demand forecasting. They know how to explain the link between a feasibility study and a cost-benefit analysis. They know how to make a Gantt chart. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
7.	Introduction to financial analysis.	1, 3, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises independently with use of computer students establish future and present value of money.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they know to explain basic concepts in the field of financial analysis and conduct cash flow discounting. They know how to explain differences in financial analysis of public and private projects, determine the goals of conducting financial analysis. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours

8.	Financial analysis of costs and benefits. Defining and estimating costs and benefits. Sources of financing.	1, 3, 4, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises independently with use of computer they make financial analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they know how to make a projection of operating costs and revenues over the life of the project, calculate and interpret the residual value of the project, define possible sources of project financing. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
9.	Financial Profitability and sustainability of the project.	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. On practical exercises independently with use of computer they make financial analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students know how to perform financial analysis by calculating and interpreting basic indicators (FNPV (C), FNPV (K), FRR (C), FRR (K)). They know how to check the financial viability of a project. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
10.	Introduction to economic analysis.	1, 2, 3, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. During the exercises, they individually explore the content of this topic area by searching databases, and on the basis of it and reading the literature, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. In group work on exercises, a case study is handled.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students know how to explain basic concepts in the field of economic analysis, explain the differences between financial and economic analysis. Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs).	10 hours
11.	Economic analysis.	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Students independently, with use of computer, conduct economic analysis.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they know how to do economic analysis: implement fiscal adjustments, apply conversion factors, identify and monetize project social costs and benefits, discount estimated costs and benefits, calculate and interpret basic economic analysis indicators (ENPV, ERR, B / C). Critically evaluate and interpret the results of the financial and economic analysis performed and reach a conclusion on the eligibility of investment in the project.	10 hours
12.	Cost-benefit analysis application in different sectors.	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They individually research the content of this topic area by searching the databases and, on the basis of it, and the literature read, create a seminar paper that presents the acquired knowledge and presents their own ideas, and ways to solve problems.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students know how to describe common principles and rules for applying analysis in the practice of different sectors, identify those sector-specific analysis aspects, such as typical economic costs and benefits, valuation methods, reference periods, etc.	8 hours
13.	Risk assessment. Sensitivity analysis.	1, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students are able to identify and analyse key project risks, Seminar paper created and presented (using computer programs independently).	10 hours

					On practical exercises i with use of computer th analysis.				
	14.	Other tools of ana analysis in Public (PPP).	lysis. Cost benefit Private Partnership	1, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and literature. In group wor a case study is handled.	k on exercises,	describe and cr financing large review differen for the constru	r written and oral exam they can itically evaluate different ways of infrastructure projects. Select and at public-private partnership models ction of public infrastructure and the frastructure services.	8 hours
	15.	Concluding Consi Repeating and Pre			Listen to the lecture and preparation for the example.				42 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK							
3.1. Students` obligations	Studen Studen semina	ts who have during the c From 0 – 24,9% EC From 25 – 49,9% EC More than 50% ECT	ourse achieved: TS credits- is rated F (unst CTS credits - is rated FX (fS credits - students have t n in two ways: a) during th	inccessful) and inadequate) an he right to acc ae course throu	ess the final exam of the su	nd must re-enrol s the test (exam). ibject. ndance (active pa	A written exam	e next academic year; can be held in a regular or extraordina e lessons, solving case studies, making presenting the seminar paper) and pa	and presenting the
	Attend	ance	1	Writ	ten exam	3 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an v examination)	e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work		Rese	arch			Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Repo	ort			Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium 4 (by submitting both colloquiums the student i relieved of a written and oral examination)		ent is Semi	inar paper	0,5		Other (inscribe)		
	Class a	activities	0,5	Oral	exam	1 (by submittin colloquiums th relieved of an o examination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)	

3.3. Student workload	Commitment 1. Attending classes 2. Creating and Presen			hours of work per semester and Hours (estimate) 60 15 105	60 15			
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor	Satisfying		Above average			
	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is		The paper is well structured with distinction between the introduction main part of the text and the conc	on, the	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another		
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	 Writing style is s are too long, Frequent and 	Writing style is are too long, equent andterminology. The writing style is appropriate, the sentence structure is the vocabulary is appropriate and ha		Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.		
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified references do not match t a superficial approach to	the topic and show	Sources are listed, but incomplete errors. The references are appropri the subject and show a satisfactor attitude.	iate for	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.		
	Poo)r		Satisfying		Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no Does not know and does no and concepts. Cannot apply of the course.	t apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.		evaluati thoroug logically that it en original	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.		

