



POLYTECHNIC OF ŠIBENIK

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT

PROFESSIONAL UNDERGRADUATE STUDY OF BUSINESS INFORMATICS

Erasmus+ Course Catalogue Academic year 2020-2021

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	Business statistics	80
	Protection and security of information systems	85
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	Business organization	98

Course list

Professor	Component code	Course	ECTS
Livaja I.	140755	Introduction to databases	4
Urem F.	146379	Infromation systems analysis and design	6
Urem F.	142638	Object oriented programming	6
Mikulić Ž.	NC03	Introduction to computer science	4
Mikulić Ž.	NC04	Programming fundamentals	5
Mikulić Ž.	NC05	Operations research	4
Beljo I.	146563	Financial mathematics	6
Mečev D.	PINF-1	Principles of ecomonics	5
Perišić A.	146563	Mathematics	6
Crnica G.	201304	English for information technology II	3
Crnica G.	202201	English for information technology I	3
Mikulić Ž.	201307	Computer architecture	5
Mikulić Ž.	201315	Business information systems	6
Perišić A.	201321	Business statistics	6
Livaja I.	187581	Protection and security of information Systems	4
Žaja J.	141499	Financial management (IM)	6
Vukičević A.	NC06	Business organization (IM)	4

Full Course Curriculums

1. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Ivan Livaja	1.8. Course code in ISVU	140755				
1.2. Course title	Introduction to databases	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2				
1.6. Year of study	2 st	1.13.Modernization	Yes				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20 % □				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
2.1. Course objectives	 Understanding database development in business process shaping Adopting and expanding knowledge in the field: Adopting knowledge, techniques for working with databases Relational Database Design 						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	ed; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level LO2: to define and evaluate process of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms of electronically supported business and production to business requirements LO3: to evaluate database design according to business requirements							

	LO15:	to compare and select appropriate deve	lopment tool	s at a professional level				
	LO16:	to valorize elevant factors that affect or	rganization`s	and individual's business and ap	ply basic methods and concepts of	planning,	management	and ac
	LO19:	to conclude what the basic principles a	nd methods of	of good project management are a	and work successfully in a team			
	Learn	ing outcomes accroding to the Bloom's	outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Level of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application, 4-analysis, 5-evaluation, 6-synthesis				embering, erstanding, ication, esis, aation,	ent and ac
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level		lassify and explain common features, si ommunication technologies, and database			relevant information and		2, 4	
		nplement database implementation proc					3	
		escribe and make a diagram of the relati		<u> </u>			1, 4	Ш
		ropose and argue proposals for the appli					5, 6	\square
		resent the acquired knowledge, ideas, pr se materials and tools to search scientifi					3	H
	0. 0	se materials and tools to search scientiff	c and profess	sional interature in native and Eng	insii languages		3	
	Const	ructive allignement						
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time	
	1.	Introduction (history, DBMS solution overview)	-	Listen to lectures. Work independently on computer, get to know course content and elearning documents.	-		9 h	
	2.	Introduction to SQL Language	2,3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam basic concepts of databases.	define the	6 h	
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	3.	Introduction to SQL Language	15	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam basic concepts of databases.	define the	6 h	
	4.	Reational model and data normalization	16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam basic concepts of databases. They are ana databases.		9 h	
	5.	Reational model and data normalization	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam basic concepts of databases. Analyze and data normalization and relational model.		9h	
	6.	Data Modeling Using Entity Relationship Model	3, 15, 16, 19	Write the colloquium.	-		8 h	
	7.	Data Modeling Using Entity Relationship Model	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to	At the midterm or the written / oral exam basic concepts of databases. They model		9 h	

			solve tasks. Solve exercises.	by using E-R models.	
8.	SQL commands for creating and editing a database	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam define the basic concepts of databases. They model the data by using E-R models.	9 h
9.	SQL Data Objects	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam define the basic concepts of databases. They create a database and make changes to the data within it.	7 h
10.	Relational database management system	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	7 h
11.	CASE tools and development environments for working in databases - Visual Studio	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	7 h
12.	CASE tools and development environments for working in databases - Visual Studio	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	8 h
13.	CASE tools and development environments for working in databases - Visual Studio	3, 15, 16, 19	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, they can define and use development environments for working with databases.	8 h
14.	Introduction to XML	3, 15, 16, 19	Write the colloquium.	-	9 h
15.	Defense and presentation of the seminar, recurrence of colloquia		Listen to lectures and read literature.	-	9 h

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations	least 70%. Part-time Students who have d from 0 - 24, from 25 - 4 extraordinat more than 5 Students cantake the	students are required to at uring the course achieved ,9% ECTS credits- are rate ,9,9% - are assessed by F ry exam period; ,0% - students have the rig	ttend classes at least50%.A : ed F (unsuccessful) and ca X (insufficient) and must ght to take the final exam. urse in two ways: a) duri	All students are required to annot obtain ECTS credits pass the written exam (te ng the course ofteaching	o carry calculator and form , and must re-enroll in the est). Written exam (test) c through continuous moni	
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter	Attendance	1,0	Written exam	2,0 (without colloquia)	Project	
the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	
ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	0,5

examination

	Colloquium	2,0 (exan	without written	Semina	ar paper			Other	
	Class activity			Oral ex	xam	0,5		Other	
Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 1. Attending classes and exercises 45 hours 2. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 75 hours 4. GRADING SYSTEM									
4.1. Grading seminar papers									
	U	nsatisfacto	ry		Satisfactory			Above av	erage
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by me understanding. E basic terms and chow to apply or course with example of the course of the cour	Does not kno concepts. Do explain the	ow or apply oes not know	Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge,			content of the material, and logically connects and explains the		
	Active course attendance		70-74,9% of a	attendance	75-79,9% of a	ttendance	80-89,9% of	attendance	90-100% of attendance
			2 poir	nts	5 poin	ts	10 po	ints	20 points
		2		3			4		5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/ Written exam		50-64,9	9%	65-79,9%		80-89,9%		90-100%
		25 poin		nts	nts 30 points		35 points		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5		5
			25 poi	nts	30 poi	nts	35 po	ints	40 points
4.3. Final grade according to		knowle	age of acquired edge, skills and es (teaching + final exam)		erical grade	ECTS g	grade		
absolute division			0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%		excellent) ery good)	A B			
			5 – 79,9% 0 – 64.9%	3	(good)	C D	С		
		60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%			2 (satisfactory) D 2 (satisfactory) E				

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFO	RMATION				
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
(available in the library and via	An Introduction to Database Systems, 8th Edition; C.J. Date; Addison Wesley	7			
other media)	Title An Introduction to Database Systems, 8th Edition; C.J. Date; Addison Wesley Teaching material and exercises A First Course in Database Systems; J. D. Ullman, J. Widom; Prentice-Hall; 2007; ISBN: 9780136006374 Database Systems: A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation, and Management; T. M. Connolly, C. E. Begg; Addison Wesley; 2004 The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensurance of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their verights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian estudent employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association. It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which with the course and of the course and on the course and the course and on the course and the course and on the course and th	5			
	Teaching material and exercises				
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended	A First Course in Database Systems; J. D. Ullman, J. Widom; Prentice-Hall; 2007; ISBN: 9780136006374				
of study programme)					
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian	through short colloquiu work. Students will be i	ams and homework, nformed about their		
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the e-mail).				

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABO	OUT THE SUBJECT		
1.1. Title	Information systems analysis and design	1.8. ISVU course code	146379
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	^{3rd} – materials available On-line, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.
1.6. Study year	3	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge in logical design and analysis of information systems (IS). To equip students for independent and team work in the application, methodology, methods and techniques of designing information systems for business organizational systems. By acquiring and using course knowledge, students will understand that there is no realization of a real and complex information system without a detailed analysis and preparation of a documented project of the information system on the basis of which the development (physical

	realization) of the IS is carried out.				
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2				
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	IU9 Select appropriate professional literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare and independently deliver presentations in Croatian and foreign languages to expert and general audiences, and critically evaluate the presented professional topics IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technology) IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level				
	IU17. Conclude what are the basic principles and methods of quality project management and work successfully in a tea	am			
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 1. Recapture, 2. Understanding, 3. Application, 4. Analysis, 5. Evaluation, 6. Synthesis			
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	1. Conduct business analysis in a real system in order to obtain the necessary information about the current state of IS	3, 4, 5, 6			
on the course level	2. Break down business functions into elemental processes - perform functional decomposition of a real system	2, 3, 4, 6			
	3. Demonstrate business processes	2, 3, 4, 6			
	4. Describe data flows and data repositories	2, 3, 4, 6			
	5. Create a conceptual data model	2, 3, 4, 6			
	6. Translate the conceptual data model into a relational data model.	2, 3, 4, 6			
	7. Develop algorithms for obtaining the most important information from the set relational data model	2, 3, 4, 6			
	8. Select IT technology resources according to the IS project created	2, 3, 4, 6			
	9. Estimate the cost of a new (engineered) IS	2, 3, 4, 6			

		Constructive alignment								
		No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
	2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	16.	Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours			
			Basic terms	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Basic terms	8 hours			
		17.	Information system	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Describe key stakeholders in building and using an information system	10 hours			

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				Analyze business needs in building and using an information system	
				Identify the impact of technological development	
				on the construction and use of information systems	
	Information system	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a	Interpret a simplified description of information	
18.			computer, reading literature.	system development	10 hours
				Expose different views of stakeholders on parts of the information system	
	Basics of information systems	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a	Explain Capability Maturity Model for evaluating	
	development methodologies	1,2,5,4	computer, reading literature.	development quality	
19.	development methodologies			Identify basic principles in the development of	10 hours
19.				information systems	10 Hours
				Interpret more important methodologies for developing information systems	
	Basics of information systems	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a	Explain the methodology of waterfall development	
	development methodologies	1,2,5,7	computer, reading literature.	Explain the methodology of vaterian development Explain the methodology of rapid application	
	development methodologies			development	
20				Explain the methodology of information	101
20.				engineering Explain the methodology of the unified	10 hours
				development process	
				Expose the most famous agile methodologies and	
				explain their features	
21.	Project management	1,2,3,4,5,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Analyze project success Identify competencies of project managers	10 hours
21.			1 .	identify competencies of project managers	10 Hours
22.	Project management	1,2,3,4,5,9	Listening to lectures, working on a	Identify core project management functions	10 hours
22.			computer, reading literature.	Apply project management methods	10 nours
	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9	Listening to lectures, working on a	Collect information from stakeholders of the	
			computer, reading literature.	information system and identify project	
				requirements Apply requirements determination processes to the	
				system and	
				fact-finding techniques	
				Review existing documentation, forms and	
23.				database Perform a work environment observation	15 hours
23.				Design questionnaires	15 110018
				Interviewing	
				Analyze and model data	
				Identify entities, attributes, keys, connections,	
				foreign keys Apply ERD tagging	
				Use logical matrices in modeling the connections	
				between entities	
	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9	Listening to lectures, working on a	Identify special forms of connections: non-specific	
24.			computer, reading literature.	links, redundant links, recursive links	15 hours
		1		Perform data normalization	

25.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Use CASE tools in data modeling Model processes Perform system decomposition Develop a data flow model Interpret the basic settings of object-oriented analysis Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9		Perform system decomposition Develop a data flow model Interpret the basic settings of object-oriented analysis Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9		Develop a data flow model Interpret the basic settings of object-oriented analysis Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,5,6,9		Interpret the basic settings of object-oriented analysis Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.	System Analysis	1,2,3,4,3,0,9		analysis Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.			computer, reading interactive.	Design classes and objects Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.				Design methods and messages between objects Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.				Apply encapsulation and hide information Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.				Analyze inheritance Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.				Apply polymorphism Develop class and object diagrams	
25.				Develop class and object diagrams	
25.					
				Develop component and layout diagrams	15 hours
				Make use cases	
				Develop activity diagrams	
				Develop interaction diagrams	
				Develop state diagrams	
				Analyze the feasibility and cost-benefits of system	
				enhancements (operational feasibility, technical	
				and technological feasibility, time feasibility,	
				economic feasibility)	
	System Design	5,6,7,8,9			
			computer, reading literature.		
26.				Analyze procurement of ready-made solutions	15 hours
				1	
	a . D .	7.67.00.10	Ti-tonia - to 1- tonolin		
	System Design	5,6,7,8,9,10			
27.			computer, reading interactive.		15 hours
	System Design	5678910	Listening to lectures, working on a		
	System Design	3,0,7,0,9,10	computer reading literature		
28.			computer, reading interactive.		15 hours
	System design implementation and	5678910	Listening to lectures, working on a		
•		3,0,7,0,7,10			4.5.1
29.	mantenance		r , g	Generate part of the code according to the default	15 hours
				specification	
	System design, implementation and	5,6,7,8,9,10	Listening to lectures, working on a	Check the correctness of the created program code	
30.	maintenance		computer, reading literature.	Provide user documentation and documentation for	15 hours
				system maintenance	
225	77. 88. 99.	System Design System Design System Design System design, implementation and maintenance System design, implementation and	System Design 5,6,7,8,9,10 System Design 5,6,7,8,9,10 System design, implementation and maintenance System design, implementation and maintenance 5,6,7,8,9,10 5,6,7,8,9,10 5,6,7,8,9,10	computer, reading literature. 5,6,7,8,9,10 Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. System Design 5,6,7,8,9,10 Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. System design, implementation and maintenance 5,6,7,8,9,10 Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. System design, implementation and computer, reading literature.	System Design 5,6,7,8,9 Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Develop your own simple information system solution Analyze procurement of ready-made solutions Identify business management systems To substantiate the decision to procure the finished solution Select the appropriate system architecture Describe distributed systems Explain architectures with clients and servers Explain network architectures with clients and servers Explain web architectures Explain web architecture System Design System Design 5,6,7,8,9,10 Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. System design, implementation and maintenance System design, implementation and on maintenance System design, implementation and on maintenance Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature. Check the correctness of the created program code provide user documentation and documentation for

3.1. Students` obligations	students who have during the contract of the students can take the final example.	 From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. tudents can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and exercises and two kams); b) during class (active participation in classes and exercises) and passing exams (written and oral examinations). 								
	Attendance	2	Written exam		2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project				
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research			Practical work	1			
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report			Continuous examination				
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper			Other (inscribe)				
	Class activities		Oral exam		1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)				
3.3. Student workload	1. Attending classes 2. Practical work	n all bases amounts to 1 EC		6	work per semester and is esti Hours (estimate) 60 30 90	mated as:				
4. GRADING							<u>.</u>			
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Above	average			

	Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents				Satisfying				Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading					new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.			
	Active participation	in the	70-75% of atter	ndance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-1	00% of attend		ed mental map. red case study.	
	lessons		4 points			7 points		10 points		3 points	
	Seminar paper		2			3		4		5	
3.3. Creating a final grade	Semmar paper		5 points			7 points		8 points		10 points	
ccording to evaluation			2			3		4		5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam		50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%			90-100%	
			25 points		30 points		35 points			40 points	
	Oral exam		2		3			5		5	
			25 points		30 points			35 points		40 points	
.4. Creating a final grade		kno	centage of adopted owledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numerou	is grade	ECTS grade					
ccording to absolute allocation			90 – 100% 80 – 89,9%		5 (excellent) A 4 (very good) B						
			65 – 79,9%	3 (go	3 (good) C						
			60 – 64,9% 50 – 59,9%		fficient) D fficient) E						
S. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	TION ABOUT TH	E COU	URSE								
.1. Compulsory literature available in the library and	Title							N	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	F. Urem, Projektira	anje i aı	naliza IS-a, Veleučiliš	šte u Šibenik	cu, 2016., IS	BN: 978-953-7566-3	0-2			Available online e-learning system	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study			S. Valacich: Modern Sy Business Objects. John			n, 3/e, Prentice Hall Col	lege Div, 200	01.	3	Available online e-learning syster	

amended of study

programme)			
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one he can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) th working days from the receipt of e-mail).	our per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Object oriented programming	1.8. ISVU course code	142638						
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	^{3rd} – materials available On-line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.						
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% ☐ ☐ ☐						

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce the student to the concepts of object-oriented programming
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	IU9 Select appropriate professional literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare and independently deliver pressure and foreign languages to expert and general audiences, and critically evaluate the presented professional topics. IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project materials field of information technology) IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level	S				
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 7. Recapture, 8. Understanding, 9. Application, 10. Analysis, 11. Evaluation, 12. Synthesis				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	1. Write a simple program based on object-oriented principles and UML paradigms					
on the course level	2. Select the option of developing applications in object-oriented or procedural programming language					
	3. Organize application parts into classes, interfaces, and packages in accordance with object-oriented programming principles	3,4,6				
	4. Create an object-oriented model of the class hierarchy on which the implementation of the application will be based	4,5, 6				
	5. Self-assess whether more complex classes need to be structured into simpler ones for better modularity	4,6				
	6. Organize the classes so that they use the other application components over other classes	4,6				
	7. Manage tools that generate program code with a basic structure based on the graphical model of the classes	3				

	Constructive alignment									
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				
		Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours				
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	31.	Introduction to object-oriented design	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they define the basic concepts in object oriented programming. They describe the role of the object-oriented approach in programming.	8 hours				
	32.	Objects and classes, parts of classes and objects, inheritance with examples	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	They can enumerate parts of the class at the colloquium or the written and oral exam. They create an object-oriented model of the class hierarchy on which the implementation of the application will be based	10 hours				
	33.	Defining links between objects, polymorphism, encapsulation of objects	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they know: To model different behaviors of an object according to the interactions that it must have towards the environment.	10 hours				

				They use a private access modifier on parts of the class. They analyze the effect of different access modifiers. Recognize software development stages and their order They recognize the basic properties of an object and a class. At the midterm or the written and oral exam they	
34.	UML - Introduction, Class Diagrams	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	can define what UML notation is for and list the major UML notations. At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can make a class diagram according to the set use case.	10 hours
35.	UML-Interaction diagrams, Activity diagrams, use of patterns in object-oriented design	2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	At the midterm or the written and oral exam they can make appropriate interaction and activity diagrams according to the set use case.	10 hours
36.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify the main types of variables (boolean, int, double, String). Declare a variable and assign a corresponding value to it. Use variable naming conventions. Differentiate the representation of integers (byte, short, int, long). Differentiate the representation of decimal numbers (float, double). Perform arithmetic operations on different numerical data types. Declare char and String variables. Perform String variables merge. Perform console printing. Take advantage of automatic promotion of data types. Identify situations where an error may occur. Convert data types. Identify situations where an error may occur. Convert of the convert String variable to numeric value	10 hours
37.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Design a simple class containing variables and a method for printing the contents of variables. Instance an object from a formatted class. Invoke method from instated object. Design a method that contains input parameters. Pass input arguments to method. Design the method so that it can return the result of the computation. Print the result of the method call.	10 hours
38.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Access the class by specifying the full package name and class. Perform the package import procedure using the import command. Determine which packages do not need to be imported separately. Using the (*) operator when importing packages. Find and view online String class documentation. Invoke the most important methods	15 hours

				of the String class. Compare two String objects by content. Retrieve parts of the String object. Explain the need to use random numbers in programming. Invoke Random-class methods that generate random numbers while controlling the range of values obtained. Use different methods from the Random class for different mathematical calculations. Access the values of mathematical constants from the Math class. Comment on method calls relative to the Random class.	
39.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Declare and initialize the boolean type of the variable. Perform a comparison of the two expressions using relational operators. Use the if and if / else command. Analyze the problem of comparing String objects using relational operators. Use the compare method to compare two String objects. Describe logical operators. Associate multiple logical expressions using logical operators. Use ternary operators to execute if / else block. Use else if command. Create nested block if commands. Create switch block logical branching. Compare switch block with if / else command block. Analyze the use of break commands in the switch block of commands.	15 hours
40.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Analyze the elements of standard for loop. Make for loop. Analyze the reach of a variable used within a loop. Use a debugger tool for loop analysis. Analyze cases where an infinite loop occurs. Create a while loop. Create a do-while loop. Analyze cases where the advantage of using a particular type of loop is observed. Use the break loop to exit the loop. Use the continue command to skip a specific block of commands within a loop. Identify the need to make comments within a loop.	15 hours
41.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Analyze the problem posed and describe it with the classes. Analyze cases of variable reach in different parts of the class. Model class variables and methods by default. Analyze the organization of virtual machine memory when instantiating a new object Access the contents of an object by using an object reference	15 hours

					Analyze different ways of instantiating a String object Demonstrate the importance of initializing variables within a class. Analyze problems that arise with null values of variables. Construct a constructor that initializes the initial values of the variables. Use the keyword this as a reference to an object. Model multiple class constructor versions. Create multiple versions of one method. Define what is the signature of a method. Analyze cases where method overload is not possible. Model the various behaviors of an object according to the interactions it must exert toward the environment. Use the private access modifier on parts of the class. Analyze the effect of different access modifiers. Model "getter" and "setter" methods for the given class. Define the purpose of static variables and show an example of usage.	
4	42.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	example of use Demonstrate the purpose of using the final keyword on static variables Create and initialize a one-dimensional field. Access and change individual field values.	15 hours
4	43.	Language Architecture Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Cross all the elements of the array using for loops. Create an ArrayList object and manage its contents. Cross all list items using the for-each loop. Analyze ways to add simple data types to the list, using wrapper classes Explain the purpose of using exceptions in program code. Manage exceptions using try-catch block Identify common exceptions (attempt to access an object that is not instantiated or a non-existent file) Test an example code that contains errors. Describe three sets of bugs. Identify a bug using a print technique. Identify a bug using the debugger tool.	15 hours
4	44.	Programming in Object Oriented Languages - C # Basics - Syntax and Language Architecture	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Instance a StringBuilder object. Manage the StringBuilder object. Describe the differences between String and StringBuilder objects. Search for a String object using regular expressions Describe linear recursion. Develop a simple	15 hours

							algorithm. Describe nonli software soluti	on that uses a linear recursion mear recursion. Develop a simple ion that uses nonlinear recursions ware solution that manages files	3.
	45.	Programming in O Languages - C # B Language Archited	asics - Syntax and	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	Listening to lectures, computer, reading lite		using finished Program acces Perform serial facility. Create your ov	classes from the .NET directory. is rights on folders and files. ization and deserialization of the vn class package and name it ribute the application.	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WOR	a K							
3.1. Students` obligations	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper. Students who have during the course achieved: From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits - is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject. Students can take the final exam in the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and exercises and two								
			an the course in two way participation in classes and			and oral examination	ons).	nts (active participation in classe	s and exercises and two
	Attendan	ice	2	Writte	en exam	2 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an wexamination)	e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experime	ental work		Resea	rch			Practical work	1
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay			Repoi	t			Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquiu	um	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the stude relieved of a written a oral examination)	ent is	nar paper			Other (inscribe)	
	Class acti	tivities		Oral e	exam	1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an operamination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)	
	The stu	ıdent's workload or	n all bases amounts t	o 1 ECTS po	int for 30 hours of v	work per semes	ter and is est	imated as:	
3.3. Student workload		Commitment		po		Hours (estimat			
	4.					60			
	6.		Colloquium / exam throu	gh self-study		90			

Г	1.								1
4. GRADING									
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Valuation Elem	nent		Poor		Satist	fying		Above average
4.1. Seminar paper grading									
		I	Poor			Satisfying			Above average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Does not know and does not apply the basic terms new knowledge, under			terms, without difficul nderstands subject matt he notions that subs	ter, explains	evaluation. It obse thoroughly explain logically links and that it encapsulates			
	Active participation in the 70-75% of attendance		endance	76-80	76-86% of attendance 87-10		0% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons		4 points			7 points		10 points	3 points
	Seminar paper		2			3		4	5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Semmar paper		5 points	3	7 points			8 points	10 points
according to evaluation			2			3		4	5
elements	Colloquium / writte exam	en	50-64,9%	6		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%
			25 points	S		30 points		35 points	40 points
	0.1		2			3		5	5
	Oral exam		25 points	s		30 points		35 points	40 points
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		kno	centage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)		erous grade	ECTS grade			
			90 – 100% 80 – 89,9%		excellent) ery good)	A B			

		65 – 79,9%	3 (good)	С			
		60 – 64,9%	2 (sufficient)	D			
		50 – 59,9%	2 (sufficient)	E			
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	TION ABOUT TH	E COURSE					
							T
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title					Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
through other media)		F.Urem "Uvod u objektno orijentirano programiranje s primjenama", Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2016., ISBN: 978-953-7566-20-3.					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)						Available online at e-learning system	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers					increase the efficiency	
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	pages of the course an	d on the web pages of the Polyte ag classes. It is possible to ask q	out the course, teaching and teaching chnic. Students can contact the teacuestions by e-mail (from the official	chers during the consultation to	erm (at least one	hour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations

2. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Želimir Mikulić	Želimir Mikulić 1.7. Credit score (ECTS) 3					
1.2. Course title	Introduction to computer science 1.8. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning) 30 L + 30 P						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Milan Hrga 1.9. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%) Materials available on-line, use of on-line tools (LMC – simulator) 15%						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate professional 2.10. Number of course revisions 1						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	New					
1.6. Year of study	I.	Less than 20% ■ More than 20 % □					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
Students are acquainted with: functioning principles of digital computers, role, complexity and representation of algorithms and with the basics of computational/algorithmic thinking. Understanding abstraction and its role in problem definition and solution finding. Establishing capability for problem solving algorithms selection/accommodation. Understanding interactions between algorithm complexity and its efficiency. Rising knowledge about use of computers and its influence on problem solving, based on the way how computers are functioning, their limitations and the way how information is represented in digital computers.							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	none						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Student understands how to transform different types of information (numerical, textual, visual, audio) into data suitable for recording and manipulating in computers. He is able to categorise data and select suitable coding which is best adopted for the given problem. Student understands how computer functions and is able to distinguish different building parts according to von Neumann model.						

		tudent understands role of algorithms and how are they defined in different categories of programming languages. tudent understands how computers exercise algorithms and is able to evaluate their efficiency.								
	Student applies basic	control str	ructures in algo	rithms as are: condition	onal	execution, p	rogram branc	hes program loops etc.		
	Student can evaluate	ident can evaluate which type of algorithm of iterative or recursive type is effective and efficient in solving of the given problem.					oroblem.			
			CTURES					EXERCISES		
	Introduction to com	_			2	Binary num				2
	Number representat				2	Binary arith				2
	Bool's logic, logic f				2			entation in computers		2
	Combinatorial and				2		tions, logical			2
	Computer architect			ann model	2			functions, minimization		2
25.0	LMC functioning at	•	•		2		nn model, L	MC		2
2.5. Course content according to	Algorithms, definiti	on, examp	les		2	Programing				2
detailed curriculum schedule	Sorting algorithms	. 0 .	··		2	Sort algorit		TMC A 11		2
	Algorithm complex				2	Algorithm programming, LMC Assembler				2
	Formal languages –	Programn	ning language		2	Algorithm programming, LMC Assembler Programming in Phyton			2	
	Programming	Lamabitaatu			2	Computer architecture basics			2	
		Computer types and architecture Communication networks and protocols			2		ystem Windo			2
	Operation systems			2			DWS		2	
	Operation systems Future development and applications of information technologies			2	1 07			$\frac{2}{2}$		
	■ lectures	and appin		•	_	2.7. Comments:				
	□ seminars and work	shops	■ independer				2.7. Commo	ents:		
26 77 11 11	■ practical exercises	F-	□ multimedia	and network						
2.6. Teaching methods	☐ distance education		■ laboratory					prepares students for Pro		d
	□ mixed e-learning		□ mentoring □ other				Computer A	Architecture and Operating	g Systems courses	
	☐ field teaching									
								ot satisfy minimal attenda		ot be
								n lecturer on the be-weekl		
								s, rising questions, proble		
2.8. Students` obligations	students who will	not be ab	ole to attend	lectures regularly sh	oul	d contact le	ecturer in ac	dvance during consultati	on hours or via e-	-mail
								Lecture's weekly schedul		
								i-informaticki-menadzmer		
	course, learning mate			s via e-maii and poste	a oi	n the web pa	ge of course	e-learning site, together	with all information a	about
2.9. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each	Attendance	2		Written exam		0.5		Project		
activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the	Experimental work			Research				Practical work		

credit score of the course)	Essay Report Con- exar						
	Colloquium Seminar paper Othe						
	Class activity		Other				
2.10. Grading and evaluating students` work during classes and on the exam	Attendance 10% Activity in the Class Writen Exam 25% Oral Exam 50%	riten Exam 25%					
2.11. Compulsory literature		Title					bility via media
(available in the library and via other media)	Brookshear G.: Con I.Englander: The Al John Wiley & Sons,	ed., 1 5	-	odf odf			
2.12. Additional litearature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Evans D.: Introduct	Evans D. : Introduction to Computing, Creative Commons, 2011				t	odf
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	track of attendance information for furth rights and obligation Indicators of quality	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keepi track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about the rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.					omework, about their

3. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course lecturer	Želimir Mikulić	1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5			
1.2. Course title	Programming fundamentals	1.8. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	30 L + 45 P			
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Milan Hrga	1.9. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	Materials available on-line, use of on-line tools 10%			
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate professional	undergraduate professional 3.10. Number of course revisions I				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory					
1.6. Year of study	I.	Less than 20% ■ More than 20 % □				
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	This single semester course in programming requires no prior programming experience. Introduces students to the basics of C++ programming language. Goal of this course is to familiarise students with computer and algorithmic thinking, introduce them to the data abstractions and train for problem solving. Students will be able to develop program solutions for problems of basic to medium complexity using C++ programming language. Students rise capability of abstract thinking, are able to select and apply algorithm for solving of typical known problem and define data abstraction for complex data sets.					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Student has attended Introduction to Computer Science Course					
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign languages To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages To apply key aspects of information technologies (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technologies) To link activities of business process modelling with the activities of designing, building and maintaining the information system according to the needs of the client and user					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level						

es, commands, operators, es. and logical expressions atrol: conditional execution and as d recursion a defined data as oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	Week I 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Theme Scratch. Working in MS Visual Studio Expressions, default data types, implicit transformation Variables, constants (literal and declared). Expressions (operator precedence, evaluation) Sequence control: conditional execution and loops. Programming functions Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
es. and logical expressions atrol: conditional execution and as d recursion r defined data s oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	3 4 5 6 7 8	3 3 3 3 3 3	Expressions, default data types, implicit transformation Variables, constants (literal and declared). Expressions (operator precedence, evaluation) Sequence control: conditional execution and loops. Programming functions Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
es. and logical expressions atrol: conditional execution and as d recursion r defined data s oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	3 4 5 6 7 8	3 3 3 3 3	Variables, constants (literal and declared). Expressions (operator precedence, evaluation) Sequence control: conditional execution and loops. Programming functions Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
atrol: conditional execution and as d recursion r defined data s oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	4 5 6 7 8	3 3 3 3 3	precedence, evaluation) Sequence control: conditional execution and loops. Programming functions Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
as 5 d recursion 6 r defined data 7 s 8 oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	5 6 7 8	3 3 3	Programming functions Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
d recursion r defined data s oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	6 7 8	3 3 3	Argument passing (by value/reference), recursion Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
r defined data s 8 oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	7 8	3	Arrays: declaration, use (in expression and as arguments) Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
oriented programming. e" and "public" access.	8	3	Use of pointers and references, advantages and pitfalls
oriented programming. e" and "public" access.			
e" and "public" access.	9	2	Donatition
		3	Repetition
s (attributes and methods).	10	3	Defining and using of classes
erloading. Constructor and	11	3	Polymorphism and operator overloading
unctions and operators).	12	3	Inheritance
1	13	3	Template classes
nming project and team work.	14	3	Project
trol, exceptions handling etc 1	15	3	Project
			2.7. Comments:
aboratory mentoring			Course starts in the second half of winter semester after introduction in Computer Science finishes
	nming project and team work. trol, exceptions handling etc independent tasks multimedia and network aboratory mentoring other udents is 70% of all lectures and exerce	mming project and team work. 14 trol, exceptions handling etc 15 Independent tasks multimedia and network aboratory mentoring other udents is 70% of all lectures and exercises.	mming project and team work. 13 3 mming project and team work. 14 3 trol, exceptions handling etc 15 3 mdependent tasks multimedia and network aboratory mentoring

	students who will not be able to attend lectures regularly should contact lecturer in advance during consultation hours or via e-mai (zelimir.mikulic@vus.hr). It is duty of a student to inform itself about lectures on the daily basis. Lecture's weekly schedule is available on the well site of Polytechnic of Šibenik (http://www.vus.hr/?stranice=raspored-predavanja-preddiplomski-informaticki-menadzment&id=129). Notification about possible changes will be sent to students via e-mail and posted on the web page of course e-learning site, together with all information about course, learning materials, assignments etc.					
	Attendance	2.5	Written exam	2	Project	
2.9. Monitoring student work (enter	Experimental work Research Prac					
the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	
credit score of the course)	Colloquium		Seminar paper		Other	
	Class activity		Other			
2.10. Grading and evaluating students` work during classes and on the exam	obligatory for studen is then used instead semester. Students w	Student's attendance is regularly registered as is activity in class during lectures and exercises. Three colloquiums are organized during semester (not obligatory for students) and student who scores over 50% points on each of them can go directly to oral exam. Total score from all three colloquiums is then used instead of written exam score. If student passes only two out of three colloquiums, he can repeat one he has missed at the end of semester. Students who do not pass all three colloquiums have to approach to the written exam. On the written exam student has to score minimum of 50% points to be allowed to the oral exam. Final grade is based on the following criteria: 10% based on attendance, 15% on activity during ectures and exercises, 25% based on results of written exam and 50% based on results of oral exam.				
	lectures and exercise				ım.	
	lectures and exercise					
2.11. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via	Julijan Šribar, Bori:	s, 25% based on results of	of written exam and 50% b	pased on results of oral exa	Number of copie the library	es in Availability via other media
	Julijan Šribar, Bori izdanje) Želimir Mikulić: Osi Dawson M.: Beginni	s, 25% based on results of section of the section o	Title i C++, Element, Zagreb eučilište u Šibeniku, 2018 Programming, 3ed, Course	pased on results of oral example (ili no	Number of copie the library	es in Availability via
(available in the library and via	Julijan Šribar, Bori izdanje) Želimir Mikulić: Osi Dawson M.: Beginni Downey A.: How to	s, 25% based on results of section of the section o	Title i C++, Element, Zagreb eučilište u Šibeniku, 2018 Programming, 3ed, Course	2001. 2. izdanje (ili no e Technology 2011	Number of copie the library vije 10	es in Availability via other media - pdf pdf