	Active participation	n in the	70-75% of att	endance	76-86	% of attendance	8	7-100% of a	tendance S	olved case study.
	lessons		2 points	5		4 points		7 point	s	3 points
			2		3			4		5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper		5 points	8		7 points		8 point	s	10 points
according to evaluation			2			3		4		5
elements	Colloquium / writt exam	en	50-64,99	%		65-79,9%		80-89,9	%	90-100%
	exam		25 point	ts		30 points		35 poin	ts	40 points
			2			3		5		5
	Oral exam		25 point	ts		30 points		35 poin	ts	40 points
ki		knc compet	centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam) 90 – 100% 80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%	Numeron 5 (exco 4 (very 3 (go 2 (suff 2 (suff	ellent) 7 good) pood) icient)	ECTS grad			Number of conics in the	Availability via
				Title					Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	 Florio, M. et al (2015). *Vodič kroz analizu troškova i koristi investicijskih projekata, Alat za ekonomsku procjenu kohezijske politike 2014-2020*. Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg. (selected chapters) 							Available on-line		
through other media)			*CBA –Analiza troškova			~ `			3	
			2015). *Provedbena ured Službeni list Europske un		J) 2015/207 (Pri	log III – Metodologija	za provedbu	analize		Available on-line
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	1. Boromisa,	 troškova i koristi)*. Službeni list Europske unije, Bruxelles. Boromisa, A. (2016). *Od troškova do koristi: analiza troškova i koristi u pripremi projekta*. Alinea, Zagreb. Rosen, H.S. i Gayer, T. (2010). *Javne financije*. Institut za javne financije, Zagreb. 				3 3				

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.	
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).	

3. GENERAL	INFORMATION		
1.1. Course lecturer	Anita Grubišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	
1.2. Course title	Financial Institutions and Markets	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Guest lecturers	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	45 P + 15 P
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	3.10.1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	3.11.1.12. Number of course revisions	1
1.6. Year of study	2	1.13. Modernization	Yes
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%X□More than 20 %□
2. COURSE DES	CRIPTION		
2.1. Course objectives		derstanding the functioning of the capital market, understanding the al institutions operating in the market. The problem of crisis and frau	
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions		

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	To analyse business environment, distinguish the company's competitive advantages and propose different business strategies to achieve the company's goals To analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of innovation in business To apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems through program support To analyse and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, critically reflect on contemporary trends in the Republic of Croatia, and propose solutions to stimulate economic prosperity To identify various problems, risks and risky situations in modern management and propose adequate solutions for identified problems and risk management mechanisms based on the company's state analysis To assess acceptability of an investment project based on economic-financial analysis made with the help of modern tools and techniques To valorise and apply basic legal institutions in business environment To interpret the importance of financial markets for the entire economy, the role and importance of financial intermediaries, and polemicize the outcomes and consequences of asymmetric information acting on financial market participants and business entities							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Level of LO: I - remembering, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4-analysis, 5-evaluation, 6-synthesis Assess the importance of financial markets for the health of the entire economy of a particular country, and the role and importance of financial intermediaries. 4,5 Accurately evaluate the outcomes and consequences of asymmetric information on financial market participants. 4,5 Properly define the money market, its role and participants, describe money market instruments. 4,5 Categorize types of capital markets; distinguish types of securities and types of financial institutions, and types of banks and loans. 3,4 Distinguish the most important financial institutions of the non-banking sector, describe the role and importance of insurance companies, pension and investment 5,6							
	Numbe r	d the leasing and factoring companies. Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching method	Evaluation		Duration	
2.5. Course content	1.	Introductory lecture. Financial system.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral ex financial system.	am they define the basis of	12	
according to detailed	2.	Financial markets. Capital Markets and Money Market.	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	the parts of the financial s		12		
curriculum schedule	3. Primary and Secondary Market. Financial institutions. 1,2,3 1,2,3 They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts. In the written and oral exam they know how to analyze and evaluate the divisions of markets and financial institutions.							
	4.	Capital Market Institutions. Regulation and control. Capital Markets Securities	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		am they know how to apply Regulation and Supervision of s.	12	

	5.	Central Banking and Monetary Policy Management. Banks.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam they know how to value and synthesize securities of the capital market.	12
	6.	Types of banks. Banking risks.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize central banking and monetary policy management. At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize banks and types of banks.	12
	7.	Pension reform. Pension funds	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In both the written and oral examinations, they know how to evaluate and synthesize pension funds.	12
	8.	Investment funds.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize the importance and work of financial market and supervisory institutions.	12
	9.	Insurance companies.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize mutual funds and insurance companies.	12
	10.	The Zagreb Stock Exchange.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam they know how to value and synthesize the stock market	12
	11.	Money Market Zagreb.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam they know how to value and synthesize the money market.	12
	12.	Field work.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - the importance of the existence of financial institutions and markets in regulated companies.	12
	13.	Movements in modern finances.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam they know how to evaluate and synthesize trends, trends in modern finance.	12
	14.	Financial Institutions and Markets	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - the importance of the existence of financial institutions and markets in regulated companies.	12
	15.	Guest lecturer.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - the importance of the existence of financial institutions and markets in regulated companies.	12
3. EVALUATIO	N OF ST	TUDENTS` WORK				
3.1. Students` obligations	Attend	ance (in accordance with the Rulebook on Stud	dying) and the p	reparation of homework assignments are	e required for signature.	