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABO	OUT THE SUBJECT		
1.1. Title	Operational research	1.8. ISVU course code	
1.2. Lecturer	Želimir Mikulić, senior lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional undergraduate study Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, (lectures recorded)
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	0.
1.6. Study year	3	1.13. Modernization	□ yes I no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
	.The aim of this course is to train students in use of quantitative methods for decision making:
	Creating mathematical models of various business problems;
2.1. Course objectives	Finding best method for getting optimal solution based on model;
J.	Evaluate solution and perform sensitivity analysis;
	Apply the learned content of this course in business practice.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2 Finished courses: Mathematics, Business Statistics									
	LO2. Evaluate and define steps in planning, decision making, operations and control then applying computer aided business and manufacturing									
	LO7. Select and use quantitative/mathematical methods, models and techniques appropriate for solving problems from informatics and business domain.									
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO9. To individually and responsibly search and select relevant literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare papers and presentations for general and professional audience and critically evaluate presented professional topics.									
study programme level	LO14. Successfully communicates with clients, users and colleagues, both verbal and in writing, using suitable terminology, what also includes ability to communicate in foreign language about professional topics.									
	LO15. Compare and select suitable development tools from professional viewpoint.									
	LO16. Evaluate deciding factors that have impact on businesses and individual and apply basic methods and concepts of planning, managing and auditing business.									
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 13. Recapture, 14. Understanding, 15. Application, 16. Analysis, 17. Evaluation, 18. Synthesis								
	1. Recognize and analyze problems from the business domain which can be solved by linear programming.									
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	2. Design linear programming model for recognized problems.									
on the course level	3. Apply Simplex method for solving common problems in business.									
	4. Present advantages and limitations of methods and techniques for linear programming on given problem.									
	5. Apply streamlined Simplex method on specific business problems (transport, assignment, stock control, scheduling, network etc.									
	6. Understand and apply different approach in decision making based on problem characteristics.									
	7. Use software tools (Excel add-ins) for creating and solving linear, non-linear and integer problems.									
	8. Recognize biases and fallacies that impact rationality of decision maker and avoid them.									
	9. Evaluate and interpret results of model solving and perform sensitivity analysis for common problems met in the business.	4,5								

	2.5. Course content according to	Constructive alignment									
de	etailed curriculum schedule	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed				

46.	Introduction to Operations Research.	1,2	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Checked by written test and oral exam: student can estimate influence of technology development on capabilities and performance of computers.	2 hour
47.	Linear problems, mathematical model and geometric visualization.	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	-"-: student can create mathematical model of common linear problem	6 hour
48.	Simplex method	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
49.	Solving linear problems in Excel	2,3,4,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hour
50.	Post-optimal analysis, sensitivity and shadow price	2,3,4,7,9	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student evaluate results of model solution	8 hours
51.	Special cases of linear problems, transport problems	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hour
52.	Problem of assignation, modelling in Excel	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
53.	Network models: Minimum Price Maximal Flow Problem	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hour
54.	Network models for project management.	1,2,4,5,6,7	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
55.	Dynamic programming	4,5,6	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
56.	Integer programming in Excel	4,5,6,7,8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
57.	Decision-making theory: Decisions tree.	4,5,6,7,8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	10 hours
58.	Methods for solving nonlinear problems in Excel	6,7,8,9	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	-"-: student designs and solves model of the given problem	8 hours
59.	Selecting best methods for solving common business problems	4,5,6,7,9	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises using computer tools.	Checked by oral exam: Student can select optimal method for modelling given business problem and understand it's advantages and limitations	8 hours
60.	Common fallacies in decision making	8,9	Listen to the lecture and individual preparation for the exam.	Checked by oral exam: Student recognises common fallacies and biases in decision making	8 hours

3.1. Students` obligations

In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures through physical presence or via on-line attendance.

Students who have during the course:

	 satisfied minimal attendance condition, may approach colloquium or written exam. past 50% score from all colloquium or from written exam (exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period) may approach final oral exam past both written and oral exams receive grade and all ECTS credits for that course 								
	Attendance	0.4	Written exam	1.6 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project				
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research		Practical work				
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Essay		Report		Continuous examination				
for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper		Other (inscribe)				
	Class activities	0.4	Oral exam	1.6 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)				
3.3. Student workload	7. Attending classes 8. Creating and Pres	on all bases amounts to 1 EO enting seminar paper e Colloquium / exam through self-		of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 45 10 65					
4. GRADING									
4.1. Seminar paper grading									
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	P Give answer by memory,	00r		sfying without difficulty transfers	Above average				
1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Does not know and does i			nds subject matter, explains	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and				

	and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.			ents the exam		he notions that subs	tantiate by	thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.		
	Active participation in the lessons		70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance		87-100% of attendance		Activity in class	
			2 points		5 points		10 points		+10 points	
4.3. Creating a final grade	Colloquium / written		2			3		4	5	
according to evaluation			50-64,9%		65-79,9%			80-89,9%	90-100%	
elements	CAUTE		25 points		30 points			35 points	40 points	
	Oral exam		2		3			5	5	
			25 points		30 points			35 points	40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade		kno	centage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numero		ECTS grade				
according to absolute allocation			88 – 100%	5 (exce		A				
according to absolute allocation			78 – 87.9%		ry good) B					
			62 – 77.9% 50 – 61.9%	3 (go		C D				
			0 – 49.9%	2 (suff		F				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
(available in the library and	1. Kalpić D., Mornar V., Operacijska istraživanja, DRIP, Zagreb 1996.	5	-
through other media)	2. Hillier F., Lieberman G.: Introduction to operations Research, McGraw Hill 8th ed. 2005,	1	On-line, pdf
	3. Ragsdale C., Spreadsheet Modeling & Decision Making, Thompson South-Western, 5 th ed., 2008	1	On-line, pdf
5.2. Additional literature (at			
the moment of changes and/or	1. Swift L., Piff S.: Quantitative Methods for Business, Menagement and Finance, Palgrave, 3rd Ed.	1	-
amended of study	2. Bradley, Hax, and Magnanti: Applied Mathematical Programming, Addisson-Wesley, 1977	1	On-line, pdf
programme)		•	
500 11	The stand of stade of the little and the state of the sta		-4-4444

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences

The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.

Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and

Alumni association.

5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher

It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).

PK-SP-2. Description of a new course or an amended and/or changed or modernized course

4. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course lecturer	Ivana Beljo	1.8. Course code in ISVU	146563					
1.2. Course title	Financial mathematics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2					
1.6. Year of study	1 st	1.14. Modernization	Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20 % □					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives	<u> </u>	heoretical knowledge: lls of the analytical way of thinking, and the logical way of conclud pasic concepts of financial mathematics with appropriate economic a	•					
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO 1: To analyze the situation, identify opportunities and anticipate the problems encountered by organizations and individuals in the application of information technologies. LO 2: To define and evaluate process of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms of electronically supported business and production.							

2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	7. 3 8. 3 9. 3 10. 3	9. To examine the properties of basic economic functions and comment on them.							
	Cons	tructive allignement		T	T				
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time		
	61.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	-	Listen to lectures. Work independently on computer, get to know course content and elearning documents.	-		2 h		
	62.	Basic Economic Accounts. Percentage and per mille account. The triple rule. Division account.	1	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams elect the appropriate economic account a to the problem from the economic practic	nd apply	6 h		
2.5. Course content according to	63.	Sequences. Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences	2	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams know how to differentiate arithmetic and sequences. Solve exercises.		4 h		
detailed curriculum schedule	64.	Economic Functions. Demand and Supply Function.	3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to define economic functions, sketch a graph of functions, and examine the demand and supply variability		4 h		
	65.	Elasticity. Equilibrium.	3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to define and calculate the equilibrium of functions, solve the elasticity of supply and demand functions.		4 h		
	66.	66. Economic Functions. Revision for colloquium. Colloquium.		Write the colloquium.	-		40 h		
	67.	Simple Interest Account. Anticipative and Decursive Interest Calculation.	4	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	 In colloquium or written and oral exams stude know how to define and solve the tasks of a si interest account. 		4 h		
	68.	Compound Interest Account.	4	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams studen know how to define and differentiate the type of interest account, solve the tasks of a compound interest account.		4 h		

	69.	Interest rates. Conformal and Relative interest rate.	4, 5	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to define and differentiate the interest rate, and choose the appropriate method of transforming the nominal interest rate into a conformal or relative one.	4 h
	70.	Prenumerando and postnumerando Present and Final Value. Perpetual annuity.	4, 5	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate and interpret the elements in the examples with periodic payments.	4 h
		Loan. Repayment model of the loan.	6	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate the loan according to the repayment models with equal annuities, models with equal repayment quotas and agreed annuities, and make a loan repayment schedule.	4 h
	72.	Loan. The conversion of the loan.	6	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate the loan after the loan conversion, and make a loan repayment schedule.	4 h
	73. Loan. Combined loan repayment model.		6	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams students know how to calculate combined loan repayment and make a loan repayment schedule.	4 h
	14	Loan. Revision for colloquium. Colloquium.	4,5,6	Write the colloquium.	-	40 h
	75.	Revision		Listen to lectures and read literature.	-	40 h
3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS	WORK					
3.1. Students` obligations	at least 70° Students	%. Part-time students are required to atts who have during the course achieved: from 0 - 24,9% ECTS credits- are rate from 25 - 49,9% - are assessed by FX extraordinary exam period; more than 50% - students have the right	tend classes d F (unsucce K (insufficient that to take the rse in two v	at least 50%. All students are requessful) and cannot obtain ECTS crut) and must pass the written exame final exam. vays: a) during the course of teach	t and Evaluation: for all full-time students at aired to carry calculator and formulae list. edits, and must re-enroll in the next academic m (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a ching through continuous monitoring of student of the exam).	c year; a regular or

Written exam

Research

Report

3,5 (without colloquia)

Project

Practical work

0,5

Continuous

examination

3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each

activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the

credit score of the course)

Attendance

Essay

Experimental work

0,5

	Colloquium	3,5 (exan	without written	Semin	ar paper			Other		
	Class activity	0,5		Oral e	xam	1		Other		
3.3. Student workload 4. GRADING SYSTEM	3. Attendi	ϵ								
4.1. Grading seminar papers										
	Uı	nsatisfactor	ry		Satisfactory			Above	average	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	understanding. D basic terms and c	by memory, without a deeper ding. Does not know or apply and concepts. Does not know ply or explain the contents of the difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Find the contents of the difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.					oroughly explains the lects and explains the les. Finds solutions that			
			70-74,9% of a	attendance	75-79,9% of a	ttendance	80-89,9% of	attendance	90-1	00% of attendance
	Active course att	endance	2 poir	nts	5 poin	ts	10 po	ints		20 points
			2		3		4			5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/ Writte	en exam	50-64,	9%	65-79,9	9%	80-89,9%			90-100%
evaluation elements			25 poi	nts	30 poir	nts	35 po	ints		40 points
	Oral exam		2		3		5			5
	Of all exam		25 poi	nts	30 poi	nts	35 po	ints		40 points
4.3. Final grade according to	3 Final grade according to		Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)		Numerical grade		grade			
absolute division		80	0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%	4 (v	excellent) ery good)	A B C				
		60	65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9%		3 (good) 2 (satisfactory)					
		50	50 – 59,9%		tisfactory)	Е				

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFO	RMATION		
5.1 Commulator literatura	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via	Šorić K., Zbirka zadataka iz matematike s primjenom u ekonomiji, Element, Zagreb, 2011. (selected chapters)	7	
other media)	Šego B., Lukač Z., Financijska matematika, Udžbenici Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, Zagreb, 2011(selected chapters)	5	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Teaching material and exercises Babić Z., Tomić Plazibat N., Poslovna matematika, Ekonomski fakultet Split, 2003 (selected chapters) Babić Z., Tomić N., Aljinović Z., Matematika za ekonomiste, Ekonomski fakultet Split, 2004 (selected charshbarger R.J., Reynolds J.J., Mathematical Applications for the Management, Life and Social Science 2004. (selected chapters)		mpany, Boston,
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be entrack of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progres information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.	s through short colloquiu work. Students will be in	ims and homework, informed about their
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and or contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions at class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	the website of the Polyte and explanations they can	echnic. Students can be contacted during

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Principles of economics	1.8. ISVU course code	PINF-1					
1.2. Lecturer	Dijana Mečev, PhD, s. lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Undergraduate study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	0					
1.6. Study year	1 st	1.13. Modernization	□ yes • no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectice of the course is to ensure students have the ability to understand main economic relationships and processes from different areas of real economic issues.
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

	LO6: 7	To properly write and interpret basic concepts in the	e field of econor	mics of enterprises, entrepreneurs and entr	epreneurship and properly interpret their interdepend	lence.
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO16:	To valorize elevant factors that affect organization	n`s and individu	al's business and apply basic methods and	concepts of planning, management and accounting.	
study programme level		To communicate successfully with clients, users an and spoken manner.	and colleagues u	sing appropriate terminology, including th	ne ability to communicate professionally in a foreign	language, both in
2.4 Emerted beaming automore	Lear	ning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonor two verbs per LO)	my:			LO Level: 19. Recapture, 20. Understanding, 21. Application, 22. Analysis, 23. Evaluation, 24. Synthesis
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	1	. To demonstrate knowledge and understanding problem of scarcity.	g of course conte	ent by defining and describing basic conce	epts of economics as a science that addresses the	1, 1
	2	2. To analyze economic trends using supply and	demand analysi	is.		4
	3		duct demand.			4
	4					2
	5				ct, inflation and unemployment	3, 5
	- 6	, , , , , ,			1 1100	4
	7	7. To link fundamental economic principles and	insights, their o	verall nature and appearance, and similari	ties and differences.	6
	Cons	tructive alignment Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
	76.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	-	Listen to lectures. By working independently on a computer, they are introduced to the course content and the documents on the e-learning page of the course.	-	2 hours
.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule		Introduction to economics.	1	Listen to the lecture and read the literature, write homework.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define and describe the basic economic concepts; explain the circuit diagram and its application and the law of diminishing returns.	8 hours
detaned curriculum schedule	77.	77. Supply and demand. How do markets work?		Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Individually or in pairs solve case studies, discuss on the exposed topic. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define supply / demand and analyze the impact of individual variables on supply and demand curves	10 hours
	78.	Elasticity and its application.	1, 2	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Solve exercises.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can define supply / demand elasticity and analyze its application.	8 hours
	79.				8 hours	
	80.	Production and business organization.	1	Listen to the lecture and read the literature, discuss on the exposed topic.	In colloquium or written and oral exams they know how to define the term and forms of enterprise and describe the economic characteristics of large and	

		<u></u>		T	11	
					small enterprises. They can explain the law of diminishing returns, and calculate and interpret	
					marginal and average products.	
					In colloquium or written and oral exams they can	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	define types of costs. They know how to calculate	
	81.	Cost analysis.	1	literature. Solve exercises.	and interpret marginal, average, fixed, variable and	8 hours
		,			total costs. They know how to use cost curves in	
					business analysis.	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	In colloquium or written and oral exams they	
				literature. They use multimedia and	know how to define perfect competition, analyze	
	82.	Perfect competition. Market failure.	1, 2, 7	network. Individually or in pairs solve case studies. Solve exercises.	the income of companies in the market of perfect competition. They know how to determine the	10 hours
		Market failure.		case studies. Solve exercises.	point of enterprise closing down. They can list and	
					explain market failures.	
					In colloquium or written and oral exams they know	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	how to define a monopoly and explain causal	
				literature. They discuss on the	factors driving. They know how to calculate and	
	83.	Monopoly	1, 2, 3, 7	exposed topic. Solve exercises.	interpret the total, average and marginal revenue of	8 hours
			, , - , -		monopolists. They know how to use the demand	
					curve to analyze monopolist profit maximization. They know how to distinguish between monopoly	
					and perfect competition.	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	In colloquium or written and oral exams they know	
				literature. They use multimedia and	how to define an oligopoly and explain causal	
		Oligopoly and game theory.		network. They discuss on the exposed	factors driving. They know how to determine Nash	8 hours
	84.	Monopolistic competition.	1, 2, 3, 7	topic. Individually or in pairs solve case studies.	Equilibrium in the oligopoly market. They can	
	04.		1, 2, 3, 7		define monopolistic competition. They know how	
					to distinguish the behavior of companies in the	
					monopolistic competition in the short term from the behavior in the long term.	
					In colloquium or written and oral exams they know	
					how to define and explain factors of production	
					(inputs). They know how to analyze the impact of	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	individual variables on labor market supply and	
	0.5		1 2 2 4	literature. They discuss on the	demand curves. They know how to explain the	101
	85.	Input Markets.	1, 2, 3, 4	exposed topic. Solve exercises.	impact of unions and collective bargaining on	10 hours
					wages and employment. They can think critically about the reasons for the existence of wage	
					differences and the justification for rent payments.	
					They know how to calculate and interpret the	
					present value of a capital good.	
				Listen to the lecture and read the	In colloquium or written and oral exams they can	
	86. The State and the Economy. 7		literature. They use multimedia and	explain the reasons for state intervention, critically		
		The State and the Economy.	7	network. They discuss on the exposed	consider ways of state intervention in economic	6 hours
			topic	developments. They are able to explain public		
				1	choice theory and the majority paradox. In colloquium or written and oral exams they can	
	87.	Income distribution and poverty.	4, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the	define poverty and its forms, explain Lorenz curve	6 hours
	J		-, '	literature. Student explore the content	define poverty and its forms, explain Lorenz curve	

					of this topic area by sea database.	rching the		ini coefficient. They can explain equalities occur.	
	88.	Basic concepts of macr	oeconomics. 1,	, 5	Listen to the lecture and literature. They discuss exposed topic. Solve ex	on the	able to define C and explain the calculate and ir GDP deflator, or rate. They are c	or written and oral exams they are GDP, inflation and unemployment ir components. They know how to atterpret nominal and real GDP, consumer price index and inflation capable of thinking critically about ure of welfare and about causes of	10 hours
	89.	Aggregate supply and of The financial market at Central Banking and M	id a money issue.	, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and literature. They discuss exposed topic. Solve ex	on the	use the aggrega model to analyz know how to ca investment mul	or written and oral exams they can the supply and aggregate demand ze fluctuations in the economy. They alculate and interpret the extent of an ltiplier. They can explain the role of etary policy in the economy.	10 hours
	90.	Concluding Considerat preparation for the exam			Listen to the lecture and preparation for the exam				32 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN									
3.1. Students` obligations	Studer Studer	at least 50% of lectures ats who have during the co From 0 – 24,9% ECT From 25 – 49,9% ECT More than 50% ECT ats can pass the final exam	ourse achieved: S credits- is rated F (unsucce TS credits - is rated FX (inac S credits - students have the r	essful) and dequate) an right to acc ourse throu	cannot get ECTS credits ard has to come out and pass ess the final exam of the sugh continuous student atter	nd must re-enrol the test (exam). bject.	the subject in the A written exam o	st 70% attendance. Part-time students next academic year; can be held in a regular or extraordina lessons, solving case studies and pas	nry exam period;
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Attend		0,5		en exam	3 (by submittin colloquiums the relieved of an vexamination)	g all e student is	Project	
for each activity so that the total	Experi	mental work		Rese	arch			Practical work	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score	Essay			Repo	rt			Continuous examination	
of the course)	Collog	uium	4 (by submitting both colloquiums the student relieved of a written and		nar paper			Other (inscribe)	

		oral examination)					
	Class activities	0,5	Oral exam	1 (by submitting all colloquiums the student relieved of an oral examination)	is Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 10. Attending classes	10. Attending classes 60					
4. GRADING							
4.1. Seminar paper grading							
	F	Poor	Satis	fying		ove average	
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, new knowledge, understar the terms and the noti examples.	nds subject matter, explair	evaluation. It observe thoroughly explains the logically links and ex	evel of analysis, synthesis and solutions legitimacy, accurately and ne content of the subject, and plains the terms and concepts ind solutions that are not the is a correlation with	
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-86% of att	endance 87-	100% of attendance	Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	3 points	5 point	s	7 points	3 points	
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation		2	3		4	5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%	65-79,9	%	80-89,9%	90-100%	
		27 points	33 poin	ts	39 points	45 points	
	Oral exam	2	3		5	5	

	27 points	S	3	3 points		39 points	45 points
knov	wledge, skills and	Numerou	s grade	ECTS grade			
	90 – 100%	5 (exce	ellent)	A			
	80 – 89,9%	4 (very	good)	В			
	65 – 79,9%	3 (go	od)	С		1	
60 - 64,9%	60 - 64,9%	2 (suffi	cient)	D			
	50 - 59,9%	2 (suffi	cient)	Е			
<u></u>	kno	90 – 100% 80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9% 60 – 64,9%	knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerous 90 - 100% 5 (excessed = 80 - 89,9%) 80 - 89,9% 4 (very = 65 - 79,9%) 60 - 64,9% 2 (suffision = 50 - 59,9%) 20 - 59,9% 2 (suffision = 50 - 59,9%)	knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerous grade 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) 60 - 64,9% 2 (sufficient) 50 - 59,9% 2 (sufficient)	knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerous grade ECTS grade 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) A 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) B 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) C 60 - 64,9% 2 (sufficient) D 50 - 59,9% 2 (sufficient) E	knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerous grade ECTS grade 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) A 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) B 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) C 60 - 64,9% 2 (sufficient) D 50 - 59,9% 2 (sufficient) E	knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Numerous grade ECTS grade 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) A 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) B 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) C 60 - 64,9% 2 (sufficient) D 50 - 59,9% 2 (sufficient) E

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE

5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	d 1. Samuelson, P. A. i Nordhaus, W. (2007). Ekonomija, 18th edition, Zagreb: Mate d.o.o.	15	
5.2. Additional literature the moment of changes at amended of study programme)	5. I olovina, 5. I wiedie D. 5. (2002). Oshove ekonomije, priracija za stadij ekonomije. Zagreb, wiedijek.	5 5	
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the coand contact with the teach	pages of the course and on the wee pages of the Follyteenmer students can contact the teneral and the constitution term (at reast one in	nour per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations

5. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course lecturer	Ana Perišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	146563			
1.2. Course title	Mathematics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG				
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-	-line, 0%		
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1			
1.6. Year of study	1 st	1.15. Modernization	Yes			
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X More than 20 %			
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Introducing students to the fundament courses. Adopting analytical skills, lo	ntal concepts of linear algebra and functions of single variable, whice ogical and critical thinking skills.	h they can apply in different	economics		
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.				
	LO7: to select and apply mathemati business systems	cal methods, models and techniques that are appropriate for solvi	ing problems in the area of	information and		
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO16: to valorize elevant factors that affect organization's and individual's business and apply basic methods and concepts of planning, management and accounting					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes accroding to the	ne Bloom`s taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	2 3 4 5	el of LO: 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application, 1-analysis, 5-evaluation, 6-synthesis		
	13. Perform fundamental operations on set		4			
	14. Carry out fundamental operations on n	natrices		4		

	15. P	Propose a method and solve systems of linear equati	ons;			5,4			
	16. C	Conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable				4			
	17. A	apply linear algebra and functional analysis method	s in economic j	problems solving		3,4			
	Constructive alignment								
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation	Time			
	91.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan. Introduction to set theory.	1	Attending lectures. Familiarize with course content, e-learning documents, literature and students' obligations.	Students perform fundamental operations on so through colloquia or written/oral exams.	ts 1 h 3h 8h			
	92.	Matrices: definitions, properties and calculus.	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students carry out fundamental operations on matrices through colloquia or written/oral exar	ns. 4h 8h			
	93.	Determinants: definition and calculus	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students carry out fundamental operations on matrices through colloquia or written/oral exar	ns. 4h 8h			
	94.	Inverse matrix. Matrix equations.	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students carry out fundamental operations on matrices through colloquia or written/oral exar	as. 4h 8h			
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	95.	Systems of linear equations. Cramer rule. Matrix equations.	3,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will propose a method and solve syste of linear equations; they will apply linear alget methods in economic problems solving throug colloquia or written/oral exams.	ra 📗			
	96.	Systems of linear equations. Gaussian elimination.	3,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will propose a method and solve syste of linear equations; they will apply linear algel methods in economic problems solving throug colloquia or written/oral exams.	ra 👢			
	97.	Matrix calculus. Application in economics. Exam preparation	2, 3,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion.	Students will carry out fundamental operations matrices, propose a method and solve systems linear equations; they will apply linear algebra methods in economic problems solving throug colloquia or written/oral exams.	of 4h			
	98.	Functions. Definition, properties.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functio one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	ns of 4h 8h			
	99.	Elementary functions. Domain.	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functio one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	as of 4h 8h			

			Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable through colloquia or written/oral	4h	-
100.	Elementary functions.	4	discussion. Attending lectures. Actively involving	exams. Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of	8h	_
101.	Limit of a function. Asymptote.	4	students through problem solving and discussion.	one variable through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h	
102.	The derivative of a function	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h	
103.	Monotonicity and local extrema.	4,5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h	
104.	Function graphs	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h	
105.	An application of functional analysis in economics. Exam preparation	4, 5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion.	Students will conduct basic analysis of functions of one variable, they will apply functional analysis methods in economic problems solving through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations

In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendance of at

least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved:

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students can take the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and oral part of the exam).

	Attendance	0,5	Written exam	Written exam 3,5 (without		Project					
	Experimental work		Research			Practical work					
the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the	Essay		Report			Continuous examination	0,5				
credit score of the course)	Colloquium	3,5 (without written exam)	Seminar paper			Other					
	Class activity	0,5	Oral exam	1		Other					
3.3. Student workload	5. Attending of										
4. GRADING SYSTEM											
4.1. Grading seminar papers											
	Unsati	isfactory	Satisfactory			Above average					
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory understanding. Does basic terms and conclude to apply or explactourse with examples	not know or apply epts. Does not know ain the contents of the	Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms observes the difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms.			is at the level of analysis, sy- e principles, accurately and the material, and logically cor- concepts supported with exam- iginally given. Notes correlated	horoughly explains the nnects and explains the uples. Finds solutions that				
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	access to the oral e Students who did no the oral exam, studen	During the semester, students have the possibility to partially take written exams through colloquia (twice during the semester). In order to have coess to the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on each colloquium. Also, students have a possibility to retake one colloquium. tudents who did not pass at least one colloquia (or retaken colloquia) need to take part in the written exam. In this case, in order to have access to be oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on written exam. The final grade is formed after the oral exam by aggregating scores achieved in the written exam/colloquia, oral exam and during classes.									
4.3. Final grade according to		Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and mpetences (teaching + final exam)	Numerical grade	ECTS g	rade						
absolute division	<u> </u>	90 – 100% 80 – 89,9%	5 (excellent) 4 (very good)	A B							
		65 – 79,9%	3 (good)	C							
		60 - 64,9% 50 - 59,9%	2 (satisfactory) 2 (satisfactory)	D E							

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFO	RMATION							
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via	Perišić, A. i Devčić, K. (2016) Matematika s primjenom u ekonomiji. Veleučilište u Šibeniku, Šibenik. Babić, Z., Tomić Plazibat, N. (2003) Poslovna matematika. Ekonomski fakultet Split, Split. (selected	2	Yes					
other media)	chapters) Šorić, K. (2011) Zbirka zadataka iz matematike s primjenom u ekonomiji. Element, Zagreb. (selected	7 7	Yes yes					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	chapters) Lukač, Z (2014) Matematika za ekonomske analize, Udžbenici Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, Element, Zagreb. Babić Z., Tomić N., Aljinović Z. (2004) Matematika za ekonomiste, Ekonomski fakultet Split Harshbarger R.J., Reynolds J.J.(2004) Mathematical Applications for the management, life and social sciences, 7th 6 Teaching materials	kač, Z (2014) Matematika za ekonomske analize, Udžbenici Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, Element, Zagreb. bić Z., Tomić N., Aljinović Z. (2004) Matematika za ekonomiste, Ekonomski fakultet Split rshbarger R.J., Reynolds J.J.(2004) Mathematical Applications for the management, life and social sciences, 7th edition, Boston New York, Houghton Company.						
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be entrack of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.	s through short colloquiu work. Students will be i	ms and homework, nformed about their					
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions are class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which we than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	the website of the Polyte and explanations they can	echnic. Students can be contacted during					

1. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course title	English for Information Technology I	1.8. Course code in ISVU	201304					
1.2. Course lecturer	Goran Crnica, prof., pred. (lecturer)	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+15+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate professional study of Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e-learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, %					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2					
1.6. Year of study	1st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	3	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	The aim of the course is to develop language structures, lexis and grammar from the business English language at the intermediate and higher level. Special attention is given to perfecting the techniques of listening, reading, speaking and writing. Professional vocabulary should be mastered at an intermediate and higher level. The objectives also include the repetition and determination of basic tenses, the adoption of professional vocabulary related to the language of information technologies, as well as international and intercultural economic issues.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year secondary education completed; possessing a Level 4.2 qualification according to the CROQF. Proficiency in English at minimum B1 level.						
	LO 1: To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign language						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO 3: To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages						
study programme level	O 10: Develop team and interpersonal teamwork skills, master communication skills nd presentation skills for assigned topics and tasks (case studies, projects, seminars) sing advanced software tools for document creation, presentation and budget implementation						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level (4-10	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy:	LO level: 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 6 - synthesis					
learning outcomes)	18. To define and explain business English keywords	1,2					
8	19. To explain and apply correctly grammatical structures and vocabulary in the field of Business English	2,3					
	20. To create independently and present content in the field of Business English	3					
	21. To analyse medium-sized professional texts and solve language tasks	4					
	22. To argue critically the views expressed and express your own views on the topic of Business English	5					
	23. To use part of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEF) level B1-B1-B2 language competences to generate new ideas	6					