3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	1		Written exam			Project	
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work			Research			Practical work	1
for each activity so that the total	Essay			Report			Continuous examination	1
number of ECTS points	Colloquium			Seminar paper	1		Other	
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activity	1		Oral exam	1		Otheer	
3.3. Student workload	Student workload on all bases5. Attending classes and6. Preparing colloquia o	exercises 6	0 hours		nated as:			
4. GRADING SY	STEM							
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-							
	Unsatisfactory		5	Satisfactory		Above av	5	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a understanding. Does not know o basic terms and concepts. Does n how to apply or explain the cont course with examples.	r apply 10t know	difficulty impunderstands the	basic concepts and without parts new knowledge, material, explains the terms pported with examples.	Observes the content of the terms and c	e is at the level of analys he principles, accurately the material, and logical concepts supported with riginally given. Notes co		
	Active course attendance	70-75%	of attendance	76-86% of attendat	nce	87-100% of	attendance	Max. Points
		4	points	7 points		10ро	ints	20 points
	Seminar paper							
4.3. Final grade according to	··· r · r ·							
evaluation			2	3		4		5
elements	Colloquia/ Written exam	50	-64,9%	65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
		41	points	53 points		65 po	ints	72 points
	Oral exam		2	3		4		5
		9	points	12 points		15 points		18 points

4.3. Final grade	Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)	Numerical grade	ECTS grade
according to	90-100%	5 (excellent)	А
absolute	80 - 89,9%	4 (very good)	В
division	65 - 79,9%	3 (good)	С
	60 - 64,9%	2 (satisfactory)	D
	50 - 59,9%	2 (satisfactory)	Е

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
(available in the library and via other media)	1. Lešić, Z., Grgurek, M., Financijske institucije i tržišta, Zaprešić, 2014		YES		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Klačmer Čalopa M.; Cingula, M.: Financijske institucije i tržište kapitala, TIVA, Varaždin, 2009. Saunders, A. i Cornett, M. M.: Financijska tržišta i institucije, Poslovni dnevnik, Masmedia, Zagreb, 2006. www.nn.hr, www.dab.hr, www.fina.hr, www.hanfa.hr, www.hbor.hr, www.hgk.hr, www.hnb.hr, www.hrportfolio.hr, www.mfin.hr, www.regos.hr, www.sda.hr 	2			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	programme)Image: constraint of the control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By knowledge the student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for fure the acquisition of the provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the met acquisition of the information of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual				
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activitie will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possil e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the	contact teachers during the ble to ask questions by e-m	e consultation period		

4. GENERAL	INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Anita Grubišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU						
1.2. Course title	Controlling	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Guest lecturers	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	45 P + 15 P					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	4.10.1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	4.11.1.12. Number of course revisions	1					
1.6. Year of study	2	1.13. Modernization	Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%X□More than 20 %□					
2. COURSE DES	CRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	Gain knowledge of strategic factical and operational planning and forecasting							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions							

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	Analyse of the co Analyse Apply an	ndependently and responsibly search the relevant literature for solutions and conclusions, Analyse the environment of the company, differentiate the competitive advantages of the company and propose different business strategies towards achieving the goals of the company Analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in micro and macro business environments and propose innovative solutions and tactics for business innovation Apply and evaluate qualitative and quantitative business decision-making methods in solving economic and managerial problems using software Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results								
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the	Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes according taxonomy: (up to two									
course level	1. Develo 2. Know 3.Display 4. Foreca 5. Develo	4,5 4,5 3,4 5,6								
	Numb er	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching method	Evaluation		Duration			
	1.	Introductory lecture Controlling basics: mission, model, system.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and or model and controllir	al exam, they define the mission, g system.	12			
	2.	2. Fundamentals of Controlling: Processes and Instruments.		They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to distinguish between the processes and instruments of controlling.		12			
2.5. Course content	3.	Management financial statements.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to analyse and evaluate the managerial financial statements.		12			
according to detailed	4.	Management non-financial reports.	1,2,3	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	On the written and oral exam, they know how to analyse and evaluate non-financial reports.		12			
curriculum schedule	5.	Deviation analysis. 4,5 They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts. In the written and oral exam, they can evalua synthesize the results of the discrepancy analy		ral exam, they can evaluate and s of the discrepancy analysis	12					
	6.	Risk analysis.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		nd synthesize the results of risk ten and oral examinations.	12			
	7.	Planning: operational, tactical, strategic.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		a the written and oral exam, they know how to valuate and synthesize operational, tactical and 12 rategic planning.				
	8.	Budgeting.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.		al exam, they know how to size the budgeting process.	12			