	Cons	tructive alignment					
	r.br.	Thematic topic of the lecture	Thematic topic of the language exercises	LO of the course	Content / teaching method	Evaluation	Hours needed
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	106.	Introduction into the course	Students introduce themselves to each other in English	3,5,6	Students listen to the lectures. They work independently on the computer, inform themselves about the course content and eLearning documents. Students get to know each other in small groups, discuss the reasons for choosing their studies and explain what they expect from the studies. Group representatives present to their colleagues the similarities and differences in the reasons for choosing their studies. Students are introduced to the Polytechnic's Code of Ethics.	In the oral part of the final exam, you introduce yourself or your colleagues. They express their opinion about their own linguistic progress and point out the shortcomings and strengths.	3

107.	Companies; A matter of choice	Company structure	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
108.	Grammar notes (present tenses)	Language check (present tenses)	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
109.	Leadership; when to terrorize talent	Reading, vocabulary, collocations	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
110.	Past tenses	Language check (past tenses)	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
111.	Strategy; The big picture	Reading, vocabulary exercises	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
112.	Grammar notes (future forms)	Career skills; Talking about your job	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam.	3

				certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own	In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain	
				examples.	grammatical structures.	
113.	Articles	Case study	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
114.	Pay; the rewards of failure Review 1	Vocabulary; multi- part words	1,2,4,5,6	The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Before the colloquium, students are asked to ask questions about content or grammar.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	25
115.	Grammar notes (present perfect)	Career skills; Getting things done	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
116.	Development; Prosperity or preservation	Vocabulary exercises; understanding	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B1-B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
117.	Language check; Modal verbs of likelihood	Career skills; Giving short presentations	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
118.	Marketing; Seducing the masses	Writing	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms.	3

					express opinions and poi The use of all language s (listening, speaking, read writing) is recommended	kills ling and	texts and use pa level B1-B2 of	of the final exam, the students is their views on the unit topics and art of the general language skills at the Common European Framework Languages by presenting their ngs.	
	119.	Comparatives and superlatives	Skills; Considering alternatives	2,3,4,6	exchange their own expe certain topic and practice structures by formulating	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.		Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures	
	120.	Review 2	Final discussion and signatures	1,2,4,5,6	The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloque of the finel grammar and spelling problems.		pelling problems at the colloquium in part of the final exam. of the final exam, students use ples to explain how to use certain	26	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	TWO	RK			•		-		
3.1. Student obligations	require The str partici passes Studen	ed to attend classes and tead udent's acquired knowledge pation in teaching and their both exams, he/she is exen at achievements: Students with 0 - 24.9 Students with 25 - 49. period; Students with more the ats can pass the final exam passing two colloquia and a	ch at least 50%; they are is tested during the cour presentation of homewon the form the written part of ECTS credits - are 19% of ECTS credits - are 19% of ECTS credits - are 19% of ECTS credits in two ways: In oral exam during the results in the second of ECTS credits in two ways:	also required rse content. S ork. Of particular of the final graded with a e graded FX (- students have egular or extra	to write homework. Students tudents are evaluated during alar importance for the final alexam and is obliged to take in F (unsuccessful) and cannot insufficient) and must pass the teright to take the final experience.	s are required to the teaching prograde are the two the oral final ex of earn ECTS crone written exam	bring writing ma ocess, with partic o written tests the am.	d attendance is at least 70%. Part-taterials (paper and pen/ballpoint peular attention being paid to the studat the student takes during the semental the course in the next acade on exam can be held in a regular or	n) to the exercises. lent's active ester. If the student mic year;
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attend	lance	0,5	Writ	ten exam	1 (without colle	oquia)	Project	
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experi	mental work		Rese	earch			Practical work	
for each activity so that the total number	Essay			Rep	ort			Continuous evaluation	
of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	1 (without written example)	m) Sem	inar paper			(Homework for part-time students)	0,5
the credit score of the course)	Active	participation	0,5	Oral	exam	1		(Other)	
3.3. Student workload	The v	workload of students of	on all bases is 1 EC	ΓS credit p	oint (30 semester hours	and is estin	nated as:		

	Oblig	Obligation											
		Attending classes and language exercises Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work											
4. GRADING SYSTEM	13. Tiopan	ng conoquia	or exams unough me	avidual Work			45						
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-												
		Unsatisfa	actory			Satisf	actory			Alt	ove average		
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.			erms impexplain exp	arts new know	vledge,	Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthes evaluation. Observes the principles, accuratel thoroughly explains the content of the material logically connects and explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Finds soluthat were not originally given. Notes correlative with related material.				s, accurately and the material, and e terms and . Finds solutions		
	Active participation lectures and language		70-74,9% of attendance		75-79,9% of attendance		80-89	9% of at	tendance	90-100	0% of attendance		
	exercises	lage	2 poir	nts		5 point	s		10 poin	ts		20 points	
			2			3			4			5	
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/Written	exam	50-64,	1-64,9% 65-79,9% 80-89,9% 90-1		90-100%							
			25 poi	ints		30 poin	ts		35 poin	ts		40 points	
	Oral exam		2			3			5			5	
	Oral exam		25 poi	ints		30 poin	ts		35 poin	ts		40 points	
4.4. Final grade according to absolute division		Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 - 100% 80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9% 60 - 64,9%		5 (ex 4 (ve 3 (2 (sati	ical grade cellent) ry good) good) sfactory)	ellent) A good) B ood) C							
5. ADDITIONAL COURSE IN	FORMATION	50	0 – 59,9%	2 (sati	sfactory)		Е						
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and				Title						Number of the lib		Availability via other media	

via other media)	1. "Intelligent Business", Coursebook, Intermediate Business English, Tonya Trappe, Graham Tullis, Pearson Longman
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	2. "Intelligent Business", Skills Book, Intermediate Business English, Tonya Trappe, Graham Tullis, Pearson Longman 3. "Intelligent Business", Workbook, Intermediate Business English, Tonya Trappe, Graham Tullis, Pearson Longman Availability via e-learning platform
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of student work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on student progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published on time on the e-learning site of the course and the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later than five working days after receiving the e-mail).

2. GENERAL INFORMATION										
1.1. Course title	English for Information Technology II	1.8. Course code in ISVU	202201							
1.2. Course lecturer	Goran Crnica, prof., pred. (lecturer)	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG								
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	-	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+15+0+0)							
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate professional study of management	1.11. Level of e-learning application (1st, 2nd, 3rd level), percentage of online course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, %							
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2							
1.6. Year of study	1st	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no							
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	3	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %							

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	The aim of the course is to develop language structures, lexis and grammar from the business English language at the intermediate and higher level. Special attention is given to perfecting the techniques of listening, reading, speaking and writing. Professional vocabulary should be mastered at an intermediate and higher level. The objectives also include the repetition and determination of basic tenses, the adoption of professional vocabulary related to the language of information technologies, as well as international and intercultural economic issues.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year secondary education completed; possessing a Level 4.2 qualification according to the CROQF. Proficiency in English at minimum B1 level.								
	LO 1: To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign language								
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO 3: To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages								
study programme level	LO 10: Develop team and interpersonal teamwork skills, master communication skills and presentation skills for assigned topics and tasks (case studies, projects, seminars) asing advanced software tools for document creation, presentation and budget implementation								
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level (4-10	Learning outcomes according to Bloom's taxonomy:	LO level: 1 - memory, 2 - understanding, 3 - application, 4 - analysis, 5 - evaluation, 6 - synthesis							
learning outcomes)	24. To define and explain business English keywords	1,2							
8 /	25. To explain and apply correctly grammatical structures and vocabulary in the field of Business English and IT	2,3							
	26. To create independently and present content in the field of Business English for IT	3							
	27. To analyse medium-sized professional texts and solve language tasks	4							
_	28. To argue critically the views expressed and express your own views on the topic of Business English	5							
	29. To use part of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEF) level B2 language competences to generate new ideas	6							

	Cons	tructive alignment					
	r.br.	Thematic topic of the lecture	Thematic topic of the language exercises	LO of the course	Content / teaching method	Evaluation	Hours needed
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	121.	Outdourcing: "The great job migration"	Offshoring, Collocations Making and responding to suggestions	3,5,6	Students listen to the lectures. They work independently on the computer, inform themselves about the course content and eLearning documents. Students get to know each other in small groups, discuss the reasons for choosing their studies and explain what they expect from the studies. Group representatives present to their colleagues the similarities and differences in the reasons for choosing their studies. Students are introduced to the Polytechnic's Code of Ethics.	In the oral part of the final exam, you introduce yourself or your colleagues. They express their opinion about their own linguistic progress and point out the shortcomings and strengths.	3

			T	1	T		,
	122.	Modal verbs	Sentence completition and translation	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
	123.	Conditionals; Type 1	The conditional sentences, practice	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
	124.	Conditional sentence; Type 2 and Type 3	Speaking, vocabulary practicing	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
	125.	Finance; The bottom line, The profit and loss	Adjetives and adverbs	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
	126.	Passive voice	Passive sentence practicing	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
1	127.	Recruitment; Hiring for the future	Relative pronouns; Word-building;	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam.	3

	A full house	Small-talk		certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	
128.	Relative pronouns	Career skills, attitudes to personal space	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
129.	Review 1	Review 1 – Self Evaluation	1,2,4,5,6	The students listen to the lecture and prepare individually for the exam. Before the colloquium, students are asked to ask questions about content or grammar.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	25
130.	Counterfeiting Imitating property is theft	Prefixes Career skills; Giving reasons	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
131.	Markets "Going, going, gone"	Compound nouns Making and responding to offers	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to express opinions and points of view. The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms. In the oral part of the final exam, the students critically discuss their views on the unit topics and texts and use part of the general language skills at level B2 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages by presenting their ideas and findings.	3
132. L		Vocabulary and language check	2,3,4,6	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own examples.	Students apply grammar structures and solve grammar and spelling problems at the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam. In the oral part of the final exam, students use everyday examples to explain how to use certain grammatical structures.	3
133.	Reported speech	Reported sentence formation	1,4,5,6	Students listen to the lecture and take an active part by asking questions and answering questions. In the lectures, students are encouraged to engage in dialogue and discussion, as well as to	At the colloquium or in the written part of the final exam, the pupils define and explain the most important terms of the learning units. They solve language exercises that demonstrate an understanding of the meaning of key terms.	3

					express opinions and points of v The use of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) is recommended.	d critically texts and level B2	al part of the final exam, the students discuss their views on the unit topics at use part of the general language skills a of the Common European Framework of the for Languages by presenting their ideatings.	ıt f	
	134. CC		Information overload	2,3,4,6	exchange their own experiences certain topic and practice langua	Students listen to a lecture on grammar and spelling. The students exchange their own experiences on a certain topic and practice language structures by formulating their own Students apply grammar and s or in the writte In the oral part everyday exam		3	
	135.	Review 2	Review 2 – Self evaluation	1,2,4,5,6	The students listen to the lecture prepare individually for the exar Before the colloquium, students asked to ask questions about cor or grammar.	grammar or in the or in the In the or everyday	apply grammar structures and solve and spelling problems at the colloquiur written part of the final exam. al part of the final exam, students use examples to explain how to use certain ical structures.	26	
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	TWO	RK				·			
3.1. Student obligations	Following the Rulebook on Studying and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students, the required attendance is at least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes and teach at least 50%; they are also required to write homework. Students are required to bring writing materials (paper and pen/ballpoint pen) to the exercises. The student's acquired knowledge is tested during the course content. Students are evaluated during the teaching process, with particular attention being paid to the student's active participation in teaching and their presentation of homework. Of particular importance for the final grade are the two written tests that the student takes during the semester. If the student passes both exams, he/she is exempted from the written part of the final exam and is obliged to take the oral final exam. Student achievements: Students with 0 - 24.9% of ECTS credits - are graded with an F (unsuccessful) and cannot earn ECTS credits and must re-enrol the course in the next academic year; Students with 25 - 49.9% of ECTS credits - are graded FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). The written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; Students with more than 50% of ECTS credits - students have the right to take the final exam. Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) by passing two colloquia and an oral exam during the regular or extraordinary exam; b) by passing the final exam consisting of a written and an oral exam during the regular or extraordinary exam.								
3.2. Monitoring student work	Attend	lance	0,5	Writ	ten exam 1 (with	nout colloquia)	Project		
(enter the share of ECTS credits	Experi	mental work		Rese	earch		Practical work		
for each activity so that the total number	Essay			Repo	ort		Continuous evaluation		
of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	1 (without written exa	m) Semi	inar paper		(Homework for part-time students)	0,5	
the credit score of the course)	Active	participation	0,5	Oral	exam 1		(Other)		
3.3. Student workload	The v	workload of students	on all bases is 1 EC	ΓS credit po	oint (30 semester hours) and	is estimated as:	:		

	Oblig	Obligation											
			d language exercises or exams through ind				45 45						
4. GRADING SYSTEM	13. Trepair	ng conoquia	or exams unough me	avidual work			10						
4.1. Grading seminar papers	-												
		Unsatisfa	actory			Satisf	actory			Al	ove average		
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.			erms im explain ex	parts new knov	ledge,	knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthet evaluation. Observes the principles, accurate thoroughly explains the content of the material, concepts supported with concepts supported with concepts supported with examples. Finds so that were not originally given. Notes correlativity with related material.				s, accurately and the material, and teterms and Finds solutions		
	Active participation lectures and langu		70-74,9% of attendance		e 75-79,9% of attendance			80-89,	9% of at	tendance	90-100	% of attendance	
	exercises	iage	2 poir	nts		5 point	S		10 poin	ts		20 points	
			2			3			4			5	
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements	Colloquia/Written exam		50-64,9%		65-79,99		%		80-89,9	%		90-100%	
evaluation elements			25 poi	ints		30 poin	ts		35 poin	ts		40 points	
			2			3			5			5	
	Oral exam		25 poi	ints		30 poin	ts		35 poin	ts		40 points	
4.4. Final grade according to		Percenta knowle competence			Jumerical grade		ECTS grade						
absolute division			0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%		ery good)		A B						
		65	5 – 79,9% 0 – 64,9%	3	(good) isfactory)		C D						
) – 64,9%) – 59,9%		isfactory)		E						
5. ADDITIONAL COURSE IN	FORMATION												
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and									Availability via other media				

via other media)	4. Trappe, T., & Tullis, G. (2005). <i>Intelligent Business Coursebook, Intermediate Business English</i> : Pearson Longman.	10	
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	 Trappe, T., & Tullis, G. (2005). Intelligent Business Skills Book, Intermediate Business English: Pearson Longman. Trappe, T., & Tullis, G. (2005). Intelligent Business Workbookbook, Intermediate Business English: Pearson Longman. 		Availability via e- learning platform
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of student work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on student progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual stat Alumni association.	ents will be provided to increase	e the efficiency of their
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and classroom activities. All notices of time on the e-learning site of the course and the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @vt later than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	(at least one hour per week), wl	hile for short questions

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Computer architecture	1.8. ISVU course code	201307, 202203 (PINF-9, PINF-9I)					
1.2. Lecturer	Želimir Mikulić, senior lecturer	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	Milan Hrga, lecturer	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional undergraduate study Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, (lectures recorded) 20%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	0.					
1.6. Study year	1	1.13. Modernization	□ yes ■ no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	5	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20%					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
	This single semester course introduces students to the following:
	Basics of digital technology,
2.1. Course objectives	Main computer building blocks according to von Neumann Architecture
	Way how main computer components are built from combinational and sequential logical devices
	Influence of computer hardware architecture on the performance.

	 Hardware/Software interface How to applicate acquired knowledge in business praxis. 							
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2. Required courses: Introduction to Computer Science							
	LO1. Analyze conditions, identify opportunities and foresee problems which organizations and individuals meet then using information technologies.							
	LO2. Evaluate and define steps in planning, decision making, operations and control then applying computer aided business and manufacturing.							
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study program level	LO9. To individually and responsibly search and select relevant literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare papers and presentations for general and professional audience and critically evaluate presented professional topics.							
	LO11. Select and coordinate activities for designing and maintaining of information system with client's business needs.							
	LO15. Compare and select suitable development tools from professional viewpoint.							
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	LO Level: 25. Recapture, 26. Understanding, 27. Application, 28. Analysis, 29. Evaluation, 30. Synthesis						
2.4.5	1. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of course content by defining and describing basic topics in computer architecture	4,5						
2.4. Expected learning outcomes	2. Present working principles of digital computers and how are they constructed from basic logic gates.							
on the course level	3. Classify basic building blocks of modern computers according to von Neuman's model and analyze their role							
	4. Evaluate and recommend computer components: processor, memory, bus organization, input-output and storage units, which serve best for specified tasks							
	5. Judge role of operating system in computer functioning, establish conditions for its installation							
	6. Identify and argument potential causes of lack of performance or deadlock in computer functioning.							
	7. Critically asses influence of processor type and frequency, ISA, memory subsystem (complete hierarchy) on configurations performance for specific task.							
	8. Design configuration out of standard components and estimate its performance							
	9.							
	10.							

		Constructive alignment								
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed (hours)				
	136.	Introduction to digital logic – phisical characteristics	1,2,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Checked by written test and oral exam: student can estimate influence of technology development on capabilities and performance of computers.	10				

13	7. Classes of Computers	1,8	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	-"-: student can classify computers according to their architecture and role they are expected to play	4	
13	8. Performance, definition , measurements	1,7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	-"-: student can critically asses performance of computers.	12	
13	9. Instruction Set Architecture (ISA), RISC- CISC	1,2,4,7, 8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	-"-: student can critically asses influence of each component on hardware/software performance	10	
14	0. MIPS ISA, structure and formats, case study	1,2,4,7, 8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator.	_"-	14	
14	1. Instructions and Addressing: data and branches	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator.	292		
14	2. Processor	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture + solving exercises. Working on simulator.	_"-	1	
14	3. Pipeline architecture	1,4,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	1	
14	144. Riscs		Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	1	
14	5. Memory hierarchy	1,2,3,5, 6,7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	8	
14	6. Cache, performance	1,2,4,6, 7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	8	
14	7. Virtual memmory	1,2,4,6, 7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"_		
14	8. Storage units, RAID, SAN, NAS	1,2,4,5, 6,7,8	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	1	
14	9. I/O Devices, Networks, Clustering	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture, read the literature and solving exercises.	_"-	(
15	0. Role of Operation Systems, Future Development	1,5,6,7, 8	Listen to the lecture. Performing installation on VM	Checked during exercises and oral exam: student can select install operating system on configuration.	2	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK

In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures through physical presence or via on-line attendance.

3.1. Students` obligations

Students who have during the course:

• satisfied minimal attendance condition, may approach colloquium or written exam.

- past 50% score from all colloquium or from written exam (exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period) may approach final oral exam
- past both written and oral exams receive grade and all ECTS credits for that course

	Attendance	0.5	Written exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project		
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits	Experimental work		Research		Practical work		
for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report		Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written exam)			Other (inscribe)		
	Class activities	0.5	Oral exam	2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	Commitment 16. Attending classes 17. Preparation for the	on all bases amounts to 1 EC	CTS point for 30 hours of	of work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate) 60 30 60			
4. GRADING							
4.1. Seminar paper grading							
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Po	oor	Satis	fying	Above average		

	Does not know	and does	, no deeper understand not apply the basic ter ply or explain the conto	rms ents	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			Knowledge is at the level of analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It observes legitimacy, accurately and thoroughly explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.			
	Attendance and active participation in the lessons		70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance 87-1		87-100	% of attendan	ice Ac	tivity in class	
			2 points		5	5 points	1	10 points	-	+10 points	
4.3. Creating a final grade			2			3		4		5	
according to evaluation	Colloquium / written exam		50-64,9%		6:	5-79,9%	8	80-89,9%		90-100%	
elements			25 point	S	3	0 points		35 points		40 points	
	Oral exam		2			3		5	5		
	Oral exam		25 point	S	3	0 points	8.7	35 points		40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade	Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam)			Numerous grade ECTS grade							
according to absolute allocation			88 – 100% 78 – 87.9%		5 (excellent) 4 (very good)						
			62 – 77.9% 50 – 61,9%		3 (good) 2 (sufficient)						
					(unsufficient)	F					
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMAT	ION ABOUT TH	E COU	RSE								
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title						Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
(available in the library and through other media)	2. S.Ribarić: Građa računala - arhitektura i organizacija računarskih sustava, Algebra, Zagreb 2011, ISBN 978-953-322-074-1							5	-		
unough other metha)	3. D. Petterson, J.Hennessy: Computer Organisation and Deign, 4rd ed., Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.							1	Available On-line		
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	5. I.Englander: The Architecture of Computer Hardware, Systems Software & Networking, 4th ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2010						2010	1	e-learning - pdf		

5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or any delay in teaching will be published on the e-learning pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one hour per week), while brief questions and explanations can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) that will be answered in a short time (no later than five working days from the receipt of e-mail).

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABO	OUT THE SUBJECT		
1.1. Title	Business information systems	1.8. ISVU course code	201315
1.2. Lecturer	Frane Urem PhD prof	1.9. MOZVAG course code	
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	^{3rd} – materials available On-line, 0%
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	1.
1.6. Study year	2	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% ☐ ☐ ☐

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce the student to the concepts of business information systems
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2

2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	IU9 Select appropriate professional literature in Croatian and foreign languages, prepare and independently deliver presentations in Croatian and foreign languages to expert and general audiences, and critically evaluate the presented professional topics IU12. Apply key aspects of information technology (programming, algorithms, data structures, databases and project management in the field of information technology) IU15. Compare and select appropriate development tools at expert level						
	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)	31. Recapture, 32. Understanding, 33. Application, 34. Analysis, 35. Evaluation, 36. Synthesis					
	1. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system.	1,2					
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	2. Identify system boundaries, external and internal stakeholders and relationships among them and understand the risks that arise.	2,3,4,5,6					
	3. Understand the role of key system components and is able to identify processes and define procedures within an information system to support them.	2,3,4,5,6					
	4. Identify security threats in the system and propose techniques for their removal.	2,3,4,5,6					
	5. Use the software tools available within the MS Office suite to collect and analyze data.	2,3,4,5,6					
	6. Implement and deploy the appropriate ready-made business applications.	2,3,4,5,6					
	7. Understand the concept of systems and the importance of a systematic approach to analysis and a business information system.	1,2					

2.5. Course content according to	Constructive alignment								
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed			
	151.	Introduction to the course and detailed curriculum.	-			2 hours			
detailed curriculum schedule	131.	Basic terms	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Understand the term business information system. Identify major groups of information systems.	8 hours			
	152.	Types of information systems and components	1,2,3	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the archive system. Identify archiving media. Identify the pros and cons of an individual archive medium. Explain the procedures for authenticating and authorizing access to business documentation. Protect digital content by encryption. Apply digital signature technology.	10 hours			

153.	Archiving and data protection	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the levels of business automation. Identify prerequisites for business automation. Identify the role of business policy and organizational procedures in business automation. Explain the importance of working conditions and ergonomics in business automation.	10 hours
154.	Business Automation	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify information resources in the business. Identify the types and value of information. Interpret ways of classifying, evaluating, processing, storing, exchanging and distributing data and information	10 hours
155.	Information resource management	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the term telecommunications and telecommunication system. Identify elements of the telecommunications system.	10 hours
156.	Business Information Systems Communication Infrastructure	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Development trends of telecommunication systems. To interpret the division of telecommunications according to the type of information, the division of telecommunication processes, the division according to forms of communication.	10 hours
157.	Key business applications	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Advanced use of MS Office suite of office applications.	10 hours
158.	Electronic business and trends	1,2,3,4,5	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Define the essential terms of e-commerce. Identify emerging trends in e-commerce. Use cloud services.	15 hours
159.	Information system development	1,2,3,4	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Explain stakeholder roles in information system development. Analyze the architecture of an existing information system. Identify the stages of information system development. Explain the methodology of waterfall development Explain the methodology of rapid application development Explain the methodology of information engineering Explain the methodology of the unified development process Expose the most famous agile methodologies and explain their features	15 hours
160.	Business information system and business management	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify layers of business information system. Model the business process as a transaction.	15 hours
161.	Business information system support for key business functions	3,4,5,6	Listening to lectures, working on a computer, reading literature.	Identify key business functions. Use the business intelligence analysis and planning subsystem. Use the permanent business asset management information subsystem.	15 hours

	162.	Business informat business process n	•	3,4,5,6	Listening	to lectures, w		subsystem. Us	resources management informate the Accounting and Financial information Subsystem.	ion 15 hours
	163.	Business informat business process n	•	3,4,5,6	Listening	to lectures, w		inbound logist subsystem. Us information su		
	164.	Strategic managen information system		3,4,5,6	Listening	to lectures, w		operational eff Formulate goa system. Analyst business inform measurements of business inf	nation systems as drivers of iciency and business innovation. Is for building an information the the risks of implementing mation systems. Apply the concept and evaluation (audit) of the quadrimation systems	lity
	165.	Business informat electronic commen	•	3,4,5,6	Listening	to lectures, w , reading liter		Analyze the co	any environment in e-commerce. nnectivity of the business stem with e-commerce activities.	15 hours
3. EVALUATION OF STUDEN	T WO	RK								
3.1. Students` obligations	Studen Studen	at least 50% of lecture that who have during the c From 0 – 24,9% EC From 25 – 49,9% EC More than 50% ECC that can take the final exam	ourse achieved: TS credits- is rated F (uns CTS credits - is rated FX (CTS credits - students have	e, present successful (inadequa the right t	and positively coll and cannot get E0 and has to come to access the final e ng the course of ter	oquy seminar CTS credits are out and pass exam of the su	ad must re-enrol t the test (exam). A bject. In continuous mond ad oral examinati	the subject in the A written exam of the itoring of studentions).	next academic year; can be held in a regular or extraor	dinary exam period;
	Attend	ance	2	2			2 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	e student is	Project	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experi	mental work			Research				Practical work	1
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay				Report				Continuous examination	
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloq	uium	3 (by submitting both colloquiums the stud relieved of a written oral examination)	ent is	Seminar paper				Other (inscribe)	
	Class a	activities			Oral exam		1 (by submitting colloquiums the relieved of an examination)	e student is	Other (inscribe)	

3.3. Student workload	Commitment	on an bases amounts to 1 L	ECTS point for 50		f work per semester and is estimated as: Hours (estimate)				
3.5. Student workload	19. Attending classes 20. Practical work 21. Preparation for th	e Colloquium / exam through sel	lf-study	60 30 90					
4. GRADING									
4.1. Saminar papar grading	Valuation Element	Poor		Satist	fying		Above aver	age	
4.1. Seminar paper grading									
	P	oor		Satisfying			Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, Does not know and does and concepts. Cannot app of the course.	not apply the basic terms	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			evaluation. It thoroughly ex logically links that it encaps		accurately and the subject, and as and concepts that are not son with	
	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-86% of attendance		87-100% of attend			ed mental map. ed case study.	
	lessons	4 points		7 points		10 points	3	3 points	
	Seminar paper	2		3	4		4 5		
4.3. Creating a final grade	Semmar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	1	0 points	
according to evaluation		2		3		4		5	
elements	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	9	90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 points	4	10 points	
	Orel even	2		3		5		5	
	Oral exam	25 points		30 points	35 point		4	10 points	

4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		Percentage of adopted knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 - 100% 80 - 89,9% 65 - 79,9% 60 - 64,9% 50 - 59,9%	Numerous grade 5 (excellent) 4 (very good) 3 (good) 2 (sufficient) 2 (sufficient)	ECTS grade A B C D E				
5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE								
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and			Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	

5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
through other media)	Ž.Panian, K.Čurko et al.: Poslovni informacijski sustavi, Element, 2010.	5					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Bidgoli H.: Management Information Systems6, 4LTR Press, Cengage Learning, 2016. J.O'Brien, G.Marakas: Menagement Information Systems, 7th ed., McGraw Hill, 2016.	3	Available online at e-learning system				
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.						
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or an pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one he can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) the working days from the receipt of e-mail).	our per week), while brief ques	stions and explanations				

6. GENERAL INFORMATION								
1.1. Course lecturer	Ana Perišić	1.8. Course code in ISVU	201321 202221					
1.2. Course title	Business statistics	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Business Informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st , course materials are on-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2					
1.6. Year of study	2 nd	1.16. Modernization	Yes					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% X□ More than 20 % □					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION								
2.1. Course objectives		end, effectively understand and recognize fundamental statistical prowledge which enables students to develop and apply acquired know						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	d; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.						
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO 4: To collect, calculate and graphically display statistical data from the field of economics and business by using advanced software tools and further comment and analyze them. LO 5: To use planning, organizing, management and control methods on practical examples, analyze the problem and propose appropriate solutions to problem situations.							
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes accroding to the	rning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO)						

						5-evalu 6-synth	
	30. To define and explain fundamental concepts of descriptive statistics						
	31. To prepare tabular and graphical data representation of statistical data						
		To calculate and to interpret measures of o		<u> </u>			3,4
		To perform correlation and regression ana between variables	lysis, to con	nment the results and to draw a co	nclusion about the relationship		3,4,5
	34. T	To identify time series type					4
	35. T	To calculate and to interpret values of dyn	namics indica	ators			3,2
	36. T	To estimate the linear trend equation and t	to apply it fo	or forecasting future values of the	time series		3,4,6
	37. T	To set the statistical hypothesis and to con	duct the chi	square test.			6,3
		tructive allignement	LO of the		D. 1. 0		Tr.
	no	Thematic unit	course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time
	166.	Introduction into the course and detailed plan.	1	Attending lectures. Familiarize with course content, e-learning documents, literature and students' obligations.	Students define and explain fundamental of descriptive statistics through colloquia written/oral exams.		1 h
		Fundamental statistical terms		· ·			16 h
	167.	Grouping data and graphical data representation	2	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will prepare tabular and graphics representation of statistical data through c or written/oral exams.		4h 8h
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	168.	Measures of central tendency	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will define and explain fundame concepts of descriptive statistics and calcute to interpret measures of central tendency measures of dispersion through colloquia written/oral exams.	ulate and and	4h 8h
	169.	Measures of central tendency	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will define and explain fundame concepts of descriptive statistics, calculat interpret measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion through colloquia written/oral exams.	e and d	4h 8h
	170.	Measures of dispersion	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will define and explain fundame concepts of descriptive statistics and calculate interpret measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion through colloquia written/oral exams.	ulate and d	4h 8h

	171.	Standardized value. Outlies. Data distribution rules. Exam preparation	1,3	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.	Students will define and explain fundamental concepts of descriptive statistics and calculate and interpret measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h	
	172.	Time series	5	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will identify time series type through colloquia or written/oral exams.	4h 8h	
	173.	Index numbers	6	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will calculate and interpret the values of dynamics indicators through colloquia or written/oral exams.	5h 10h	
	174.	Trend	7	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will estimate the linear trend equation and apply it for forecasting future values of the time series through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h	
	175.	Correlation and regression	4	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will perform correlation and regression analysis, comment the results and draw a conclusion about the relationship between variables through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h	
	176.	Chi-square test	8	Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion.	Students will set the statistical hypothesis and conduct the chi square test through colloquia or written/oral exams.	6h 12h	
	177.	Final conclusions. Exam preparation		Attending lectures. Actively involving students through problem solving and discussion. Group problem solving and discussion. Exam preparation.		2h 6h	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students` obligations

In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendance of at

least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved:

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students can take the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course of teaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation in classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (written and oral part of the exam).