9.	Forecasting.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the forecasting process.	12
10.	Guest lecturers.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	At the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize the introduction and application of the controlling process in companies.	12
11.	Analysis of financial statements. Business Analysis.	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to value and synthesize the creation of value-added in enterprises by applying controlling.	12
12.	Contemporary Controlling: Partnership, Competencies, Modern Application and Philosophy	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	They are able to evaluate and analyse financial statements in both written and oral examinations.	12
13.	Guest lecturers	4,5	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and analyse the company environment.	12
14.	Final lecture. Repetition of material.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to evaluate and synthesize modern controlling.	12
15.	Signatures.	4,5,6,	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work on their own and in team workouts.	In the written and oral exam, they know how to synthesize and evaluate - controlling system and its complete application in the company.	12

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations	Attendance (in accordance with the Rulebook on Studying) and the preparation of homework assignments are required for signature.								
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attendance	1	Written exam		Project				
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	1			
for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	1			
number of ECTS points	Colloquium		Seminar paper	1	Other				
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Class activity 1 Oral exam 1 Otheer								
3.3. Student workload	Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 1. Attending classes and exercises 60 hours 2. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 120 hours								

4. GRADING SY	STEM									
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-									
	U	nsatisfactory			Satisfactory			Above average		
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	understanding. I basic terms and a how to apply or	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.		Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.Obse content term		Observes th content of th terms and co	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. Observes the principles, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the material, and logically connects and explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Finds solutions that were not originally given. Notes correlations with related material.			
	Active course at	tandanaa	70-75%	of attendance	70	6-86% of attenda	nce	87-100% of attendance	Max. Points	
	Active course at	lendance	4 points		7 points			10points	20 points	
4.3. Final grade	Seminar paper									
according to evaluation				2		3		4	5	
elements	Colloquia/ Writt	en exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-100%	
			41points		53 points			65 points	72 points	
				2	3			4	5	
	Oral exam		9	points		12 points		15 points	18 points	
4.3. Final grade		Percentage of acquire knowledge, skills an competences (teaching + exam)		skills and aching + final Numerical		grade ECTS grade		·		
according to absolute		90 - 1	00%	5 (excell	/	A				
division		80-89 65-79		4 (very g 3 (goo		B C				
		60 - 64	4,9%	2 (satisfac	tory)	D				
		50 - 59	9,9%	2 (satisfac	ctory)	E				

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
(available in the library and via other media)	Očko, J., & Švigir, A. (2009). Kontroling: upravljanje iz backstagea. Alitus savjetovanje.		YES					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Osmanagic Bedenik, N. (2007). Kontroling Abeceda poslovnog uspjeha (Controlling Alphabet of Business Success). Skolska knjiga, Zagreb. Belak, V., Menadžersko računovodstvo, RRIF, Zagreb, 1995. Grubišić, A.; Analiza poslovanja, skripta, Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2010. 	2						
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.							
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possil e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the student student).	contact teachers during the ble to ask questions by e-m	e consultation perio					

1. GENERAL INFORMATION A	1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT							
1.1. Title	Public Procurement	1.8. ISVU course code	202150					
1.2. Lecturer	Mr. Alenka Poljičak, dipl.oec., viši predavač	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Nema	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Electoral (I)	1.12. Number of course revisions	3.					
1.6. Study year	2. year	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
	 .1. Course objectives The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the public procurement system, its basic concepts and procedures, also basic knowledge and skills for conducting public procurement procedures. There are some case that will help students with: > to acquire practical knowledge on the compilation of documents in the public procurement system. > for procedural procedures that follow public procurement. 							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences terms required for enrollment in 4th semester.								

	IU6: 4	IU6: Analyze and relate core concepts and apply content related to economics, management, accounting and finance								
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level		Link basic concepts and apply content ization	related to the	field of law for drafting legal act	s (contracts, regulations) related to the c	company or				
	Stude	nts will acquire the knowledge and skill	s that will en	able them to participate in the put	blic procurement					
2.4. Expected learning	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)									
outcomes on the course level	1	. Define and analyse key terms for pu	blic procurer	nent		<i>Synthesis</i> 2,3,4,5.6				
	2					2,3,4,5.6				
	3	 Categorize and analyze public procu Define and analyze the Electronic Pu 				2,3,4,5.6				
	4	2,3,4,5.6								
	5	2,3,4,5.6								
	6	2,3,4,5.6								
	Const	tructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	1.	Introduction to the Public Procurement System and syllabus		They listen to a lecture and get to know the course content and documents on the e-learning course page by working independently on a computer.	-	10 hours				
		Introduction in System for PP	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they can define the basic meanings of the term public procurement and define public procurement.					