Attendance 0,5		Written exam	tten exam 3,5 (without colloque		Project		
Experimental work		Research			Practical work		
Essay		Report			Continuous examination	0,5	
Colloquium	3,5 (without written exam)	Seminar paper			Other		
Class activity	0,5	Oral exam	1		Other		
7. Attending of	classes and exercises 60) hours		nated as:			
Unsati	isfactory	Satisfactory			Above average		
understanding. Does basic terms and conc how to apply or expla	not know or apply epts. Does not know ain the contents of the	Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples. Observations of the content of the conten		Observes the content of the terms and content of the terms and content of the terms are content	e principles, accurately and t ne material, and logically cor concepts supported with exam	thoroughly explains the nnects and explains the uples. Finds solutions that	
During the semester, students have the possibility to partially take written exams through colloquia (twice during the semester). In order to have access to the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on each colloquium. Also, students have a possibility to retake one colloquium. Students who did not pass at least one colloquia (or retaken colloquia) need to take part in the written exam. In this case, in order to have access to the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on written exam. The final grade is formed after the oral exam by aggregating scores achieved through the written exam/colloquia, oral exam and during classes.							
	knowledge, skills and mpetences (teaching + final exam) 90 – 100%	Numerical grade 5 (excellent)	A	rade			
	80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9%	4 (very good) 3 (good)	B C				
60 – 64,9%		2 (satisfactory) 2 (satisfactory)	D E				
	Essay Colloquium Class activity Student workload or 7. Attending 6 8. Preparing 6 8. Preparing 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Experimental work Essay Colloquium 3,5 (without written exam) Class activity 0,5 Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS of the exams through the written exams through the semester, students have the possible terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. During the semester, students have the possible terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. During the semester, students have the possible terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. During the semester, students have the possible terms and concepts at least one coll the oral exam, students need to achieve at through the written exam/colloquia, oral examny ex	Experimental work Essay Report Colloquium 3,5 (without written exam) Class activity 0,5 Oral exam Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semestance of the course with examples. Class activity Unsatisfactory Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Curing the semester, students have the possibility to partially take waccess to the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on estudents who did not pass at least one colloquia (or retaken colloquia the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on written exam. through the written exam/colloquia, oral exam and during classes. Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 – 100% 80 – 89.9% 4 (very good) 3 (good) 60 – 64.9% 2 (satisfactory)	Experimental work Essay Report Colloquium 3,5 (without written exam) Class activity 0,5 Oral exam 1 Student workload on all bases for 1 ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estin 7. Attending classes and exercises 60 hours 8. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 120 hours Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Puring the semester, students have the possibility to partially take written exams the course with examples. Puring the semester, students have the possibility to partially take written exams the access to the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on written exam. The final grade through the written exam/colloquia, oral exam and during classes. Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 - 100% 80 - 89.9% 4 (very good) B 65 - 79.9% 3 (good) C (satisfactory) D	Experimental work Essay Report Colloquium 3,5 (without written exam) Class activity 0,5 Oral exam 1 Student workload on all bases for I ECTS credit is 30 hours in a semester and is estimated as: 7. Attending classes and exercises 60 hours 8. Preparing colloquia or exams through individual work 120 hours Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts with examples. Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts with examples. During the semester, students have the possibility to partially take written exams through colle access to the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on each colloquium. Also, stu Students who did not pass at least one colloquia (or retaken colloquia) need to take part in the w the oral exam, students need to achieve at least 50% on written exam. The final grade is formed through the written exam/colloquia, oral exam and during classes. Percentage of acquired knowledge, skills and competences (teaching + final exam) 90 – 100% 80 – 899% 4 (very good) B 1 Seminar paper Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and content of the terms and conte	Experimental work Essay Report Continuous examination Colloquium 3,5 (without written exam) Class activity 0,5 Unatisfactory Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know how to apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples. During the semester, students have the possibility to partially take written exams through contents who did not pass at least one colloquia (or retaken colloquia) need to take part in the written exam. Semental exam by agthrough the written exam/colloquia, or al exam and during classes. Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills and conpetences (teaching + final exam) Precentage of acquired knowledge, skills an	

5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFORMATION									
5.1. Compulsory literature	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media						
(available in the library and via other media)	Dumičić, K. i suradnici (2011) Poslovna statistika. Zagreb: Element (odabrana poglavlja) Šošić I., Primijenjena statistika, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2004.	5 12							
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Šošić I., Serdar V., Uvod u statistiku, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2002. Azcel A. Sounderpandian J., Complete Business Statistics, McGraw Hill, 2009. Čižmešija M., Kurnoga Živadinović N., Zbirka riješenih zadataka iz osnova statistike, Mirorad d.o.o., Zagreb, 2006 Patrick R. McMullen, Poslovna statistika za stručne studije [prijevod Devčić, K., Perišić, A.], Veleučilište u Šibeniku, 2017 Teaching materials								
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature.	Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of							
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions are	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of classes or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students can contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted during class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no later							

7. GENERAL INFORMATION							
1.1. Course lecturer	Ivan Livaja	1.8. Course code in ISVU	187581				
1.2. Course title	Protection and security of information systems	1.9. Course code in MOZVAG					
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(30+30+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Undergraduate Professional Study of Business informatics	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1st, course materials are on-line, 0%				
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	2				
1.6. Year of study	3 st	1.17.Modernization	Yes				
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements Less than 20% More than 20 %					
2. COURSE DESCRIPTION							
	To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages						
2.1. Course objectives	To recognize and rank security threats, as well as to select and apply appropriate countermeasures to protect the information system						
	To interpret mechanisms for the control of: data flow, errors and fragmentation, data transfer multiplexing methods using routing methods in computer networks; as well as to configure and maintain active network devices						
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	4 year secondary education complete	ed; qualification level 4.2 according to the CROQF.					
	LO2: to define and evaluate process	s of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms of	of electronically supported business and production				
2.3. Learning outcomes on the	LO3: to define and evaluate process	s of thinking, planning, decision making and management in terms of	of electronically supported business and production				
study programme level	LO16: to valorize elevant factors th	nat affect organization's and individual's business and apply basic m	nethods and concepts of planning, management ar				
	LO17: to conclude what the basic p	principles and methods of good project management are and work su	accessfully in a team				
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) Learning outcomes accroding to the Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 1- remembering, 2- understanding, 3- application,						

						4-analy 5-evalu 6-synthe	ation,
	1	. Assess information security risks					2, 4
	2	11.0					3
	3	1 1 5 5					1, 4
	4			•			5, 6
	5	5. Present the acquired knowledge, idea	s, problems	and solutions independently and i	n a team.		6
	6	6. Use materials and tools to search scie	entific and pr	ofessional literature in native and	English languages		3
	7	 Identify and rank security threats a system 	nd select an	nd apply appropriate countermea	sures to protect the information		3
	Cons	tructive allignement					
	no	Thematic unit	LO of the course	Content/teaching methods	Evaluation		Time
	178.	Defining security issues, objectives, principles and security policy	1, 2, 5	Listen to lectures. Work independently on computer, get to know course content and elearning documents.	-		18 h
	179.	Defining security issues, objectives, principles and security policy	1, 2, 3, 5	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or written / oral exam, the the foundations of analysis and risk	y define	10 h
2.5. Course content according to	180.	Access control and flow control; Mathematical models of security	2, 3	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, define the basic concepts of access control flows.		10 h
detailed curriculum schedule	181.	Basics of cryptography; The protocols, techniques and algorithms	7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, define the basic concepts of cryptography.		10 h
	182.	The architecture of the security system – basic modules	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the midterm or the written / oral exam, define the basic concepts of security archi	2	10 h
	183.	Methods of digital identification and authentification	3, 4, 5, 6,	Write the colloquium.	-		10 h
	184.	Security and protection of programs and operating systems	3, 4, 5, 6,	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exa security and protection of programs and of systems		10 h
	185.	Standards and criteria for evaluation of security and thrustworthiness of systems	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exa Standards and criteria for evaluation of set thrustworthiness of systems		10 h

			Investment proposal and feasibility study	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define Investment proposal and feasibility study	10 h	
		187.	Security of computer networks and distributed systems	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define Security of computer networks and distributed systems	10 h	
		188.	Systems for the detection of security breach (IDS)	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define Systems for the detection of security breach (IDS)	11 h	
		189.	Managing and monitoring the security system (ISMS); Legal and Ethical Aspects of Security	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define anaging and monitoring the security system (ISMS); Legal and Ethical Aspects of Security	11 h	
		190.	Managing security incidents and business continuity	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to lectures and read literature. The exercises demonstrate how to solve tasks. Solve exercises.	At the colloquium or the written / oral exam define anaging security incidents and business continuity	10 h	
		191.	Defense and presentation of the seminar, recurrence of colloquia	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Write the colloquium.	-	10 h	
		192.	Defense and presentation of the seminar, recurrence of colloquia		Listen to lectures and read literature.	-	10 h	

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK

3.1. Students' obligations

In accordance with the Regulations on Studying and the Regulations on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all full-time students attendance of at least 70%. Part-time students are required to attend classes at least 50%. All students are required to carry calculator and formulae list. Students who have during the course achieved:

- from 0 24,9% ECTS credits- are rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot obtain ECTS credits, and must re-enroll in the next academic year;
- from 25 49,9% are assessed by FX (insufficient) and must pass the written exam (test). Written exam (test) can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;
- more than 50% students have the right to take the final exam.

Students cantake the final exam from the course in two ways: a) during the course ofteaching through continuous monitoring of students (active participation classes and through two colloquia); b) by passing the exam (writtenand oral part of the exam).

3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)

	Attendance	0,5	Written exam	2,0 (without colloquia)	Project	
r	Experimental work		Research		Practical work	
	Essay		Report		Continuous examination	
	Colloquium	2,0 (without written exam)	Seminar paper	0,5	Other	
	Class activity		Oral exam	1,0	Other	

3.3. Student workload		ing classes	ses for 1 ECTS and exercises 6 ia or exams thro	0 hours			mated as:			
4. GRADING SYSTEM										
4.1. Grading seminar papers										
	U	nsatisfacto	ry		Satisfactory				Above average	
4.2. Grading colloquia/ written and oral exam	Responds by memory, without a deeper understanding. Does not know or apply basic terms and concepts. Does not know how to apply or explain the contents of the course with examples.			Reproduces the basic concepts and without difficulty imparts new knowledge, understands the material, explains the terms and concepts supported with examples.			e, content of the material, and logically connects and explains			hly explains the nd explains the inds solutions that
	Active course attendance		70-74,9% of attendance		75-79,9% of	attendance	80-89,9% of attendance		90-100%	of attendance
			2 points		5 points		10 points		20	points
	Colloquia/ Written exam		2		3		4			5
4.3. Final grade according to evaluation elements			50-64,	9%	65-79,	9%	80-89,9	%	90-	100%
			25 points		30 points		35 points		40	points
	Oral exam		2		3		5			5
	Orar exam		25 points		30 points		35 points		40 points	
40 5		knowle	age of acquired edge, skills and es (teaching + final exam)	Nume	rical grade	ECTS ;	grade			
4.3. Final grade according to absolute division			0 – 100% 0 – 89,9%		xcellent) ery good)	A B				
		65	5 – 79,9%	3	(good)	C				
) – 64,9%) – 59,9%		risfactory) risfactory)	D E				
5. ADDITIONAL COURSE INFO	RMATION									
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and via				Title					umber of copies in the library	Availability via other media
other media)	Bruce Schneier	(1996.), A	pplied Cryptogr	aphy B. Sch	neier John Wild	y & Sons 199	6, John Wiley &	ž		_

	Sons, Inc					
	BS ISO/IEC 17799:2005, BS 7799-1:2005 norma: information technology, security techniques, code of practice for information security management. BSI, UK.					
	Charles P. Pfleger (1997.), Security in Computing, Prentice Hall					
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	Harold F. Tipton, Micki Krause (2000.), Information Security Management Handbook, CRC Press LLC					
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By keeping track of attendance and student activity during classes and provided information on students` progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to students will be provided in order to increase the efficiency of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state of student employment, surveys from employers and Alumni association.					
5.4. Informing about the course and contacting the teacher	It is the responsibility of each student to be regularly informed about the course, the coursework, and the classroom activities. All notices of class or possible adjournment will be published in a timely manner on the e-learning site of the course and on the website of the Polytechnic. Students contact teachers during the consultation period (at least one hour per week), while for short questions and explanations they can be contacted du class. It is also possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address at @ vus.hr), which will be answered as soon as possible (no than five working days after receiving the e-mail).	can iring				

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT								
1.1. Title	Financial management	ancial management 1.8. ISVU course code						
1.2. Lecturer	Jelena Žaja, mag.oec., lec.	1.9. MOZVAG course code						
1.3. Assistants and/or associates		1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+30+0+0)					
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	Professional Undergraduate study of IT Management	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%					
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	Obligatory	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.					
1.6. Study year	3 rd	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no					
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	6	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %					

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with basic concepts of modern financial management through lectures, classroom discussions, business cases and project task solving so that after completing the course each student knows how to approach basic financial management issues and where to look for additional information to solve complex issues that appear in practice in everyday business. To introduce students to the concept of corporate finance, its role in the company's business and to expand their basic knowledge in the field of:

	 time preferences of money; measurement of financial risk in function of capital cost; money markets and capital markets, flows of funds in business processes and the interdependence of property and liabilities management and we analysis of financial operations of business entities; elements of financial and investment planning; basis of financial efficiency of investment projects; financing securities transactions with a special focus on bonds and shares and assessing the justification for investing in financial instruments in market; financing business with own capital; fundamental laws of debt utilization, capital structure and dividend policy. 	
2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	No conditions.	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO1. To apply and link economic terms in more complex written and oral communication in Croatian and foreign languages LO2. To organize and lead team work, and critically judge the opinions and attitudes of team members. LO3. To individually and responsibly search relevant literature for reaching solutions and conclusions in Croatian and foreign languages. LO6. To analyse and link basic concepts and apply content related to the area of economics, management, accounting, and finance. LO7. To interpret business and financial reports and propose solutions to improve financial performance and profitability.	
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 11. to define and categorize basic concepts and tasks of financial management, 12. to measure the return and financial risk of the securities portfolio and analyse the relation between risk and return, 13. to interpret the financial relations of the enterprise with the financial institutions and the financial market, 14. to evaluate the impact of financial leverage and on the profitability of business entities, 15. to prepare an analysis of financial statements on the example of a business entity by performing horizontal and vertical analysis and analysis by financial indicators, 16. to apply methods of net present value, return period, internal rate of return, profitability index, and assess the eligibility of investment in a project, 17. to propose the application of appropriate models and evaluate the value of equity and debt securities, 18. use materials and tools to search scientific and professional literature in Croatian and in English, and present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and	LO Level: 37. Recapture, 38. Understanding, 39. Application, 40. Analysis, 41. Evaluation, 42. Synthesis 1,4 3,4 4 6 3,5 6,5
	18. use materials and tools to search scientific and professional interature in Croatian and in English, and present accepted knowledge, ideas, problems and solutions independently and in the team.	3,6