2.	Basic public procurement principles	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They individually and in a team analyze individual examples of different procurement provisions.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam, they can identify how to evaluate the basic public procurement principles	10 hours
3.	Public procurement entities.	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, they explore examples of public procurement entities.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know how to identify the public procurement entities and the principles of public procurement	10 hours
4.	Public procurement procedure	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, they explore examples for this thematic.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know how to identify the public procurement procedure and electronic communication.	10 hours
5.	Open procure for Public procurement	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work online on Electronic tender for public procurement. At the exercises, they explore phases of preparing and implementation Open procedure for PP.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know how to identify the key phases for open procedure of public procurement.	10 hours
6.	Restricted and negotiated procedures	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. At the exercises, they analyze the assumptions for these procedures.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know how to identify the key assumptions for these procedures.	10 hours
7.	eProcurement	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and read literature. They work online on Electronic tender for public procurement. At the exercises, they explore	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know how define and describe Electronic tender for PP.	10 hours

			electronic communication on EOJN platform.		
8.	Tender Documentation	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to lectures and read literature and work online at the EOJN website. They work in team exercises on a simple form of tender documentation.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know describe Tender Documentation.	10 hours
9.	Conditions and evidence of the tenderer's ability to compete in the public procurement system.	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to lectures and read literature and work online at the EOJN website. They work in team exercises on a simple form of tender documentation.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know to define basic criteria for selection of the bidder.	10 hours i
10.	Announcements in the public procurement system.	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and research the types of posts on the EOJN website. At the exercises, they team up to analyze the various publications and their functionality.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know to describe various notification in EOJN.	10 hours
11.	Bids, opening, reviewing and evaluating bids.	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and discuss the design and submission of tenders. During the exercises, they teamwork on how to prepare and submit a tender in the public procurement system.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know to explain the way of making and submitting the tender in the public procurement system.	10 hours
12.	Decision-making process and legal protection	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and discuss the completion of procurement procedures and the legal protection of tenderers. At the exercises, the team discusses the role of	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know to define relationship between public entities and bidder.	10 hours

				the tenderer in public procurement.		
	13.	Appeal process.	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture. At the exercises, they team up to investigate the content of the complaint and the possibilities of delivery to the public procurement system.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know to explain and analyze appeal process.	10 hours
	14.	Public procurement contracts and contract performance.	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and discuss various procurement contracts. At the exercises, they individually explore how a procurement contract is made.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know to assumption for conclusion of the contract.	10 hours
	15.	Electronic Public Procurement Classifieds	2,3,4,5.6	They listen to a lecture and discuss information on the EOJN web pages. The exercises explore the EOJN web pages individually.	At the colloquium or the written / oral examination, they know Explain EOJN.	10 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	NT WO	RK				
 3.1. Students' obligations In accordance with the Rulebook on Study and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students' attendance of at least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend a class of at least 50%. Students who have achieved during the course: From 0 - 24.9% of ECTS credits - they score F (unsuccessful) and cannot earn ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year. From 25-49.9% - are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass and pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in regular or extraordinary exam period. More than 50% - students have the right to take the final exam. Students can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and two exams); b) during class (active participation in teaching and preparation and presentation of exercises) and passing exams (written and oral exam). 						

	Attendance		Written exam	2 (without colloquium)	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	
total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score	Colloquium	4,5 (without written and oral exam)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)	
of the course)	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	2,5 (without colloquium)	Other (inscribe)	
	The student's workload of	n all bases amounts to 1 E	CTS point for 30 hours of		estimated as:	
3.3. Student workload	Commitment			Hours (estimate)		
5.5. Student workload	1. Attendance			60		
	2. Preparation for	the colloquium / exam th	rough self-study	90		
4. GRADING						
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Seminar work is optional					
	Po	oor	Satisf	lying	Above average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	It responds by memory, understanding. Does not terms and concepts. Doe apply or explain the con examples.	t know or apply basic es not know how to	Reproduces the basic cor transfers new knowledge material, explains the ter supported by examples	ncepts and easily , understands the ms and concepts	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes the principles of law, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the material, and logically connects and explains the terms and concepts it supports with examples. Finds solutions that were not originally given. It notes correlations with related material.	

	Active participation in the lessons		70-75% Attendance		76-869	% Attendance	87-100% Atten	idance	
			3 point	ts	5 points		10 points		
4.3. Creating a final grade	Seminar paper								
according to evaluation			2			3	4		5
elements	Colloquium / writt exam	en	50-64,9	%	6	5-79,9%	80-89,9%		90-100%
			27 poin	ts		33 points	39 points		45 points
	Oral exam		2			3	5		5
	Ofarexam		27 poin	ts		33 points	39 points		45 points
	kno		centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)		us grade	ECTS grade			
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90 - 100% 5 (exce						
					ry good) B good) C				
			60 - 64,9% 50 - 59,9%			D E			
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	TION ABOUT TI	HE COU		2 (5011		L			
5.1. Compulsory literature				Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and through other media)	1. Law on Public 2. Script - Public			Online					
Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme))			and regulations - ne siness Information a			net Sources, in Croati	an and English	5 5	

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	Quality control of students' work and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. Keeping records of students' attendance and activity in the classroom and information obtained about student progress through the midterm will provide the information needed for further guidance to students in order to increase their work efficiency. Students will be instructed in their rights and obligations as well as working methods and required literature. Quality assurance system indicators: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the CES at the annual employment status of students, employer surveys and Alumni Association.
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is the obligation of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (mentioned in the introductory lecture), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the e-mail).

1.1. Title	Professional Practice		
		1.8. ISVU course code	146385 202137
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Žaja , mag.oec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code	DM29S-I DM29S
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Dino Slavica, mag.oec .	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	450 hours
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	Level 1 - materials available On-line,
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Mandatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2
1.6. Study year	Second year	1.13. Modernization	yes □no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	15	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20% □

2. COURSE DESCI	RIPTION
2.1. Course objectives	 acquisition of practical skills, competencies and skills from various business disciplines (entrepreneurship, marketing, management, commercial law, sales and distribution, accounting, business banking and insurance, business planning, business communication, business management, process control, quality assurance); developing a sense of responsibility and teamwork within the work environment. training for effective integration of theory and business practice. Thanks to previously acquired theoretical knowledge and practical classes, students are trained to work at the middle level of management. The goals of professional practice are easier employment of students.
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Attended 3rd semester
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	 Organize and lead teamwork, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team stakeholders Independently and responsibly search the relevant literature for making decisions and conclusions, Analyse the company's environment, differentiate the company's competitive advantages, and propose different business strategies towards achieving the company's goals Analyse and interpret key business trends and innovations in the micro and macro business environment and propose innovative solutions and tactics of business innovation Critically evaluate existing marketing communication and suggest improvements to the specific business case and develop basic skills of forming an integrated marketing communication Apply and valorise qualitative and quantitative methods of business decision-making in solving economic and managerial problems with the help of software Choose a research method, conduct market research and interpret the results of research Design a public procurement plan and prepare basic documents for conducting an open public procurement procedure Propose decisions on production, operations, flows, capacities, costs, and processes using analysis and monitoring of achieved indicators and results Analyse and compare indicators of economic development of the Republic of Croatia, think critically about current trends in the Republic of Croatia, and propose solutions to encourage economic prosperity Identify the possibility of financing projects from European Union funds and programs and actively participate in applications for tenders and project development Identify different problems, fisks and risk situations in modern management and suggest adequate solutions to identified problems and risk management mechanisms based on the analysis of the state of the company Assess the acceptability of the investment project based on the economic and fi

	Learning o (up to two ve	utcomes toward erbs per LO)	LO Level: Recapture, Understanding, Application, Analysis, Evaluation, Synthesis					
		1. respo	Explain the	e organizational structure of the company and analyse the scope of workplace	2911110515		, 4	
2.4. Expected learning out		2.	O clarify th	he documentation, laws, regulations, procedures, and regulations related company and performing the activities of the organization / company			2	
on the course level	3.		ad display the performance of business processes to work with clients /		4	, 5		
		4.		e right procedures in solving tasks			4	
		5.		w services and products are provided and company policy			2	
		б.	Describe the se appropriate se		.5			
		7.	Compile a			б		
		and b	ousiness perform					
		Constructiv Thematic unit	e alignment IU course	Content / teaching method		Valuati on	It takes time	
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		1.	Execution of professional practice.	 Program compulsory professional practice (depending on the selected busientity or institution): 1. Introduction to the organization and functioning of the business entity or organization in which the professional practice is performed. 2. Introduction to the system of work and business of appropriate organization units in the organization or company. 3. Introduce the work and business and the scope of responsibility of organizational / tion units / ca where / has the student will perform professional practice (this / e organizational / ery units / if intended to address those act that are consistent with the knowledge that a student acquires at their study. 	or P etional p sional e tivities	Profess onal Practic e Diary prepare 1 and present ed.	450 hours	

3. EVALUATION (3.1. Students`	and outflows , it d.). DF STUDENT WORK Obligations of students of the Polytechnic in performing professional practice as well as the conditions and manner of impleme	ntation of
	of the company and the connection between the departments. In exceptional situations, the student may be allowed to do an internship in two companies. 4. Work on specific cases from practice (for example: contracts in wholesale and retail, monitoring of processes and procedures in production, agency business, export and import business, contracting tourist arrangements, and making them, making calculations, making contracts, freight forwarding according to obtained dispositions, contracting transport and insurance, performing payment transactions in the country and abroad, organization of marketing services in the company, market research, use of business information, conducting negotiations, organization of propaganda and advertising of the company, acquaintance with relevant legislation, way of making investment programs and projects, feasibility studies, etc., banking, financing and lending in foreign and domestic trade, issuing bank guarantees, seeking and using credit information, getting to know the work of production plants, getting to know the work and business of hotels, freight terminals, etc., making commercial calculations, met is with the method of making annual company plans, calculating economy, productivity and profitability of business, analyse financial data, introduction to the management system in the company and marketing management, the work of representative offices of foreign companies in Croatia, mediation in international exchange, control of inflows	

3.1. Students' Obligations of students of the Polytechnic in performing professional practice as well as the conditions and manner of implementation of professional practice in professional studies of the Polytechnic of Šibenik are prescribed by the Ordinance on professional practice. At this point the same is described in summary form.