	Cons	tructive alignment				
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
		Introduction to the course and a detailed performance plan.	-	Listen to the lecture. In the exercise classes, by independent work on computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours
	193.	Introductory lecture - basic concepts and determinants of financial management.	1, 3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam define the basic concepts of financial management. They know how to list and explain basic financial activities, sources of company assets and tasks of financial function in the company. They can explain the role of the Financial Manager, goals of corporation, and agency problem.	8 hours
	194.	Financial environment.	1,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	Describe the basic characteristics of the financial market. At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they know how to define and describe the basic securities that circulate in the money market.	6 hours
2.5. Course content according to	195.	Time value of money.	1,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	They know how to explain the concept of time value of money and identify the basic variables in calculations of time value of money	10 hours
detailed curriculum schedule	196.	The Valuation of Long-Term Securities	1, 2,7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	They can make distinction among valuation concepts. They know how to valuate long term securities (bond valuation, preferred stock valuation, common stock valuation).	8 hours
	197.	Risk and financial management. Balance as a source of financial information.	1, 2,3, 8	Listen to the lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate the yield and financial risk of the securities portfolio independently or in a team, and draw conclusions about the risk-return relationship.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the concepts of investment portfolio, financial risk and ways of managing risk. They know how to calculate the expected return, the standard deviation and the coefficient of variation for an individual security or a portfolio of securities and to evaluate the risk of investing on the basis of the relationship between risk and return. They know how to interpret the relationship between security yields and market returns. They know how to explain the concept of a balance sheet, its properties and indicate users of financial information.	8 hours
	198.	Financial reports.	1, 3, 8	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state the types of basic financial statements and explain their basic components. Know what can all be a source of cash in a business.	8 hours
	199.	Objectives, purpose and methods of analysis of financial reports.	1, 3, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the term financial analysis and specify and explain the methods of analysis of financial	12 hours

				perform horizontal and vertical analysis of financial statements on the example of a business entity's financial statements. They research the content of this thematic area and make a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	statements. They know how to explain horizontal and vertical analysis procedures and apply them to financial statement analysis. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	
200	200.	Indicators of financial analysis, examples and interpretations.	1, 5, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate financial indicators and interpret the obtained results independently on a computer based on the financial statement of a business entity. They research the content of this thematic area and make a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the types / groups of financial indicators and apply them in the analysis of financial statements (in the exam and in the preparation of the project assignment). They know how to sketch and interpret Du Pont's indicator system and explain synthetic indicators. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	14 hours
201	201.	Rules and principles of financing, liquidity and solvency.	1, 5, 6, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they calculate financial indicators and interpret the obtained results based on the financial statements of a business entity.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the basic principles and rules of financing. They know how to explain the difference between the concepts of liquidity and solvency, explain the term financial leverage and judge when it is opportune to use it. They are able to identify internal and external causes of insolvency and propose measures to improve the solvency of companies. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	10 hours
202	202.	Short-term asset management.	1, 4, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, they calculate the value of working capital needed in the company.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the notion of working capital, permanent working capital, circular movement of working capital, factors on which the amount of working capital depends, management of working capital, inventory management and receivables management. They know how to analyze the structure of working capital and recommend the optimal size and structure of working capital in a particular company.	8 hours
203	203.	Financial planning and methods of assessing the profitability of capital investments.	1, 7, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature. In the exercise classes, independently on a computer, they apply the methods of capital investment	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can explain the term financial planning, cash control instruments. They know how to define the term investment and classify investments, identify the common characteristics of all investment	14 hours

			assessment on an example of a financial statement of a business entity and interpret the results obtained. They research the content of this thematic area and develop a project assignment that presents the knowledge they have acquired and their ideas, and ways to solve problems.	projects and explain why the sensitivity analysis of an investment project is done. They know how to explain commonly used methods of evaluating investment projects, apply them on an example, and make a decision on the profitability of investing in a particular project. Created and presented project assignment (using computer programs).	
204.	Financial insurance and short term financing.	1, 3, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can state the types and forms of financing of the company according to the availability of sources, identify differences between credit and equity financing. They know how to explain the four methods and techniques of short-term bank lending, the relative advantages and disadvantages of bank loans, and the factors that determine the amount of trade credit from the point of view of the debtor and creditor.	8 hours
205.	Mid-term and long-term financing - concepts and practical application.	1, 3, 5, 8	They listen to lectures and read literature, handle case studies.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can define and describe the characteristics of medium and long-term credit. They can explain what leasing financing is (the concept and types of leasing, the advantages and disadvantages of leasing financing); identify differences between operating and financial leasing and recommend when to use what type of leasing.	8 hours
206.	Equity financing.	1, 5, 8	They listen to a lecture and read literature.	At the colloquium or the written and oral exam they can determine the structure of the financial capital of a joint stock company, they can indicate own and external sources of equity of a joint stock company and explain the way of financing a business with own funds. They know how to explain the notion of nonnominal and nominal capital of a joint stock company, and evaluate the benefits of financing with own capital.	8 hours
207.	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam.				48 hours

3. EVALUATION OF STUDENT WORK

3.1. Students` obligations

In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper.

Students who have during the course achieved:

- From 0 24,9% ECTS credits- is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year;
- From 25 49,9% ECTS credits is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period;

	Students can pass the final exam		se through continuou	ıs student at	subject. tendance (active participation in the ng case studies, creating and preser			
	exam). Attendance	Written exam		550115, 50111	2,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project	0,5	
3.2. Monitoring student work	Experimental work		Research			Practical work		
(enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total	Essay		Report			Continuous examination		
number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Colloquium	4,5 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper			Other (inscribe)		
	Class activities		Oral exam		2 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)		
3.3. Student workload	22. Attending classes 23. Creating and Project		•	hours of	work per semester and is est Hours (estimate) 75 15 90	imated as:		
4. GRADING								
	Valuation Element	Poor			Satisfying	Abov	e average	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Organization	The paper is not organized order and its structure is la		distincti	per is well structured with a clea con between the introduction, the rt of the text and the conclusion	r distinction between e main part of the text	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another.	
	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are low with official terminology, not appropriate, sentences modest vocabulary, and fr repeated grammatical mis-	. Writing style is s are too long, approprirequent and termino the voca		and phrases are aligned with off logy. The writing style is iate, the sentence structure is clubulary is appropriate and has litical errors.	Words and phrases terminology and sho their meaning. The ear, excellent, the senter	ces are clear and lary is rich and there	
	Quoting and referencing				are listed, but incomplete and a			

Sources are listed, but incomplete and with

Sources are accurate, complete and

Sources are not specified at all. The

Quoting and referencing

	references do not match t a superficial approach to					errors. The reference the subject and show attitude.		research	their list is '	The references are appropriate, "rich" and comprehensive and oust research approach.
		P	Poor			Satisfying			Al	bove average
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.			ents new	Reproduces basic terms, without difficulty transfers new knowledge, understands subject matter, explains the terms and the notions that substantiate by examples.			evaluatio thorough logically that it end originally	on. It observe ly explains t links and ex capsulates. F	evel of analysis, synthesis and es legitimacy, accurately and he content of the subject, and plains the terms and concepts Find solutions that are not re is a correlation with
	Active participation in the lessons		n the 70-75% of attendance		76-86% of attendance		87-10	00% of atten	ndance	Solved case study.
			2 points		4 points			7 points		3 points
	D : .		2		3			4		5
4.3. Creating a final grade	Project	•	5 points			7 points	7 points			10 points
according to evaluation			2		3		4			5
elements	Colloquium / written exam		50-64,9%			65-79,9%	55-79,9%			90-100%
			25 points		30 points		35 points			40 points
	Oral exam		2			3		5		5
	Orar exam		25 point	S		30 points		35 points		40 points
		kno	ventage of adopted wledge, skills and ences (teaching + final exam)	Numer	ous grade	ECTS grade				
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation			90 – 100%		cellent)	A				
according to absolute anocation			80 – 89,9% 65 – 79,9%		y good) good)	B C				
			60 – 64,9%		ficient)	D				
		50 – 59,9%			ficient)	E				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE										
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and	1. Brealley, R., Myers, S., Marcus, A. (2011). *Principles of Corporate Finance*. McGraw Hill, New York.		On line							
through other media)	2. Van Horne, J. C., Wachowicz, J.M. (2009). *Fundamentals of Financial Management*. Prentice Hall		On line							
5.2. Additional literature (at										
the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)										
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. By k classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to stude of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual state Alumni association.	ents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency							
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching or are pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least one he can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.hr) the working days from the receipt of e-mail).	our per week), while brief ques	tions and explanations							

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE SUBJECT									
1.1. Title	Business organization	1.8. ISVU course code							
1.2. Lecturer	Ana Vukičević, Ph.D.	1.9. MOZVAG course code							
1.3. Assistants and/or associates	None	1.10. Forms of teaching (number of hours Lecturing +Practical exercises + Seminars + e learning)	(45+0+15+0)						
1.4. Study programme (specialist, undergraduate, graduate)	undergraduate	1.11. Level of e- learning application (1 st , 2 nd , 3 rd level), percentage of on line course performance (max. 20%)	1 st – materials available On-line, 0%						
1.5. Course status (obligatory, optional)	optional	1.12. Number of course revisions	2.						
1.6. Study year	3	1.13. Modernization	yes 🗆 no						
1.7. Credit score (ECTS)	4	1.14. Percentage estimate of course changes and/or supplements	Less than 20% More than 20 %						

2. COURSE DESCRIPTION	
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with organizations theories and organizations structures and types of leadership styles.

2.2. Terms of course entry and required competences	Four-year high school education completed; having a qualification at level 4.2	
2.3. Learning outcomes on the study programme level	LO1: To use planning, organizing, management and control methods on practical examples, analyze the problem and propose approblem situations LO1: To analyze new roles of organizations, systems, processes, products and services and quality standards in companies and pnew trends in companies and organizations LO13: To understand specific human resource management processes and propose a proper value system in judgment process are achievements and performances	propose valorization of
2.4. Expected learning outcomes on the course level	Learning outcomes towards Bloom's taxonomy: (up to two verbs per LO) 19. analyze new roles of organizations 20. critically analyze organizations theories and identify modern organization structures 21. comment problematic of different organizations' structures and to recommend leadership styles 22. analyze and to grade satisfactions and employees' values. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.	LO Level: 43. Recapture, 44. Understanding, 45. Application, 46. Analysis, 47. Evaluation, 48. Synthesis 1,2 5,2 4,5 6

	Cons	tructive alignment				
	No:	Thematic ensemble / Lecture Topic	Course LO	Content / Teaching Method	Evaluation	Time needed
	208.	Introduction to course	-,	Listen to the lecture. On seminary teaching, by independent work on the computer students get acquainted with course content and documents on the e-learning course page.	-	2 hours
		Organization theories	1,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students define main organization theories and define their representatives.	4 hours
	209.	Organization behavior	1, 6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can name and distinguish organization behaviour	4 hours
	210.	Perception and individual decision making	1,2,3,4,5,6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the perception of an individual inside the organization and define the process of decision making.	4 hours
2.5. Course content according to detailed curriculum schedule	211.	Group behavior	1, 5,6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually, in pairs or Socrates threes solve case studies thus presenting the appropriateness of previously acquired knowledge and presenting adopted knowledge and ideas, discuss issues.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define group behaviour and name the specifics of an formal and informal group Solved case study.	10 hours
	212.	Team work	1, 3,5,6	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe team work as a part of decision making and problem solving technique in organization. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
	213.	Motivation	1, 3, 5, 6,	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe different types of motivation. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	8 hours

				own ideas, and ways to solve		
				problems. Methods of brain storm and		
				discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.		
2	214.	Communication	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe communicational channels in organization. Seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	10 hours
2	215.	Leadership theories	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe each leadership theories and define leadership styles. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	4 hours
2	216.	Organization structures	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe different modern and traditional organization structures Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	6 hours
2	217.	Organization changes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar, students solve the case	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe organizational changes and choose between mechanisms to solve changes.	8 hours

			study.	Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	
218.	Values and job satisfaction	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar, students solve the case study.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can define and describe how individuals measure and value job satisfaction. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	8 hours
219.	Personalities and values	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. They use multimedia and network. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the values and external and internal factors of an individual in organization. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	6 hours
220.	Business politics	2,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature. Listen to the lecture and read the literature. At the seminar student individually explore the content of this topic area by searching the database and based on it and read literature students write seminar paper thus presenting the acquired knowledge and making their own ideas, and ways to solve problems. Methods of brain storm and discussion on the exposed topic is applied in the whole group.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam students can define and describe the politics and power within the organization. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	6 hours
221.	Organization culture	2,3	Listen to the lecture and read the literature.	In a colloquy or written and oral exam they can describe different organization cultures. Created and Presented seminar paper (by independent use of computer programs).	8 hours
222.	Concluding Considerations / Repeating and Preparing for Exam.		Listen to the lecture and individual preparation for the exam.		20 hours

	In accordance with the Book of Rules and the Rulebook on Student Assessment and Evaluation: for all regular students attend at least 70% attendance. Part-time students have the obligation to attend at least 50% of lectures. All students must create, present and positively colloquy seminar paper.							
3.1. Students` obligations	Students who have during the course achieved: • From 0 – 24,9% ECTS credits - is rated F (unsuccessful) and cannot get ECTS credits and must re-enrol the subject in the next academic year; • From 25 – 49,9% ECTS credits - is rated FX (inadequate) and has to come out and pass the test (exam). A written exam can be held in a regular or extraordinary exam period; • More than 50% ECTS credits - students have the right to access the final exam of the subject.							
	Students can pass the final exam in two ways: a) during the course through continuous student attendance (active participation in the lessons,, solving case studies, making and presenting the seminar paper and passing two colloquia); b) during the course (active participation in the lessons,, solving case studies, creating and presenting the seminar paper) and passing the exam (written and oral exam).							
3.2. Monitoring student work (enter the share of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS points corresponds to the credit score of the course)	Attendance		Written exam	(by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an written examination)	Project			
	Experimental work		Research	0,5	Practical work			
	Essay		Report		Continuous examination			
	Colloquium	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of a written and oral examination)	Seminar paper	0,5	Other (inscribe)			
	Class activities		Oral exam	1 (by submitting both colloquiums the student is relieved of an oral examination)	Other (inscribe)			
3.3. Student workload	The student's workload on all bases amounts to 1 ECTS point for 30 hours of work per semester and is estimated as:							
	Commitment			Hours (estimate)				
	25. Attending classes			20				
	Creating and Presenting seminar paper Preparation for the Colloquium / exam through self-study			40 50				

	Valuation Element	Poor		Satisfying			Above average	
4.1. Seminar paper grading	Organization	The paper is not organize order and its structure is l		The paper is well structured wit distinction between the introduce main part of the text and the contract of the structured with the contract of the structured with the paper is well as we		clear distinct that another clear	The paper is well-structured with a clear distinction between the introduction, the main part of the text and the conclusions that are perfectly logically linked to one another	
	Terminology, writing style	Words and phrases are lo with official terminology not appropriate, sentence modest vocabulary, and f repeated grammatical mis	Writing style is are too long, quent and terminology. The writ appropriate, the senter the vocabulary is appr		ing style is	term their excess clear, as little	Words and phrases are aligned with official terminology and show an understanding of their meaning. The writing style is excellent, the sentences are clear and concise, the vocabulary is rich and there are no grammatical errors.	
	Quoting and referencing	Sources are not specified at all. The references do not match the topic and show a superficial approach to the research topic.		Sources are listed, but incomplete and with errors. The references are appropriate for the subject and show a satisfactory research attitude.		te for construction constructio	Sources are accurate, complete and consistent. The references are appropriate, their list is "rich" and comprehensive and shows a robust research approach.	
	Pe	Poor		Satisfying		Above average		
4.2. Colloquium / exam grading	Give answer by memory, no deeper understanding. Does not know and does not apply the basic terms and concepts. Cannot apply or explain the contents of the course.		Reproduces basic terms, without difficul new knowledge, understands subject matter that the terms and the notions that substexamples.		ter, explains	logically links and explains the content of the subject, and logically links and explains the terms and concepts that it encapsulates. Find solutions that are not originally given. There is a correlation with correlative subjects.		
4.3. Creating a final grade according to evaluation elements	Active participation in the	70-75% of attendance	76-8	6% of attendance	87-10	0% of attendanc	ce Created mental map. Solved case study.	
	lessons	2 points		4 points		7 points	3 points	
	Cominon nonce	2		3		4	5	
	Seminar paper	5 points		7 points		8 points	10 points	
		2		3		4	5	
	Colloquium / written exam	50-64,9%		65-79,9%		80-89,9%	90-100%	
		25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
	Oral exam	2		3		5	5	
	Oran exam	25 points		30 points		35 points	40 points	
4.4. Creating a final grade according to absolute allocation		entage of adopted vledge, skills and	Jumerous grade	ECTS grade				

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMA	competences (teaching + final exam) 90 - 100% 5 (excellent) A 80 - 89,9% 4 (very good) B 65 - 79,9% 3 (good) C 60 - 64,9% 2 (sufficient) D 50 - 59,9% 2 (sufficient) E E		
5.1. Compulsory literature (available in the library and through other media)	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	4. 1. Robbins, S.P. i Judge, T.A.: Organizacijsko ponašanje, Mate, 2009	3	-
	2. Sikavica, P., Novak, M.: Modeliranje organizacijske strukture poduzeća, Informator, Zagreb.	3	-
5.2. Additional literature (at the moment of changes and/or amended of study programme)	1. Sikavica, P., Novak, M., Poslovno odlučivanje, Informator, Zagreb, 1999.	2	-
5.3. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of knowledge, skills and competences	The control of students' work quality and the acquisition of necessary knowledge and skills will be ensured through interactive work. It classes and provided information on students' progress through short colloquiums and homework, information for further guidance to so of their work. Students will be informed about their rights and obligations as well as the methods of work and the required literature. Indicators of quality assurance system: Student survey, monitoring of annual data from the Croatian employment service on the annual Alumni association.	tudents will be provided in order to	increase the efficiency
5.4. information on the course and contact with the teacher	It is obligatory for every student to regularly inform about the course, teaching and teaching activities. All information about teaching of pages of the course and on the web pages of the Polytechnic. Students can contact the teachers during the consultation term (at least of can be addressed during classes. It is possible to ask questions by e-mail (from the official e-mail address from the domain @ vus.ht working days from the receipt of e-mail).	ne hour per week), while brief que	stions and explanations