The students are obliged to carry out professional practice. The student performs professional practice in organizations and companies determined by the holder of the course professional practice independently or at the suggestion of the student. In order for a student to be admitted to a professional internship, the course leader signs the Instruction for performing the professional internship (Appendix 2 of the Ordinance on professional internship). Professional practice is performed under the mentorship of an authorized person. During a training student is obliged to thoroughly and honestly perform the duties and tasks entrusted to it and shall respect the laws and regulations of the legal entity which carries out the practice, to comply with the prescribed safety measures, account dard obligations and safety measures and shall keep the property of the legal entity in which he / she performs his / her professional practice and take care that his / her behaviour or actions do not cause damage to the legal entity and the Polytechnic. During a training student develops Diary of professional practice (Annex 4 . Rules of professional practice). Upon completion of the internship, the mentor signs it. After successfully completed practice, the authorized person in a legal entity in which a student practicing signed and verified student Certificate of successfully completed practice (Annex 5 . Rules of professional practice) in its part of the certificate. The student is obliged to submit the diary of professional practice and the Certificate of completed professional practice to the holder of the course Professional practice immediately after the completion of professional practice, and no later than the end of the current academic year. If the holder of the Professional Practice course accepts the

	Professional Practice Diary, Professional Practice course Practice and the student is ob The practice is interrupted in about the existence or termin existence of such reasons. A student may be recognized practice in terms of content a obliged to do the internship, certificate of the legal entity and the start date as well as t professional practice.	does not accept the Profe bliged to re-enrol in the P in the event of justified real nation of the existence of d for the Professional Prace and complexity. In order f submit a written application where he works or has we	ssional Practice Diary, rofessional Practice cou- sons and continues whe the same lecturers imm ctice course if he / she v for the course to be reco- tion for recognition of the orked. The certificate n	he enters "not satisfied" in urse in the next academic y en such reasons cease to ex ediately after their occurrent works or has worked on job ognized, the student should he internship (Appendix 3 of nust contain the title of the	the Certificate of I ear. ist. The student or nee or after learnin os that correspond t , in the semester in of the Ordinance or job, a detailed deso	Professional mentor informs g about the to the intended which he is n internship) and a cription of the job			
3.2. Monitoring	Attending classes		Written exam		Project				
student work (enter the share of ECTS	Experimental work		Research		Practical work				
credits for each activity so that the	Essay		Report		Continuous checking				
total number of ECTS points	Colloquium		Seminar paper		Execution of expert burst	12 ECTS			
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Teaching activities		Oral exam		Writing a Diary of Professional Practice	3 ECTS			
3.3. Student workload	Student workload on all bas	and is 1 ECTS and it 20 as	emester hours and is as	timeted equ		·			
workload	Commitment	ses is 1 ECTS credit 50 st	emester nours and is es	Hours (estimated)					
		ng practice		360 hours					
	2. Writing	6.		90 hours					
	3. In total			450 hours					
4. GRADING									
4.1. Seminar paper grading									
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	/								

4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation elements	grading. Professional practice is evaluated descriptively ("satisfied" or "not satisfied").		
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			
5. ADDITIONAL INFO	RMATION ABOUT THE COURSE		
5.1. Compulsory literatur (available in the library a through other media)		Number of copies in the library	Availability through other media
	Ordinance on professional practice of the Polytechnic of Šibenik Instructions for writing a Professional Practice Diary Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of change and/or amended of study programme)	Documentation, laws, regulations and regulations related to the business organization and the performance of its activities		
5.3. Quality assurance	Quality control of students' work and acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensu	red through interac	tive work Keeping

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences Quality control of students' work and acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. Keeping records of student attendance and activities in the classroom and the information obtained on student progress through the colloquium will provide the information needed for further instructions to students to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be instructed in their rights and obligations and methods of work and the necessary literature. Quality Assurance System Indicators: Student Survey, Monitoring of Annual Data from the CES on the Annual Employment Status of Students, Employer Survey and Alumni Association.

5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher being the teacher and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while short questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address on the domain @ vus.hr) which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days from the receipt of the e-mail).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course title	Final Thesis	1.8. Course code at ISVU	142621					
1.2. Course lecturer	•	1.9. Course code at MOZVAG	-					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	-					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Specialist Graduate Professional Study of Management	 1.11. Level of e- learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%) 	1 st - some of the material available Online, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	ligatory 1.12. Number of course revisions 4.						
1.6. Year of study	2 nd	1.13. Modernization	Yes 🗆 No					
1.7. Credit point (ECTS)	15	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements Less than 20% More than 20						
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION			•					
2.1. Course objectives	thus deepening the theoretical knowledge acquire is for students to develop the ability of an indepen	the given topic successfully applies the acquired knowledge is ed through the study program at the level of the profession adent approach in processing and solving complex and practi- arch results as well as the skills of writing and presenting in	he acquires. Also, the aim of the course ical problems in the profession. Students					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Enrolled VI semester							
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	Learning outcomes of the Final thesis depends of							
study programme level	Learning outcomes of the Final thesis depends of	n the topic and the course is chosen by the student.						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes of the Pinal thesis depends of Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxono (maximum 2 werbs for LO)		Level of LO: 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 6 - synthesis.					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxon		 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 					

	3. Formulate and analyse	3. Formulate and analyse the context of the research													
	4. Select and apply the re							5							
	5. Evaluate and present t	he results of the rese	earch or solution to the	e proble	m			6							
2.5. Course content according to															
detailed curriculum schedule															
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT	WORK														
3.1. Students` obligations	_														
	Attendance		Written exam	4	4 (without colloquia)	Project	t								
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work	Research		Practical work											
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points	Essay		Report			Continuous examination									
corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium		Seminar paper			The written part of the Batchelor thesis		10							
, ,	Class activity		Oral exam			Oral defense of the Batchelor thesis		5							
	Student workload on all bases is 1 ECTS credit 30 semester hours and is estimated as:														
3.3. Student workload	Obligation			Hours (estimated)											
		rt of the Final thesis			300										
	2. Oral defense o	f the Final thesis			150										
4. FORMATION OF GRADES															
	Element of evaluation]]	Bad		Satisfying		Abov	e average							
4.1. Evaluation of the Batchelor thesis	Organization	The paper is not o logical order and	organized in a clear cle		The paper is well structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main body of the text and the conclusion.		clear distinction introduction, the	main body of the lusion, which are							

	Terminology, writing style	Words and expressions with official terminolog writing style is not app sentences are too long, vocabulary and with fre repeated grammatical e	gy. The ropriate, the of a modest equent and	with official ter writing style is sentence structu	ppropriate and there	Words and expressions are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.			
	Citing and referencing references	The sources are not list references do not fit the show a cursory approace the topic.	e topic and	and with errors	e listed but incomplete The references are topic and show a earch attitude.	The sources are accurately, completely, and consistently listed. The references are appropriate, thei list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a detailed research approach			
	The written part of the	2		3	4		5		
4.3. Forming the final grade according to the evaluation	Final thesis	5 points	10 p	oints	15 points		20 points		
elements	The written part of the	2		3	5	5			
cientents	Final thesis	5 points	10 p	10 points 15 poin			15 points		
	· · ·	uired knowledge, skills a ompetences	nd	Number rating		EC	TS grade		
4.4. Formation of final and	Ģ	0 - 100%		5 (excellent)			А		
4.4. Formation of final grade based on absolute distribution	8	0-89,9%		4 (very good)			В		
based on absolute distribution	6	5 – 79,9%		3 (good)			С		
	6	0-64,9%		2 (sufficient)			D		
	5	0-59,9%		2 (sufficient)			E		

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE SUBJECT

	Title	Number of copies in	Availability via
	The second se	the library	other media
5.1. Required literature (available	Rulebook on the Final thesis	-	
in the library and through other	Instructions for writing a seminar paper and Final thesis		
media)	Books and professional literature in the field of writing the Final thesis		
	Internet websites in the field of the topic of writing the Final thesis	-	

5.2. Supplementary literature (at the time of the submission of changes and / or additions to the study program)	-	_	-
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	Quality control of students' work and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured students' attendance and activity in the classroom and information obtained about student progress thro needed for further guidance to students in order to increase their work efficiency. Students will be instr working methods and required literature. Quality assurance system indicators: Student survey, monitori status of students, employer survey and Alumni Association.	ugh the midterm will pro ucted in their rights and o	vide the information bligations as well as
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and to or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and or contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions a class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	n the website of the Polyte nd explanations they can	echnic. Students can be contacted during

LEARNING OUTCOME MATRIX OF SPECIALIST GRADUATE PROFESSIONAL STUDY OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2020/2021.

	I1	I2	I3	I4	I5	I6	I7	I8	I9	I10	I11	I12	I13	I14	I15	I16	I17	I18	I19	I20
Statistics				+	+		+		+											
Strategic Management		+	+	+																
Business Ethics and Social Responsibility		+									+									
Psychology for Managers	+	+				+														
Innovation and Technological Strategies	+		+	+		+					+		+							
Public Speaking and Presentation Skills	+	+	+	+	+	+														
Cost Management		+	+	+			+						+							
Quantitative Methods for Business Decision Making		+	+				+						+				+			
Risk Management		+	+	+												+				
Operations Management		+	+				+						+							
Management of Conflict	+	+				+										+				+
Croatian Economy			+											+				+		
Market Research	+	+	+	+					+											
Leadership	+						+	+	+		+									
Business Simulation		+			+		+					+			+			+		
Methods for Scientific Research		+							+											
Management of EU Projects	+	+							+	+			+		+					
Cost Benefit Analysis	+	+												+	+		+			
Financial Institutions and Markets		+	+	+			+							+		+	+	+	+	
Controlling		+	+	+			+						+							
Public procurement																				
Professional Practice	+		+	+		+	+	+		+			+		+		+	+		
Final Thesis																				
TOTAL NUMBER OF COURSES BY LEARNING OUTCOME	9	16	12	10	3	5	9	2	5	2	3	1	7	3	4	3	4	4	1	1